DOCUMENT RESUME

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NOSHY, CLAIRE A. AUTHOR

TEACHING IN TPI. VOLUME IV. A PROGRAM OF TEACHER TITLE

PREPARATION.

RESEARCH FOR BETTER SCHOOLS, INC., PHILADELPHIA, PA. INSIITUTION SPONS AGENCY

OFFICE OF EDUCATION (DHEA), RASHINGTON, D.C. BUREAU

OF RESEARCH.

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68 PUB DATE

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594P. NOTE

EDRS PRICE MF-\$2.25 HC-\$29.80 EDRS PRICE

GUIDES, *INDIVIDUALIZED INSTRUCTION, *INSTRUCTIONAL DESCRIPTORS

MATERIALS, MANUALS, PROGRAM GUILES, *TEACHING GUIDES

INDIVIDUALLY PRESCRIPED INSTRUCTION, IPI IDENTIFIERS

ABSTRACT

A PROGRAMED FORMAT IS USED HERE TO INSTRUCT TEACHERS TO WRITE A PRESCRIPTION FOR A STUDENT USING THE INDIVIDUALLY PRESCRIBED INSTRUCTION (IFI) PROGRAM. PRESCRIPTIONS ARE TO BE WRITTEN ON THE BASIS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOUT A HYPOTHETICAL STUDENT AND ON A CONTINUAL EVALUATION OF HIS WORK. PRESCRIPTIONS MAY BE CHECKED AGAINST SAMPLES PROVIDED. THE STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE BCCKLETS FOR SKILLS 1-9 ARE PROVIDED. (JY)



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TEACHING IN IPI

(A Program of Teacher Preparation)

by

Claire A. Moshy
Research Associate

Volume 4

Research for Better Schools, Inc.

Regional Educational Laboratory

James W. Becker, Executive Director

Robert G. Scanlon, Director of Instructional Systems



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Section IV

DEVELOPING A PRESCRIPTION

CASE STUDY - TYPE 3

SANDY OWENS

B-NUM.



Directions

This case study has a programmed format.

You will write your prescriptions on the basis of the information provided about Sandy and on a continual evaluation of her work. You will be able to check your prescriptions against samples provided in this case study.

The sample prescriptions represent <u>one</u> way to deal with Sandy's learning needs. The samples are not, therefore, the only way to prescribe materials. You may prefer your prescriptions to the samples, due to your gain in knowledge and experience as you have worked through the training materials.

The STS booklets for Skills 1-9 are enclosed at the end of this case study. (pg. 139)



Before you prescribe a unit Pretest, you need to gain an overview of Sandy's work to this point.

Study her Placement Profile on page 3.

Review her B-Level Placement Test, beginning on page 4.

The Unit Test Record on pages $\underline{6}$ and $\underline{7}$ will provide information about Sandy's completed unit Fretests and Posttests.



ARITHMETIC PLACEMENT SCORE PROFILE

CHOOL STAMP P. 2-3 GRADE ROOM

STUDENT NAME Sandy Owens

STUDENT NUMBER

85

MATHEMATICS P-4

KEYPUNCH SAMPLE TO P. 78 P. 17-18 P. 14-15 P. 16 MATH. AREA CODE 01 PLACED AT LEVEL % OF PLACEMENT

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NAME AND Sandy Owens 9/29

DATE_______
CLASS______

unit page 1 of 2

Skill 7 — Directions: Look at the sample box below. What number comes just before 2? Write the number on the line in front of the 2. Do the rest of the problems the same way.

SAMPLE
________, 2

 \times 41, 40 \times 99, 98 \times 34, 33

- Directions: Look at the sample box below. What number comes just after 2? Write the number on the line after the 2. Do the rest of the problems the same way.

SAMPLE 2, 3

× 59, 58 × 99, 98

60

39

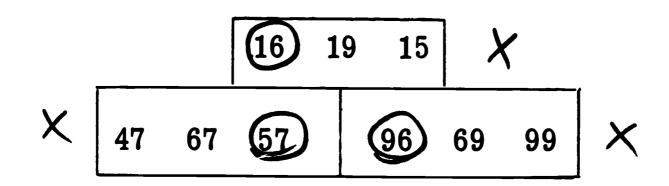
IPI Placement Test

B Numeration (01)

NAME AND Sandy NUMBER Sandy	Owens	9/29
DATE		
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unit page 2 of 2

Skill 8 — Directions: Draw a circle around the smallest number in each box below.



Directions: Put > or < in the little boxes to show which number is greater and which is lesser.



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MATHEMATICS UNIT TEST

RECORD

CLASS /

DIVISION OF MEREDITH PUBLISHING COMPANY 440 Park Avenue South, New York, N. Y. 10016 NAME

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Research for Better Schools, Inc.

individually prescribed instruction

APPLETON-CENTURY-CAPETS
DIVISION OF MEREDITH PUBLISHING COMPANY 640 Park Avenue South, New York, N. Y. 10016

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MATHEMATICS UNIT TEST RECORD

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UPDATE AND PLACE IN STUDENT FOLDER.

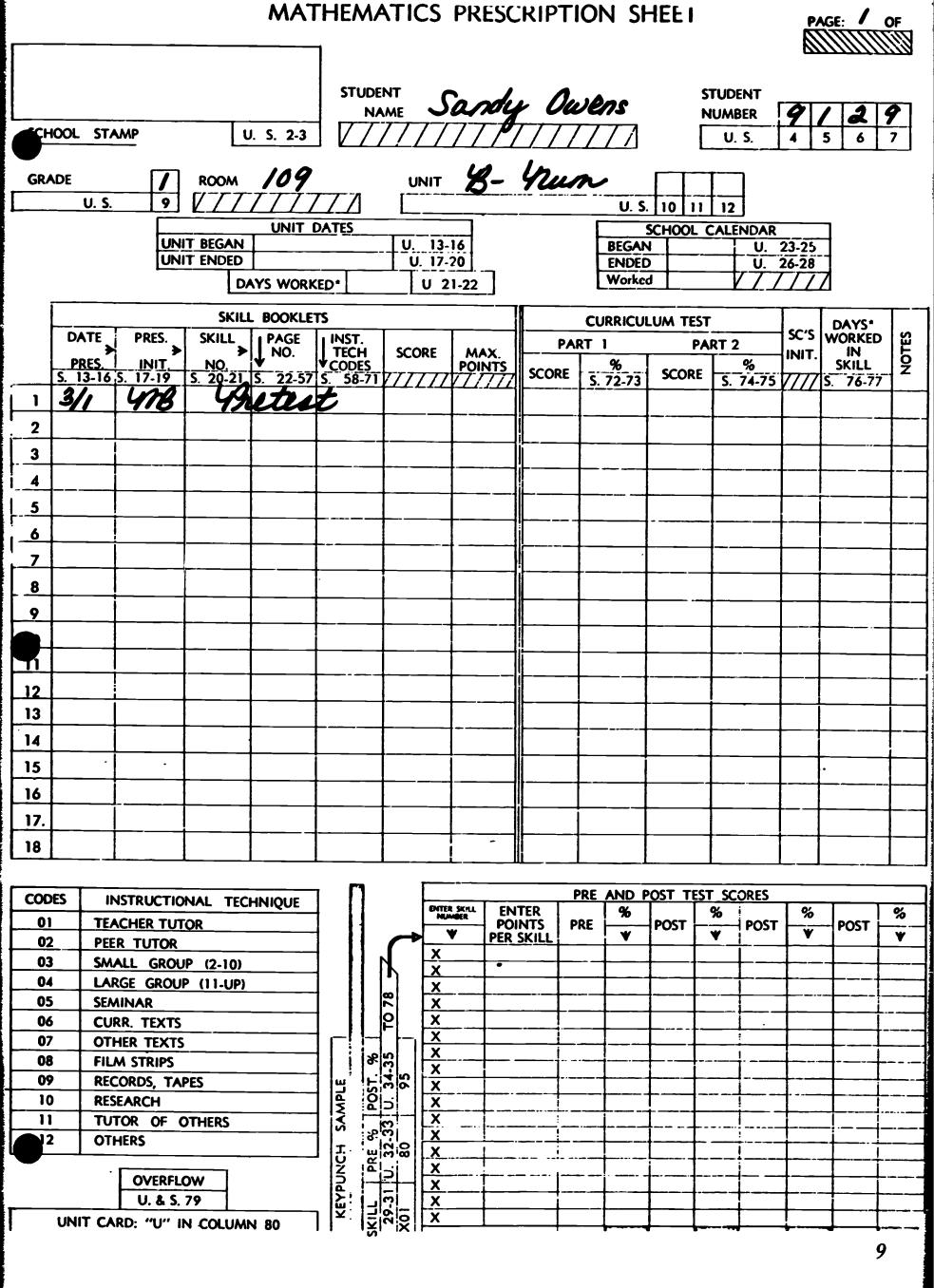
NUMBER

Based on your review of Sandy's records, you assign the Pretest for the next unit in which Sandy needs to work.

You will find a packet of blank Prescription Sheets on page 323 of this case study. Remove the first one and record the necessary information on the top of the Prescription Sheet.

Check the sample on page 9.





ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

This is a copy of Sandy's completed Pretest that has been corrected by the Aide.

In the role of the Aide, record the Pretest scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.

Identify the skills that require a prescription (under 85%) and record these skill numbers on the Prescription Sheet.

Check the sample on page 21.



, SCHOOL CODE	NAME	Sandy	Owen	8
	NUMBER _	9/29	CLASS_	/
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Pie Pa

LEVEL B
NUMERATION (01)

Developed by The Testing and Evaluation Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Richard Cox, Ph.D., Director

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



B NUMERATION (01) PRE-TEST

SKILL 1

Directions: Circle the numeral in each box

whic	h is	named	l by the	e word	l		
	o	ne			thr	ee	
1	2	3	4	3	4	7	8
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Т	3	30
	2	20
В	1	10
S B		

GO TO YOUR TEACHER THIS IS AN ORAL TEST

Teacher: Count by 1's from 1 to 100.

Teacher: Point to the listed numerals on the chart and ask the child to "Read these numerals, starting here and ending here"

> From 11 to 22 C From 34 to 46 C From 53 to 67 X From 75 to 88 X

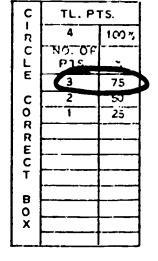
1	2	3	.4	5	6	7	8	9	10
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21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	59	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
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91	92	93	94	95	.96	97	98	99	100

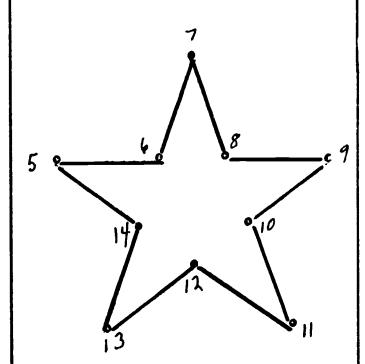
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B NUMERATION (01) PRE-TEST

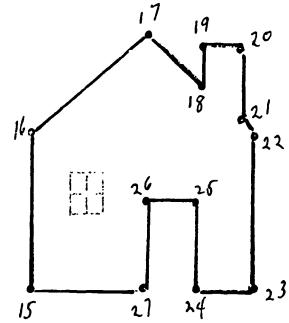
SKILL 3

Directions: Connect the dots to make a picture in each box.

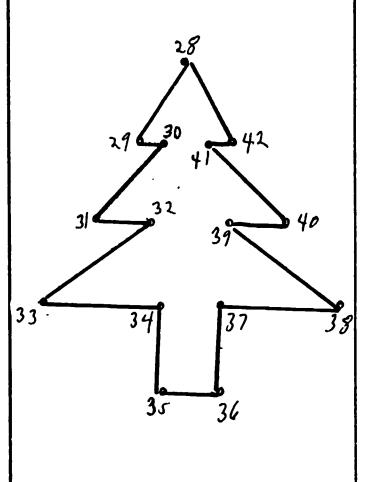




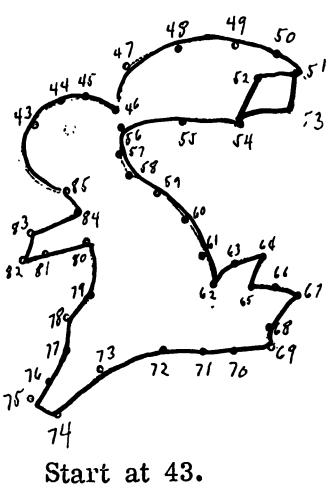
Start at 5.



Start at 15.



Start at 28.





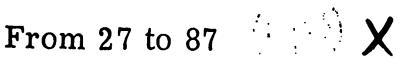
100%

GO TO YOUR TEACHER THIS IS AN ORAL TEST.

Teacher: Ask the child to count by tens.









From 46 to 96.



Directions: Count from 1 to 100, and write in the numerals.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14-	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	15	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50 X

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Could not Complete

Directions: Count backward. Write the numerals in the blanks.

82 83 84 85 86 77

Directions: Write numerals in the blanks
to tell how many sticks are in each row.
There are 10 sticks in a bundle.

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49

81

SKILL 7

Directions: Write the number that comes just after each number below.

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CLE	NO. OF PTS.	7,
E	9	90
С	8	90
ō	7	70
R	6	60
CORREC	5	3
	4	40
T	3	30
	2	20
В	1	10
B 0 X		

Directions: Write the number that comes just before each number below.

> **37**, 38 X 38, 40 **91**, 98 X 63, 62 <u>13</u>, 14

ERIC

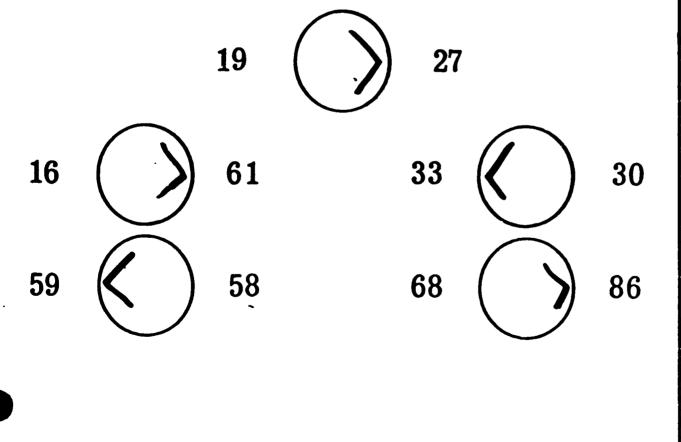
B

Directions: Draw a circle around the smallest number in each box.

	3'	7 4	7	27)	
15	19	16	96	69	99
65	56	(29)	71	49	28)

С	TL. P	TS.
R	10	100 %
C-RCLE	NO. OF PTS,	٠,٠
Ε	9	90
ا م ا	8	80
ŏ	7	70
R	6.	-60
CORREC	5	50
c	4	40
T	3	30
'	2	20
8	1	10
О В		

Directions: Write > or < in each circle to show whether the first number is greater or less than the second number.





Directions: Count from the arrows and draw a big X on the object named.

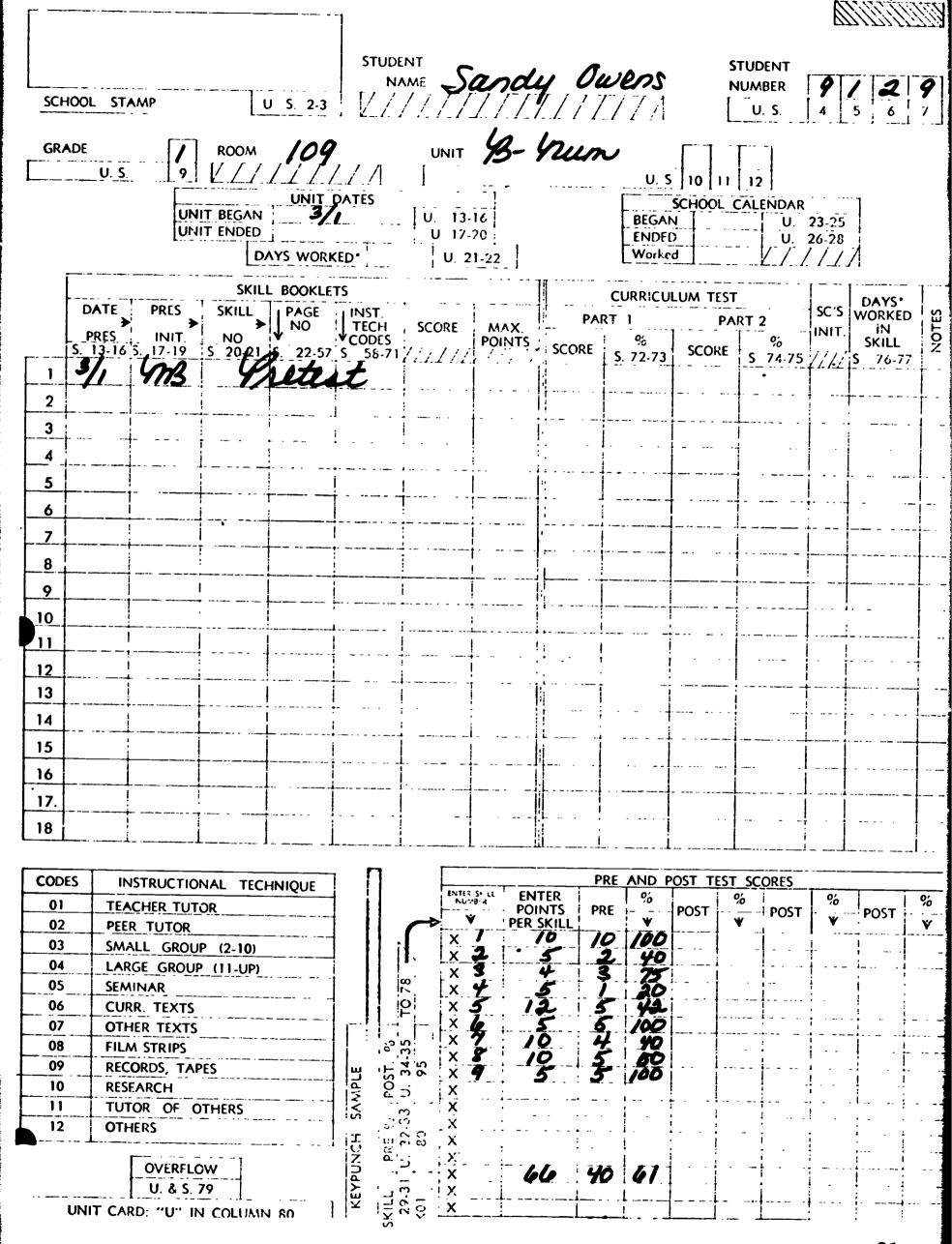


C		TS	
C I R C L E	5	100%	
I C	NO.		
Ļ	PTS.	%	
-	4	80	Ì
С	3	60	ŀ
C O R	2	40	
R	1	20	
R E C T			
Ĉ			
'			
В			
В О Х			i
<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	}	

first square—>

ninth dot -----

sixth circle ----->



Analysis of Student Behavior

A. Describe the behaviors which <u>facilitate</u> Sandy's learning:

Sandy interacts well with other students and adults; she seeks help when needed.

B. Describe the behaviors which hamper Sandy's learning:

Sandy has a record of poor achievement in testing situations and she is very uncomfortable when given a test.

C. Describe the <u>new</u> behaviors which Sandy should develop as she works with the IPI materials:

Sandy should learn to accept tests as a measure of what she needs to learn, and not as a personal evaluation.



Sta	te how your prescription will reflect the behavior analysis:
Α.	Instructional settings which involve other people will be prescribed.
В.	Prescriptions will include frequent teacher-pupil conferences with emphasis on testing situations.
c.	Particular care will be taken to emphasize Sandy's progress as she completes the diagnostic tests; prescribed materials will include skill sheets that insure Sandy's success.
Add :	itional things you want to consider:



Select the first skill in this unit requiring a prescription. Analyze Sandy's work in this skill on the Pretest (page 11). Review what Sandy must learn (last page of STS booklet). After examining all the materials available for this skill, you prescribe the following on / : Reason <u>Page</u> Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet. Estimate of time needed: _____ Check samples on pages 25-26.



You prescribed the following on 3/2:

Page Reason

Student Page Introduces skill; previews work

7 03* Counting 41 to 50; bridging provided

" " " " " " " "

*This material will be completed in a small group setting; Sandy will receive reinforcement from the five other students in the group.

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period



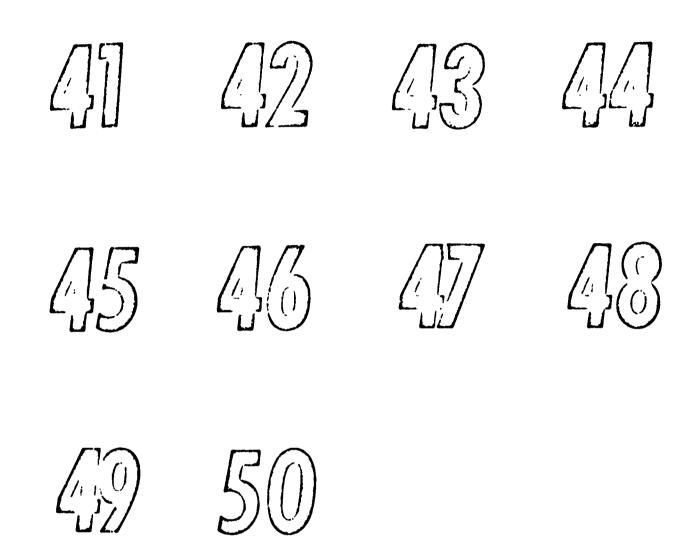
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02		PEER TO		UP (2-10)		4 1,	11	X	7	R SKILL	10	100	<u> </u>			1		<u> </u>
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05 06		SEMINA CURR. 1	AR			1 11	TO 78	^X	50 /	5	5	75 30 42	, '			-		ļ
07	7	OTHER	TEXTS			+ -! !	1-1	-, X	6	5	3	100				 		<u> </u>
08		FILM ST	TRIPS			<u> </u>	. % 4-35	X	8	10	5	50						
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Prull liest Provided by ERIC

These are the two skill sheets completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on /
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 30-31.



Here are the numerals from 41 to 50. Look at each one and say it out loud.



Read these numerals out loud and slowly. Then say them again without looking at the page.

For extra practice, do Page 14.



Page 14

Read these numerals and say them out loud.

3 4 5 6 7 13 14 15 22 23 24 25 26 8 8 33 34 35 36 41 42 43 44 45

Try to repeat them without looking at the page.



You prescribe the following on 3/3:

Page		Reason
9	12*	Saying and writing missing numerals 21-60
10		Counting 61-80

*A number chart of 1-100 will be used to focus on counting 1-80 with exposure to sequential numeration 81-100.

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: OF STUDENT STUDENT Sandy Owens NAME NUMBER SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 UNIT 43- Mum 2,3,4,5,7,8 U.S. 10 11 ROOM 109 **GRADE** UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR U. 23-25 U. 13-16 UNIT BEGAN BEGAN UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-78 Worked DAYS WORKED. U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS' **SC.2** DATE PRES. **SKILL** PAGE INST. WORKED PART 1 PART 2 TECH **SCORE** MAX. IN INIT. POINTS SCORE CODES | POINTS PRES. INIT. NO. % S. 72-73 SKILL S. 13-16 S. SCORE -5 74-75 7/// 17-19 S. 76-77 Grad Student Page 2 SS 3 ,, • 12 SS 6 8 9 10 11 <u>]2</u> 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES CODES INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE **ENTER** % ç 01 TEACHER TUTOR POINTS PER SKILL **PRE POST POST POST** Ÿ 1. 02 PEER TUTOR 100 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 03 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 05 **SEMINAR** 42 06 **CURR. TEXTS** 100 07 **OTHER TEXTS** 40 80 FILM STRIPS 50 09 RECORDS, TAPES 10 RESEARCH! X TUTOR OF OTHERS **OTHERS** 12 **OVERFLOY/**



These are the two skill sheets completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on /
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 35-36.



Read these numerals and as you say them, fill in the missing numerals.

2122 23 2425 26 27 28 29 30

31 3233343536 3738 3940

41 02 43 00 05 46 07 48 09 50

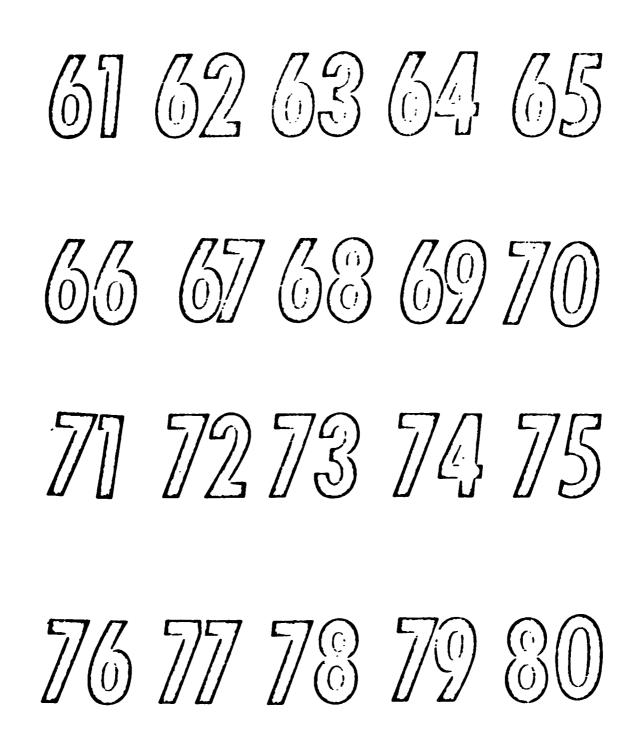
5] 52 53 54 55 56 5758 59 60

Now say all the numerals without looking at the page.



- 480 --

These are the numerals that come after 60. Read these numerals out loud.



Now read the numerals slowly over again.



You prescribed the following on 3/4:

Reason		<u>Page</u>
Reading numerals 81-100	03*	11
Writing missing numerals and reading numerals 1-100		12

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period

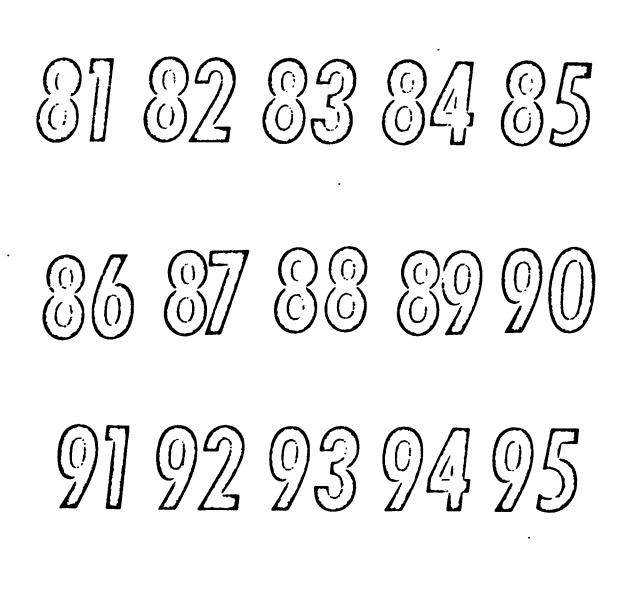


STUDENT STUDENT Sandy Owens NUMBER U. S. U. S. 2-3 SCHOOL STAMP 2,3,4,5,7,8 U.S 10 11 12 ROOM 109 **GRADE** U. S. SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT DATES U. 23-25 U. 13-16 BEGAN UNIT BEGAN U. 26-28 UNIT ENDED ENDED U. 17-20 Worked U. 21-22 DAYS WORKED! SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* NOTES PRES. WORKED 1 PAGE SKILL INST. PART 2 DATE PART 1 Ų NO. NO. TECH SCORE MAX. POINTS
S. 22-57 S 58-71 /// //// SCORE IN INIT. % SKILL PRES. INIT. _NO. SCORE 5 74-75 //// S. 76-77 **S**. 72-73 17-19 S. 20-21 Acad Student Yage 22 3 N 55 16 2 2 8 9 71 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE ENTER
POINTS
PER SKILL % ENTER SKILL NUMBER ç? POST **POST** PRE **POST** 01 TEACHER TUTOR Ÿ ١, 02 PEER_TUTOR 100 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 75 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 05 SEMINAR 42 **CURR. TEXTS** 06 X 07 **OTHER TEXTS** 40 **FILM STRIPS** 08 50 09 RECORDS, TAPES 100 RESEARCH 10 TUTOR OF OTHERS 11 12 **OTHERS** 66 40 61

These are the two skill sheets completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 40-41.



These numerals come after 80 and go to 100. Read them aloud.



96979899100

For extra practice, do Page 15.



Fill in the missing numerals and read all the numerals aloud.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
-	22						-		
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
4	/ 42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
7/	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
80	81	83	82	83	86	87	88	89	80
91	92	93	94	95	97	96	98	99	100

Repeat the numbers while <u>looking</u> at the page.

Now say them again without looking at the page.

For extra practice, do Page 16.



You prescribed the following on 3/5:

Page

Reason

16 01*

Counting 1-100; write missing numerals

*Sandy will work in a teacher tutor setting.



anningSTUDENT NAME Sandy Owens STUDENT NUMBER CHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. UNIT B- Num [] 2,3,4,5,7,8 U.S 10 11 ROOM 109 GRADE 77717771 U. S. UNIT DATES SCHOOL CHENDAR U. 13-16 UNIT BEGAN BEGAN U. 23-25 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 ENDED U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS CURRICULUM TEST DAYS* SKILL PAGE NO. SC'S WORKED DATE PRES I INST. PRES. INIT. 13-16 S. 17-10 PART 1 PART 2 TECH YCODES SCORE MAX. IN INIT. SCORE S. 74-75 7/// S. 76-77 NO. V CODES POINTS SCORE % \$. 72-73 Read Student Yage 2 155 3 11 14 4 1 12 16 155 10 20 20 6 11 20 12 3 " 16 70 11 12 13 14

CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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	15	7	<u>X</u>	·	64	40	41						



15

16

17.

18

This is the skill sheet completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the score on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages



Fill in the missing numerals and read all the numerals out loud.

Now repeat all the numerals without looking at the page.



You prescribed the following on 3/8:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

CET to determine mastery of Skill 2

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period



					STUDE	ENT S	and	'u C	iwe	ns		STUDEI NUMB!	f	9 /	2	9
SCHI	OOL ST/			U. S. 2-3	IZZ	ZZZ	7.7.7	111	//			U.	·- ; -	4 5		•. 7
GRAI	J. S.	UNI	T BEGAN IT ENDED	/09 //// UNIT E 3/1		U. 13-	2,3,	- 12 4,5,		U. S S BEGAN ENDED Worked	CHOOL	1 _ 12 C = LEN	NDAR U. 2: U. 2:			
Ī				L BOOKLET				-111	CUI	RRICUL	UM TES	 ST	1		DAYS*	<u> </u>
	DATE PRES, S. 13-16	PRES. NIT. 5. 17-19	SKILL	1 PAGE	LINST	SCORE	MAX. POINTS	SCOR	PART I			ART 2	 %	SC'S N	WORKED IN SKILL 5. 76-77	
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07 08 09	8 Fi 9 Ri	THER TEXTS ILM STRIPS RECORDS, TA RESEARCH				% 1	8/	10 10 5	5455	40 50 100						
11	1 1	TUTOR OF OTHERS			Liñ .	.000										
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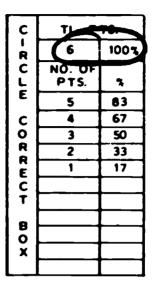
This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 48-49.



CET I

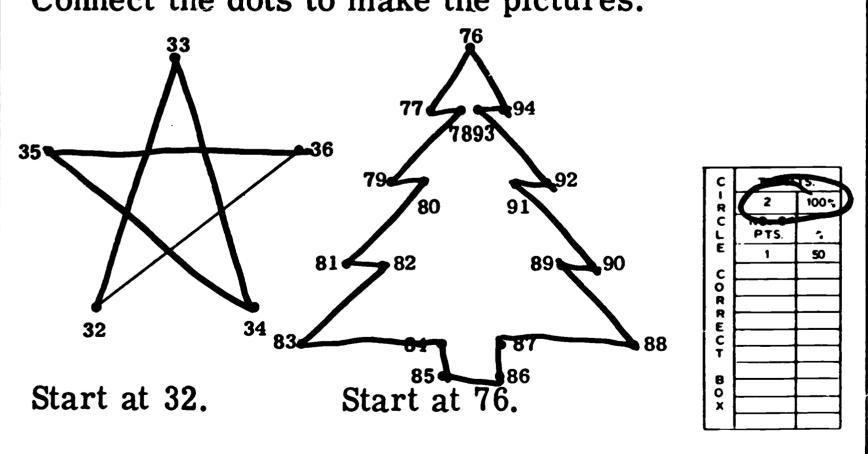
Oral Test. Read the numbers to the teacher.

7	8	9	10	11	12
21	22	23	24	2 5	2 6
45	46	47	48	49	50
69	70	71	72	73	74
83	84	85	86	87	88
95	96	97	98	99	100



Oral Test. Count from 1 to 100.

Connect the dots to make the pictures.





You prescribed the following on 3/9:

<u>Page</u>

Reason

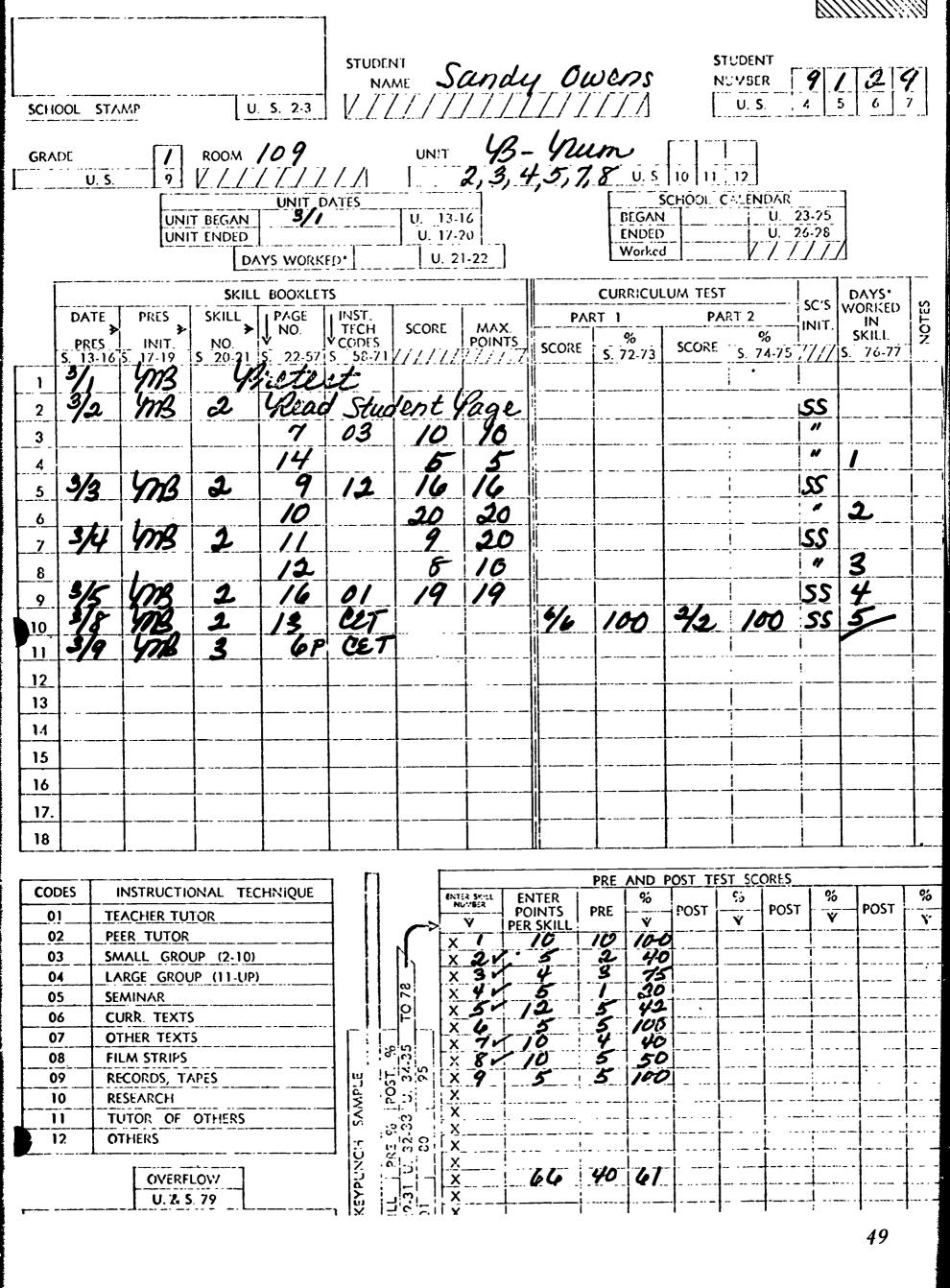
6 P*

CET to determine mastery of Skill 3

*P=Pad form of CET

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period





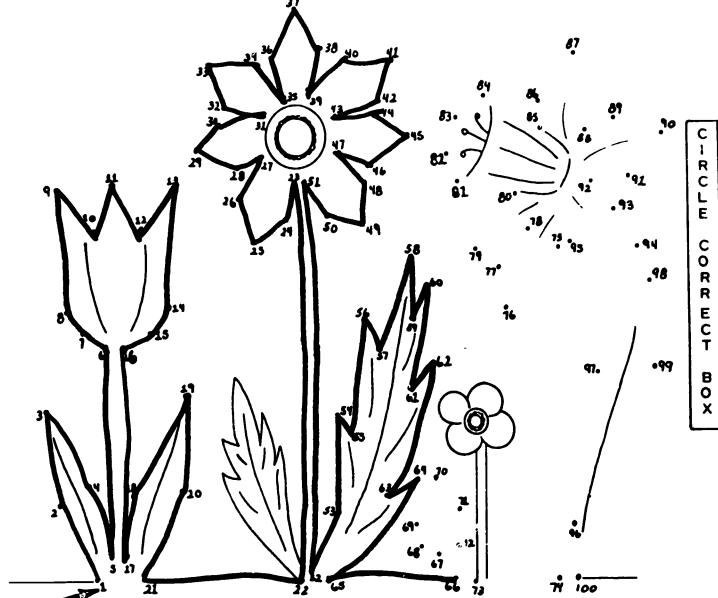
This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
F. S. Carrier S. Carri
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 52-53.



CET I

Connect the dots.



С	TL. P	TS.
₁ R	96	100%
C	NO. OF PTS	٥٧.
E	91-95	95
ا م	86-90	90
CORREC	82-85	85
R	77-81	80
R	72-76	75
E	67-71	70
+	62-66	65
	58-61	60
В	53-57	55
O X	48-52	50
L^	43-47	45
	38-42	40
	34-37	35
	29-33	30
	24-28	25
	19-23	20
	14-18	15
	10-13	10
	5-9	5
	0-4	0

See your teacher for the rest of the test.

Oral test.

- 1. Count by 10's from 5 to 85. 6K
- 2. Count by 10's from 32 to 92. X
- 3. Count by 10's from 17 to 77. X

			1
С	TL. PTS.		
R	3	100%	
ローないしゅ	NO, OF PTS.	7.	
Ε	2	67 33	
С		33	
OR			
R			
CORRECT			
Ť			
B			l
BOX			
X		<u></u>	1
	<u>. </u>		,



You prescribed the following on 3/10:

<u>Page</u>

Reason

5

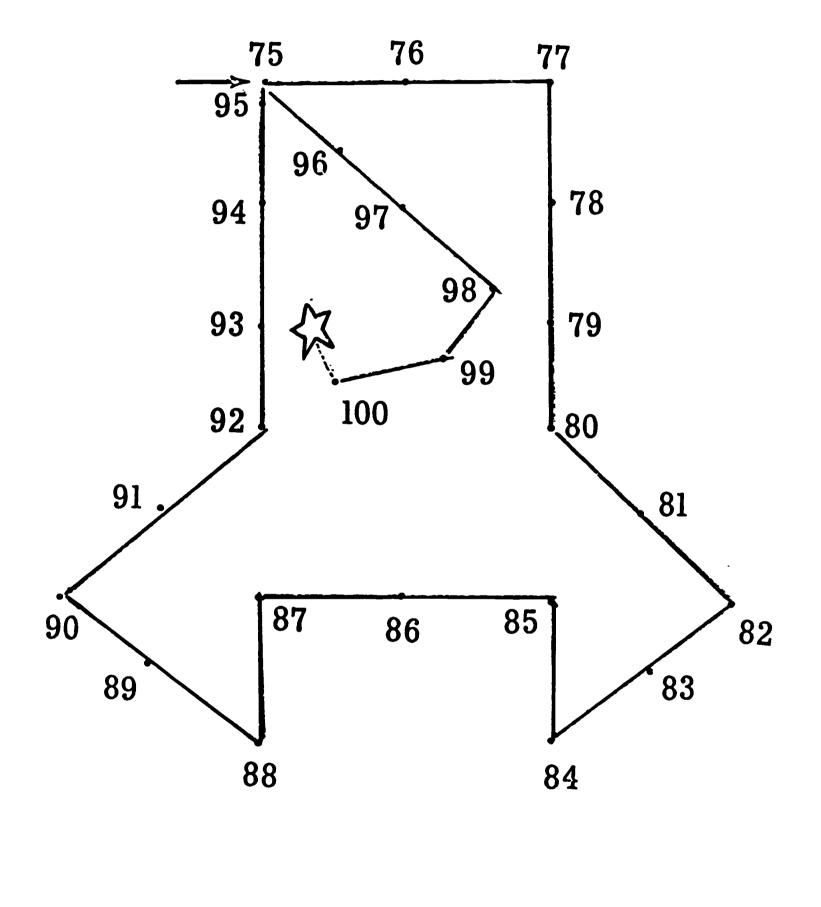
The teacher felt that the CET was visually frustrating to Sandy; she chose a representative skill sheet to be used as a CET to determine mastery of Skill 3.



STUDENT STUDENT NUMBER NAME U. S. U. S. 2-3 SCHOOL STAMP ROOM GRADE 10 | 11 U. S. SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT, DATES U. 23-25 **BEGAN** U. 13-16 UNIT BEGAN 26-28 U. **ENDED** U. 17-20 UNIT ENDED Worked U. 21-22 DAYS WORKED* SKILL BOOKLETS CURRICULUM TEST DAYS* SC'S WORKED PAGE PART 2 SKILL INST. PART 1 DATE PRES. IN INIT. Ų NÕ. **SCORE** MAX. TECH SKILL % POINTS <u>N</u>O. CODES INIT. : SCORE **SCORE** 76-77 S. 72-73 S. 74-75 S. 20-21 S. 55 11 3 11 4 2 5 11 /0 6 55 11 8 55 100 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE % **ENTER POST POST POST** PRE POINTS 01 TEACHER TUTOR PER SKIL 02 PEER TUTOR <u> 10</u> 100 40 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 03 <u>75</u> LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 04 20 SEMINAR 05 5 **CURR. TEXTS** 06 34-35 07 OTHER TEXTS 50 FILM STRIPS 80 SAMPLE POST. 09 RECORDS, TAPES 10 RESEARCH % EE 11 TUTOR OF OTHERS PRE 9 12 **OTHERS** 40 6 OVERFLOW U. & S. 79

This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandala Busana as
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 56-57.

Start from the arrow and follow the number trail to the star.



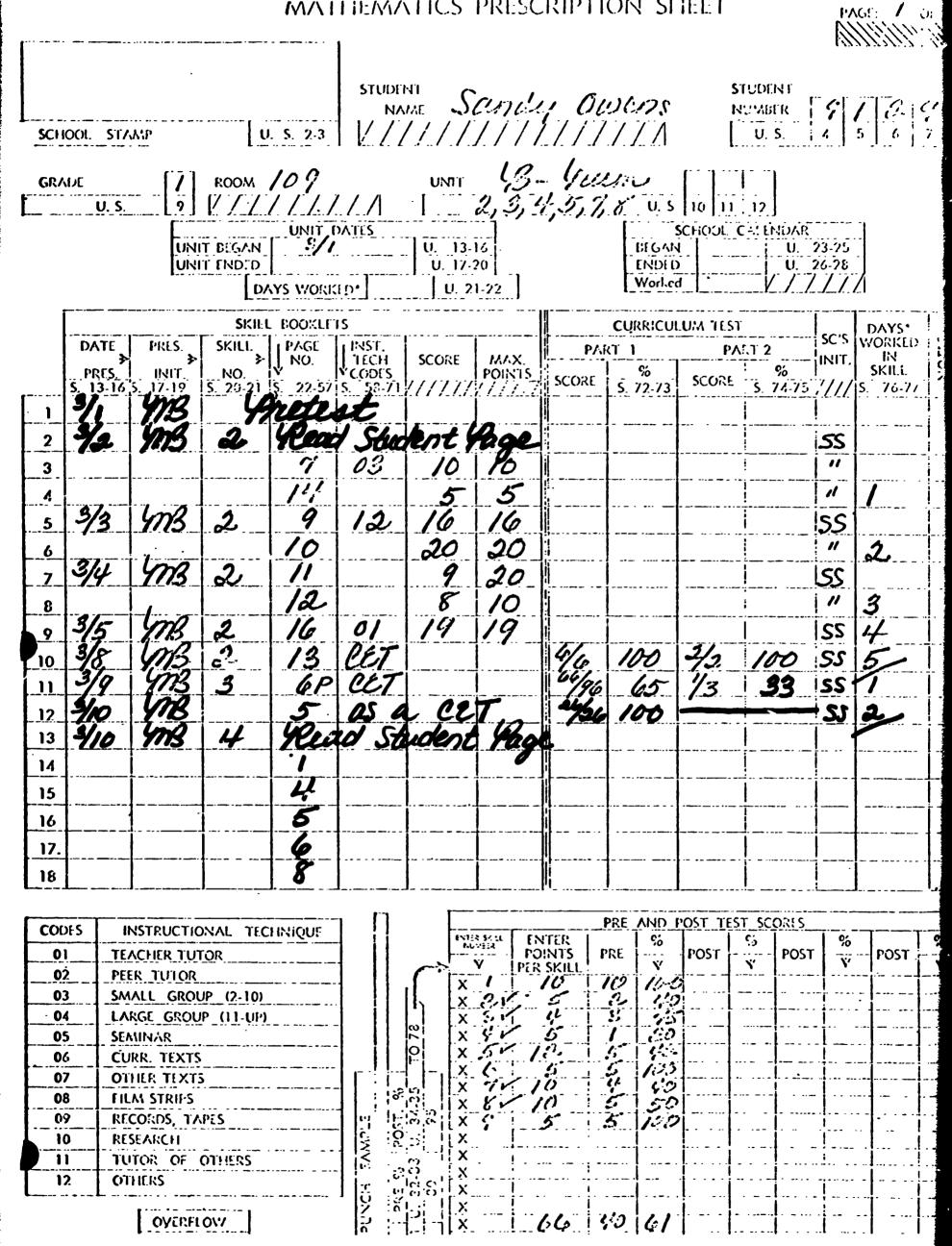


You prescribed the following on 3/10:

Page	Reason
Student Page	Introduces skill; previews work
1	Counting by 10's to 100
4	Counting by 1's from 30-40 and by 10's from 10-40
5	Counting by 1's from 28-38 and by 10's from 28-98
6	Using a number chart to count by 10's from 1-50
8	Counting by 10's in short sequences

Estimate of time needed: 2 class periods







These are the five skill sheets completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 60-62.



Say each number as you count by 10's.

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

Count by 10°s to 100. Fill in the spaces.

10, <u>20</u>, 30, <u>40</u>, <u>50</u>, 60, <u>70</u>, <u>80</u>, 90, <u>100</u>

Count by 10's to 100. Fill in the spaces.

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

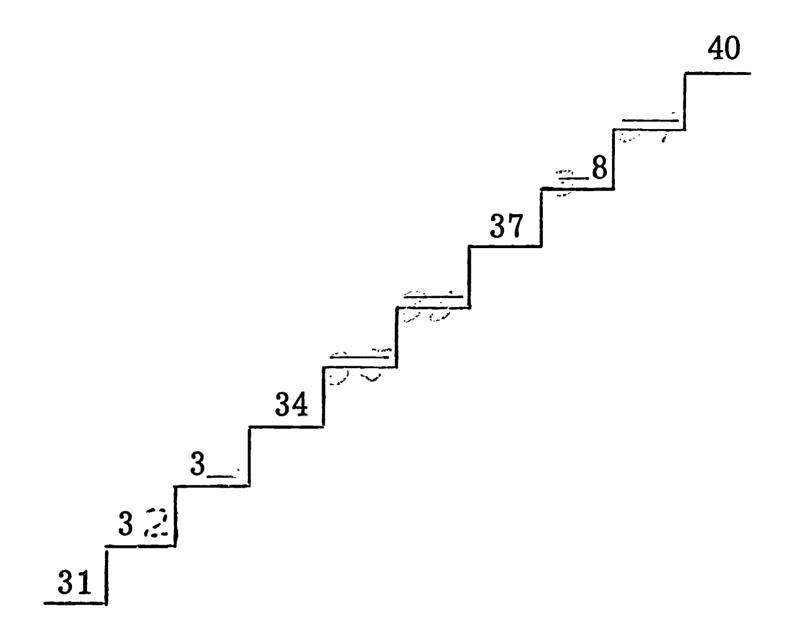
Count by 10's to 100. Fill in the spaces.

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

TOTAL	NUMBER
POINTS	CORRECT
21	21

LEVEL	UNIT	SK!LL	PAGE
В	01	4	1

Count by 1's from 30 to 40, and fill in the spaces.



Count by 10's from 10 to 40.

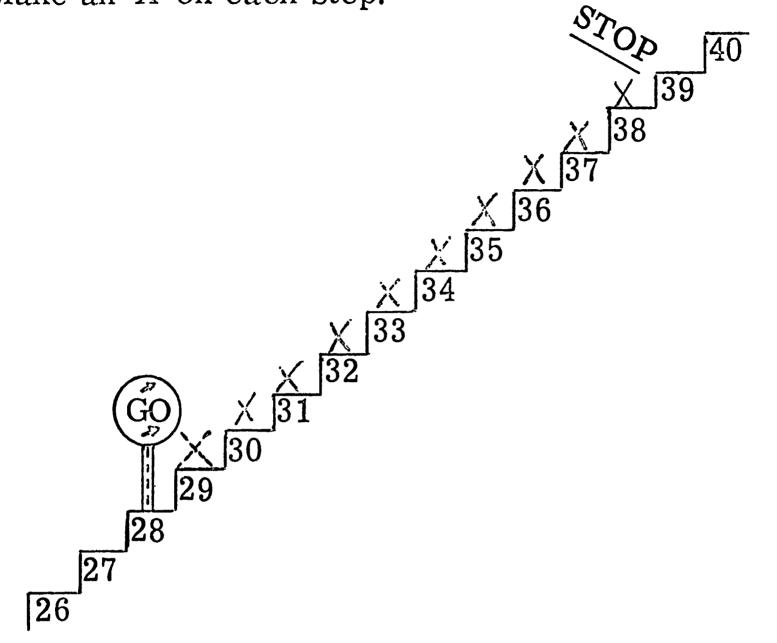
10, 20, 30, 40

For more practice, do Page 11.

TOTAL	NUMBER
POINTS	CORRECT
10	10

LEVEL	UNIT	SKII.L	PAGE
В	01	4	4

Start from step 28, and count by 1's to step 38. Make an X on each step.



For more practice, do Page 12.

TOTAL STAICS	NUMBER
19	19

1			Į
B 0:	1 4	5	



What numerals are between the :: 's?
Write them here.

4, 14, 34, 公

What numerals are between the O's? Write them here.

9,19,29,39,49

For more practice, do Page 13.

TOTAL	NUMBER
POINTS	COPRECT
8	8

LEVEL.	0.411	SKILL	PAGE
В	01	4	6



Count by 10's and fill in the blanks.

10, <u>20</u>, <u>30</u>, <u>40</u>, <u>50</u>, 60, <u>70</u>, <u>80</u>, <u>90</u>, 100

For more practice, do Page 15.



You prescribed the following on 3/11:

<u>Page</u>

Reason

Teacher Page 12 The teacher made a skill sheet that Sandy will use to count by 10's

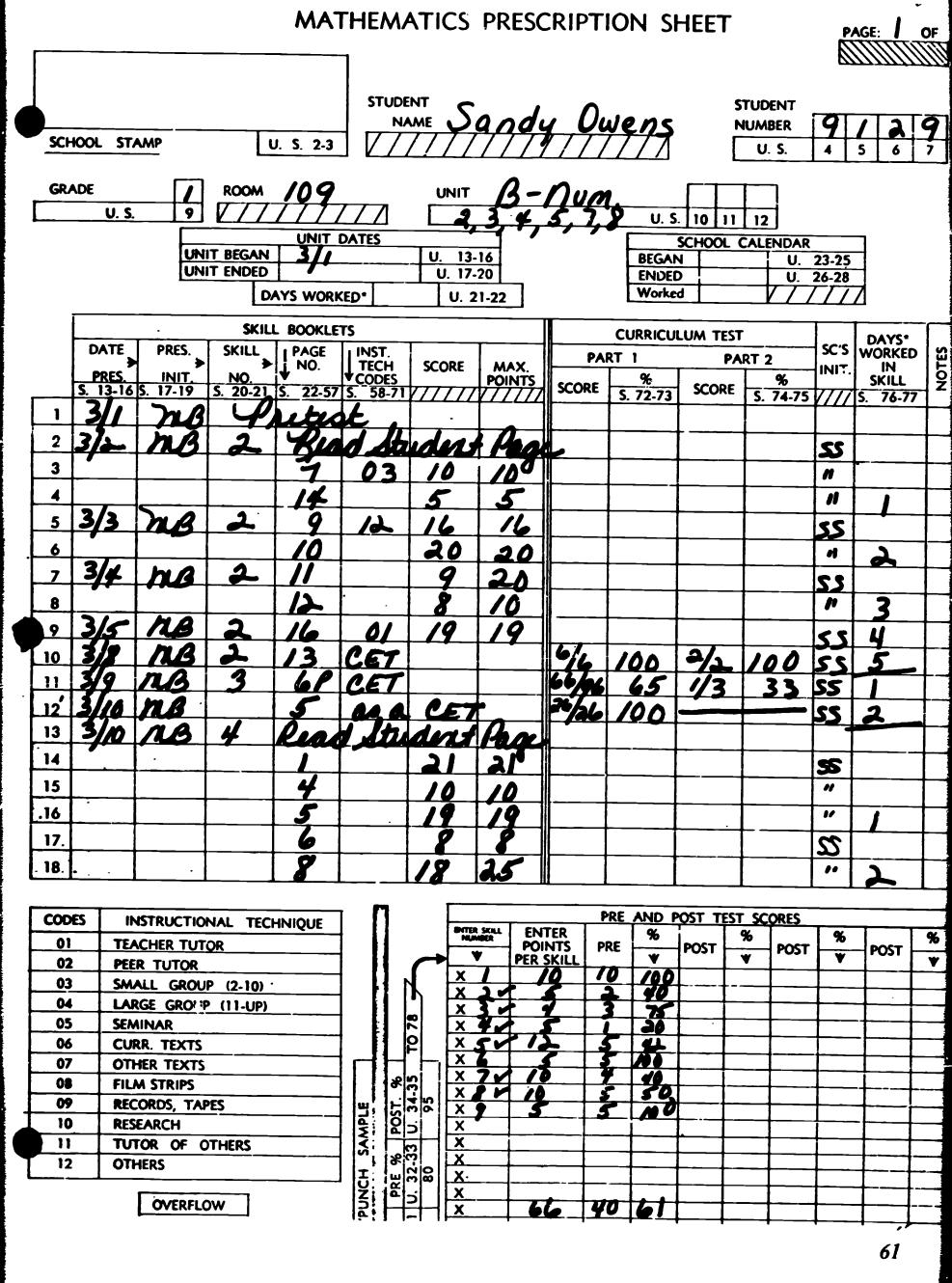
from varied points in written and

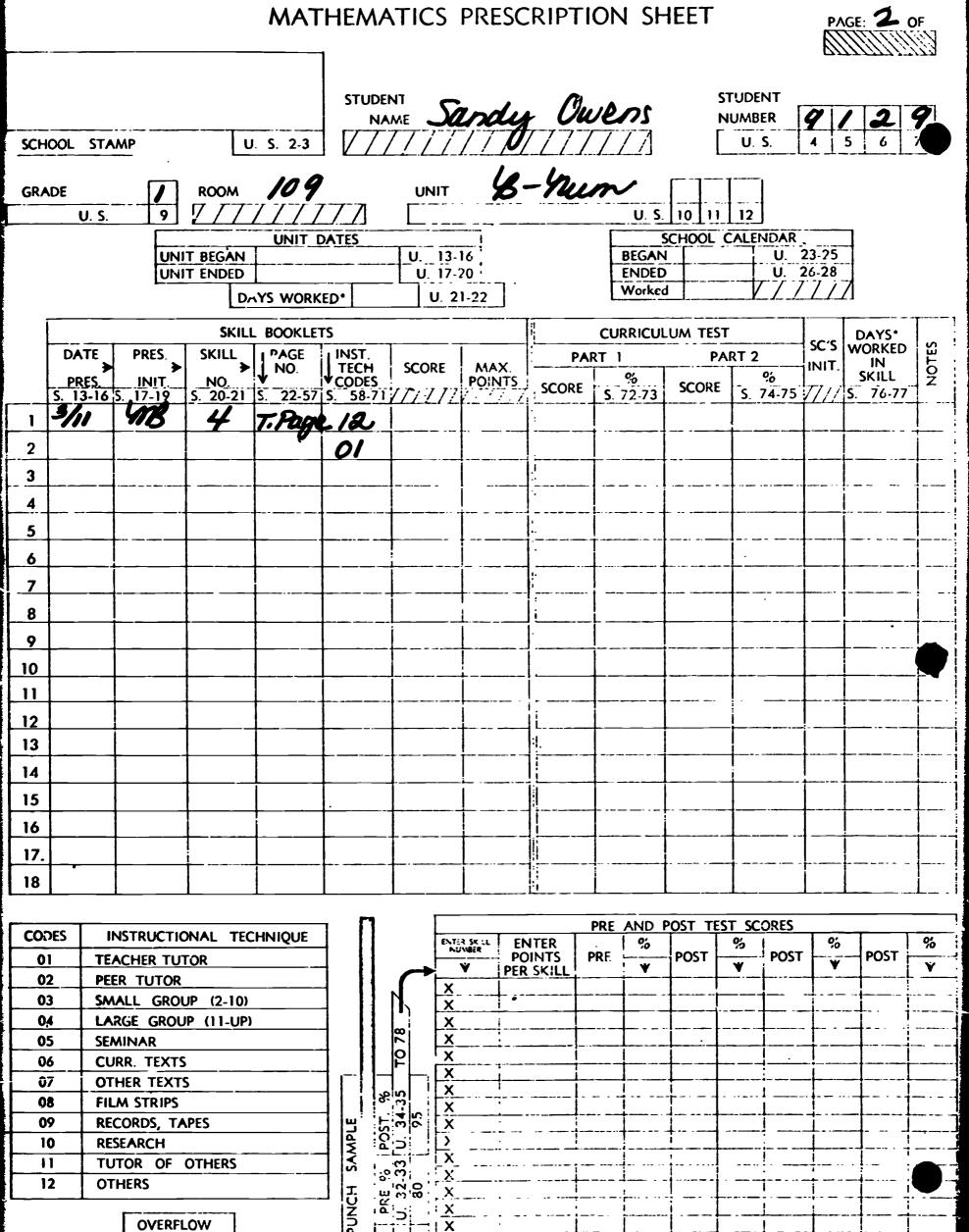
oral form.

01 Sandy will be tutored by the teacher before completing the material.

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period









This is the skill sheet completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 65-66.



Name Sandy Owens

Count by 10's and fill in the blanks.

- 16 26 36 45
- 23 33 43 53 63 73 83 93
- 38 <u>48</u> <u>58</u> <u>68</u> <u>78</u> <u>88</u> <u>98</u>
- 77 87 97

ERIC

- 51 <u>61 71 81 91</u>
- 19 29 39 49 59 69

Say each line to the Aide.

ox/eam

You prescribed the following on 3/12:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

10 CET to determine mastery of Skill 4.

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE 2 OF NAME Sandy OWERS STUDENT 9129 NUMBER U S 2-3 SCHOOL STAMP ROOM 109 UNIT **GRADE** UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR U 23-25 U. 13-16 UNIT BEGAN U. 17-20 U. 26-28 UNIT ENDED ENDED ! Worked U. 21-22 CURRICULUM TEST SKILL BOOKLETS PART 1 PART 2 INIT CORE | % SCORE | 5 74-75 //// SC'S WORKED DATE PRES. SKILL PAGE INST. PRES. INIT. NO V CODES 5. 13-16 | 5. 17-19 | 5. 20-21 | 5. 22-57 | 5 | 58-71 ////// IN: INIT MAX. POINTS SKILL SCORE S 76-77 22 2 4 5 6 8 11 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES % **ENTER** POST **POST POST POINTS** PER SKILL ပ

QUE



This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on <u>both</u> parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 69-70.



į

CET I

Your teacher will give you this test.

- 1. Count by 10's from 2 to 82.
- 2. Count by 10's from 26 to 76.
- 3. Count by 10's from 17 to 97.
- 4. Count by 10's from 43 to 93.

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7
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Write the missing numerals, counting by 1's.

3,	_4	, 5,	6,	7,	8
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Write the missing numerals, counting backward by 1's.

7,	6,	,	•	3,	,	1
•					 ,	

Ċ	TL. P	TS.	
R	30	100%	
C-RCLE	NO. OF PTS.	%	
E	29	97	
C	28	93	
CORRECT	27	90	
R	26	87	
E	25	83	
c	24 23	80	
T	23	77 73	
D	22	73	
B 0	21	70	
X	20	67	
	19	63	ŀ
	18	60	
	17	57	l
	16	53	
	14 13	50	D
	14	47	
	13	43	
	12	40	
	12	37	
	10	33	
	9	33 30 27	
	8	27	
	7	23	
	6	20	
	5 4 3	17	
	4	13	
	3	10	
	1	7	
	1	3	



You prescribed the following on 3/15:

Page	Reason
Student Page	Introduces skill; previews work
10	Counting backward; writing numerals in reverse order
12	Writing numerals in reverse order, 79-65
14	Writing numerals in reverse order, 100-1, with written clues

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE 2-OF

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These are the three skill sheets completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on /
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 75-76.



Page 10

Can you name the number that is one less than 6?

one less than 11?

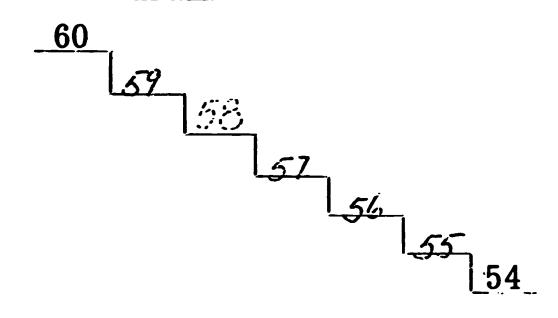
one less than 10?

one less than 29?

Now count backward and write the missing numbers.

33 32. 31 30 29 28

And then count down the number stairs.

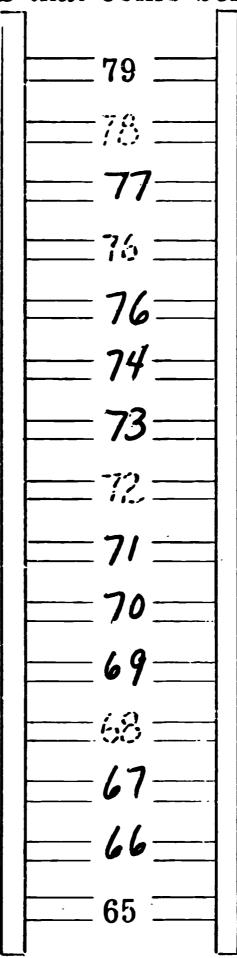


For extra practice, do Page 20.

Page 12

See if you can climb down this ladder.

Write the numerals that come before 79.



For extra practice, do Page 21.

Page 14

Fill in the chart, counting backward from 100.

100	99	90	97	96	95	94	93	92	91
90	39	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81
80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	7.2	7/
70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61
60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51
50	49	HO O	47	46	45	4-1	43	42	4/
40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	<i>3i</i>
30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21
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10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

For extra practice, do Page 22.



You prescribed the following on 3/16:

<u>Page</u>	<u> keason</u>

15 CET to determine mastery of Skill 5

Estimate of time needed:



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O'VERFLOW

This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the followin on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet. Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 79-80.



CET I

Fill in the missing numerals, counting forward.

Fill in the missing numerals, counting backward.

	_	
m 「0⊿-0	TL P	TS.
Ŕ	27	100%
С	NO. OF	
۲	PTS	٠,
	26	96
С	25	93
CORRECT	24	89
R	23	85
E	22	81
С	21	78
T	20	74
8	19	70
ŏ	18	67
X	17	63
	16	59
	15	56
	14	52
	13	48
	12	44
	11	41
		37
	9	33
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	7	26
	6	22
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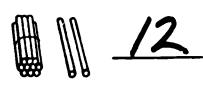
Write the numeral on the line that tells how many sticks are in the picture.

There are 10

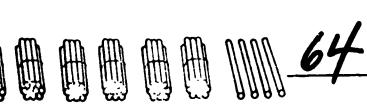
sticks in each

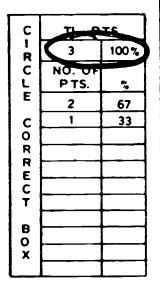
bundle.

ERIC











You prescribed the following on 3/16:

Page

Reason

13 06*

Writing numerals in reverse order; 64-49, 90-83

*The classroom math workbook has a reverse order numeral chart which Sandy can use to correct her work.

Estimate of time needed: 30 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET



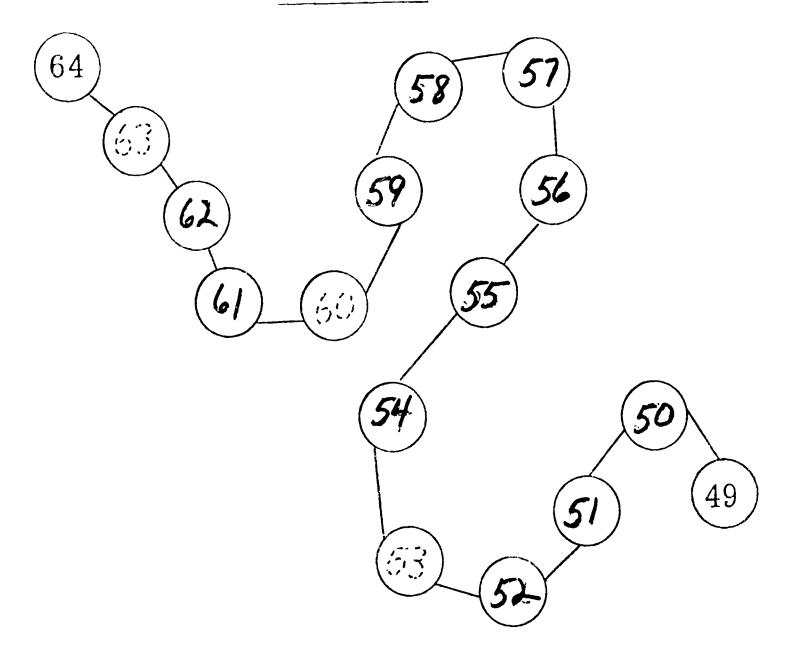
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This is the skill sheet completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 83-84.



Number this chain backward from 64.



What numerals come before 90?

90, <u>89</u>, <u>88</u>, <u>87</u>, <u>86</u>, <u>85</u>, <u>84</u>, 83



You prescribed the following on 3/16:

Page

p. 74 - "One By One" - 06

Reason

Counting in reverse order from varied points

MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET STUDENT STUDENT Sandy Owens **NUMBER** U. S. U. S. 2-3 HOOL STAMP B-nun ROOM UNIT ADE U. S. 10 11 12 .U. S. SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT DATES UNIT BEGAN BEGAN U. 23-25 U. 13-16 26-28 **ENDED** U. 17-20 UNIT ENDED Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* SC'S WORKED PRES. SKILL PAGE INST. DATE PART 1 PART 2 IN INIT. **SCORE TECH** MAX NO. SKILL PRES. S. 13-16 S. % POINTS % INIT. 17-19 NO. ₩ 20-21 S. **SCORE SCORE 22-57** S. **S. 72-73** S. 74-75 **S**. 76-77 12 **5**5 01 4/4 100 CET 55 50 22 N 11 15 86 416 1921 **SS** 70 100 416 55 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **DES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE DATES SKILL **ENTER** % % **POST POST** PRE **POST POINTS** 01 **TEACHER TUTOR** PER SKILL 02 PER TUTOR 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) SEMINAR 05 06 **CURR. TEXTS** X 07 **OTHER TEXTS 08** FILM STRIPS X S RECORDS. TAPES 99 X

X



10

RESEARCH

This is the skill sheet completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aic	de.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription	Sheet
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on /	:
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>	
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.	
Estimate of time needed:	
Check complex on pages 87-85.	



Name Sandy Overs

GET "ONE BY ONE" FROM THE MATH SHELF. TURN TO PAGE 74 AND DO THESE PROBLEMS. WRITE YOUR ANSWERS BELOW:

- 1. 80 79 78 17 76
- 2. 97 96 95 94
- 3. 51 50 49 48 47 46
- 4. 12 11 10

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

5. 72 71 70 69

You prescribed the following on 3/17:

<u>Page</u> Rea	son
-----------------	-----

23 CET II to determine mastery of Skill 5

Estimate of time needed: 25 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: LOF

		STUDENT Sandy Owens	STUDENT NUMBER	9		2	9
SCHOOL STAMP	U. S. 2-3		U. S.	4	5	6	7

GRADE / ROOM 109 UNIT 8-924 U. S. 10 11 12

UNIT DATES

UNIT BEGAN U. 13-16

UNIT ENDED U. 17-20

DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22

SCH	OOL CALENDAR
BEGAN	U. 23-25
ENDED	U. 26-28
Worked	V////

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			SKIL	L BOOKLE	TS				CURRICU	LUM TEST	•		DAYS*	1
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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUYOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

r]			PRE	AND I	POST TE	EST SC	ORES			
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This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Shee
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you pre cribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of 'time needed:
Cheek samples on pages 893-90.



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: 2 OF

STUDENT Sandy Owens STUDENT NUMBER 9 1 2 9

SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3

GRADE / ROOM 109 UNIT B-NUM U.S. 10 11 12

UNIT BEGAN U. 13-16
UNIT ENDED U. 17-20

DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22

SCHOOL CALENDAR								
BEGAN	U. 23-25							
ENDED	U. 26-28							
Worked	V / / / / /							

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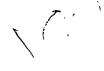
CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 918-92.

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MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

STUDENT Q / 2 Q

SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3

NAME Sandy OWENS

STUDENT

NUMBER 9 / 2 9

U. S. 4 5 6 7

GRADE / ROOM 109
U. S. 9 //-////

UNIT B-num

U. S. 10 11 12

| UNIT DATES | U. 13-16 | UNIT ENDED | U. 17-20 | DAYS WORKED* | U. 21-22 |

SCHOOL CALENDAR							
BEGAN	U. 23-25						
ENDED	U. 26-28						
Worked	V / 7 / / /						

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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 95-97.



CET I

Write the numeral that comes after the numeral shown.

11 17 44 45 67 68 89 90

Write the numeral that comes before the numeral shown.

13 14 54 55 77 78 79 80

C	TLE	IS
CIRCLE	(14)	100%
C	No.	
Ĕ	PTS.	%
E	13	93
С	12	86
0	11	79
R	10	71
K	9	64
CORRECT	8	57
T	171	50
	6	43
B 0	5	36
X	4	29
	3	21
	2	14
	1	7

Write the numeral that comes between the numerals shown.

9 /0 11

81 87 83

24 25 26

96 **97** 98

59 *60* 61

Draw a > or < in the circle to show which of these numerals is smaller.

9	\bigcirc	2 9	>
12	(4)	6	×
13		32	X
65		56	X
78		74	X
82		12	1

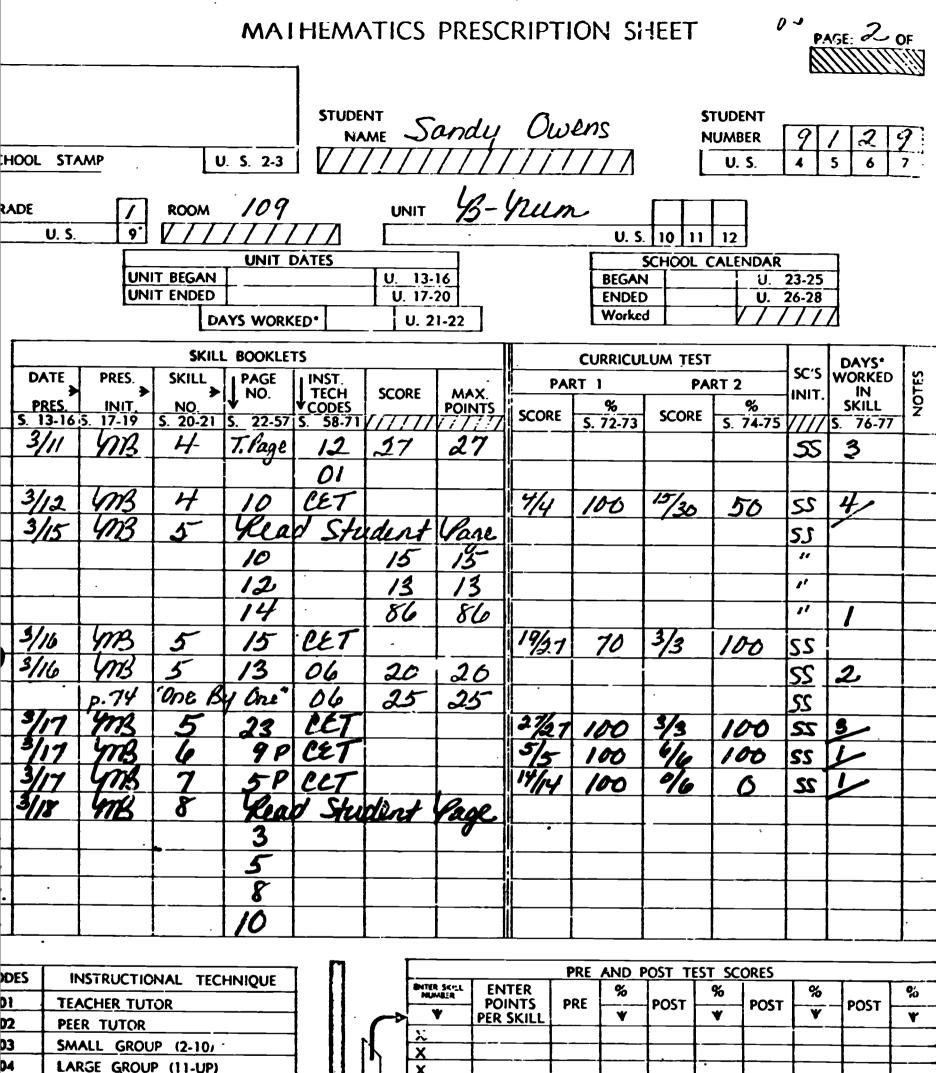
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R	6	100%		
ローない」	NO. OF PTS.	*		
E	5	83		
c	4	67		
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You prescribed the following on 3/18:

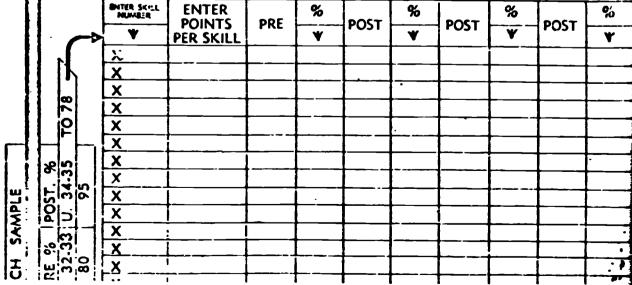
<u>Page</u>	Reason
Student Page	Introduces skill; previews work
3	Writes symbol for "less than"
5	Uses < to order two numbers
8	Writes symbol for "greater than"
10	Use > to order two numbers
12	Writes < and > to order numbers

Estimate of time needed: 2 class periods





DES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE	т [7			PRE	AND	F
	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE	1 1	i	BATER SCILL	LITTER		%	
D1	TEACHER TUTOR	1 1	•	-	POINTS	PRE		_
02_	PEER TUTOR	1 1	1	->	PER SKILL		₩	_
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)	1 [11	X	 		 	_
D4	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)		1 17	X			†	-
35	SEMINAR	1	1 2	X				_
D5	CURR. TEXTS	1		X				
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MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET STUDENT **STUDENT** NAME Sandy OWERS **NUMBER** SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. 109 **ROOM** GRADE UNIT U, S. U. S. 10 11 12 **UNIT DATES** SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN **BEGAN** U. 23-25 U. 13-16 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* SC'S NOTES WORKED DATE PRES. SKILL **PAGE** INST. PART 2 PART 1 NO. TECH CODES IN **SCORE** MAX. INIT. INIT. 17-19 % **SKILL** % NO. | V | CODES | 20-21 | S. | 22-57 | S. | 58-71 | / / / **POINTS SCORE SCORE** S. 74-75 S. 72-73 S. 76-77 2 3 4 5 6 8 Ģ 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE % **ENTER** % 01 **TEACHER TUTOR** POINTS PRE **POST POST POST** ¥ PER SKILL 02 PEER TUTOR SMALL GROUP (2-10) 03 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 05 SEMINAR 06 **CURR. TEXTS** POST. % 07 **OTHER TEXTS** 08 FILM STRIPS X WAPLE 09 RECORDS, TAPES X 10 RESEARCH X 12 **OTHERS**



OVERFLOW

These are the five skill she the Aide.	ets completed by Sandy and corrected by
In the role of the Aide, red Sheet.	ord the scores on Sandy's Prescription
After analyzing Sandy's work	, you prescribe the following on / :
Page	Reason
Record this on Sandy's Pres	cription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed: _	
Check samples on pages 104-	1 06.



Page 3

< means less than.

4 is less than 6.

So 4 (6.

Read this as "four is less than 6."

Put a < in the circle.

3 is less than 5.

So $3 \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right) 5$.

Write the words in the blanks.

2 < 4 means

2 is less than 4.

Page 5

Which number of each pair is bigger? Write an answer using <.

Put your answers here.

41 22

22 (4)

62 74

62 < 74

97 99

97 4 99

14 12

12 / 14

47 74

47 4 74

10 100

10 4 100

87 77

77 1 87

Fill in the correct symbol or word.

> means greater than.

7 is greater than 2.

Read this as "seven is greater than 2."

Put > in the circle.

6 is greater than 3.

4 > 1 means

With both < and >, the smaller end points toward the smaller number.



Which number of each pair is bigger? Write an answer using >.

Put your answers here.

72 74

74 > 12.

88 83

87 > 83

13 31

31 > 13

97 93

97 > 93

11 100

100 > 11

45 46

46 7 45

0 10

1070

Put > or < in the \bigcirc .

For extra practice, do Page 21.



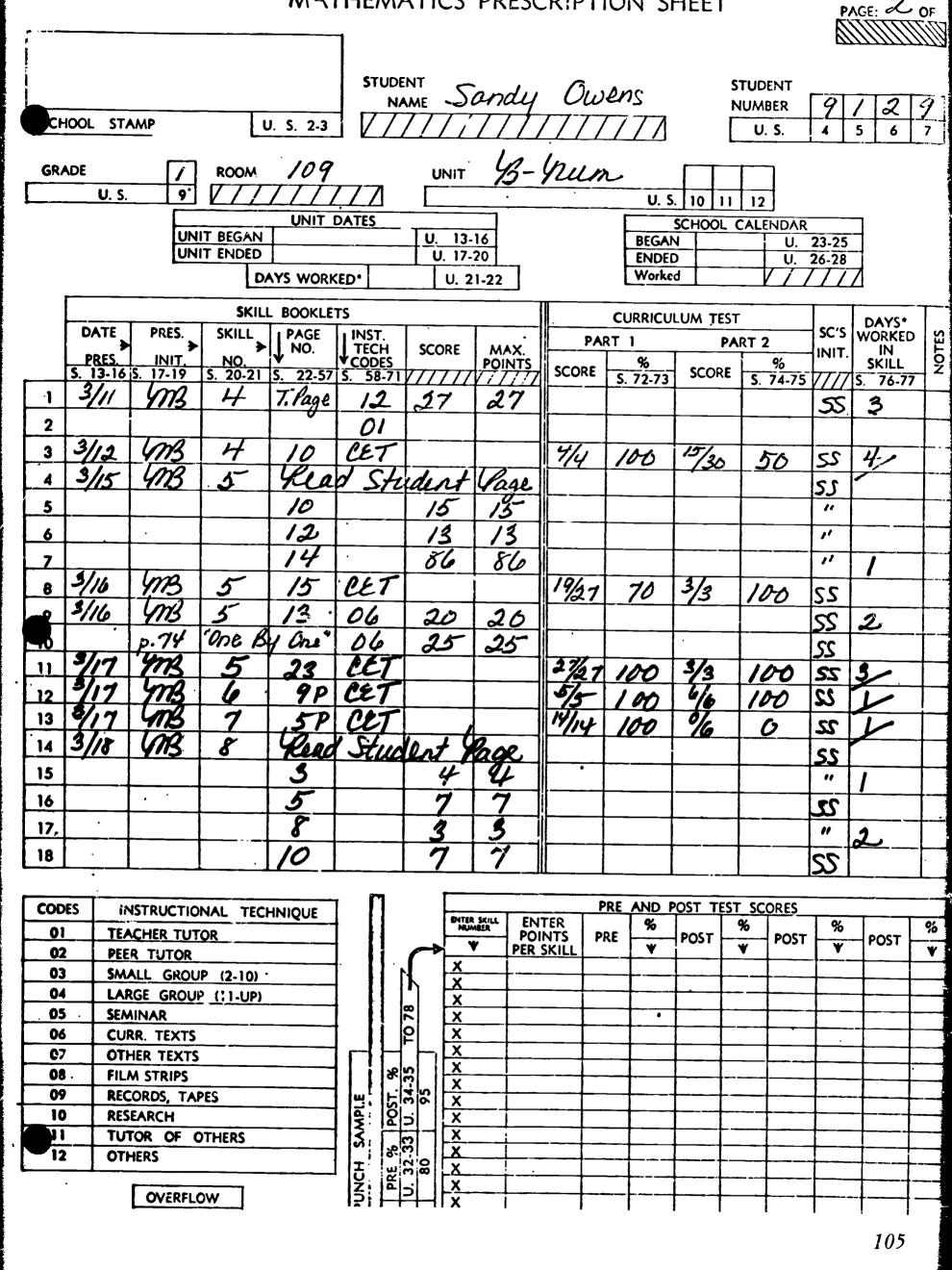
You prescribed the following on 3/21:

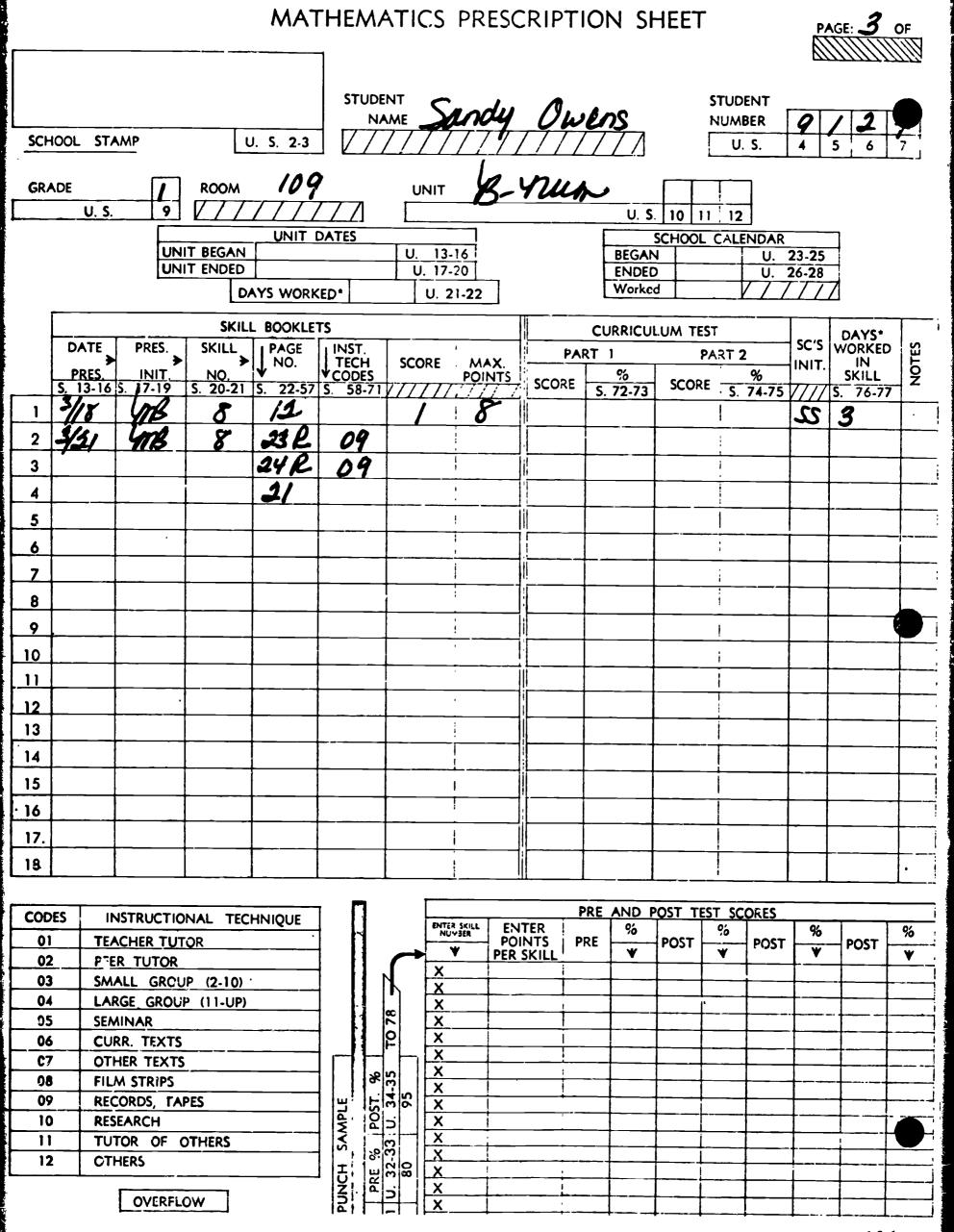
Page		Reason
23 R	09*	Write > and < to order numbers; makes sentences using these symbols
24 R	09*	Makes true sentences by writing the and > symbols
21		Orders two numbers by writing < and >

*Math discs with accompanying skill sheets.

Estimate of time needed: 2 class periods









These are the three skill sheets completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.	
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.	
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on /	;
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>	
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.	
Estimate of time needed:	
Check samples on pages 111-112.	



Get disc B - Num - 8 - 23R

- 1. 5 > 3
- 2. 3 < 5
- 3. 4 < 7
- 4. 6 > 2
- 5. 7 \(\) 5

 \times 6. $\frac{5}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 6. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 7. $\frac{3}{4}$ \times 9

Name______ Date____ Room____ 10 4

Put or < in the boxes to make the sentences true.

- 1. 7 9
- 2. 12 > 8
- 3. 24 27 X
- 4. 19 (13X
- 5. 87 **3** 83 X
- 6. 12 < 36
- 7. 100 > 51
- 8. 63 **42 X**
- 9. 21 77X

Page 21

Put < or > in the circle.



You prescribed the following on 3/23:

Page
Reason

Teacher Page 12
Sheet that Sandy will use to write the \(\) and \(\) symbols to order numbers.

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET **STUDENT** STUDENT Landy Owens **NUMBER** SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. B-4run **ROOM** UNIT GRADE U. S. U. S. 10 UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN U. 13-16 **BEGAN** U. 23-25 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BCOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* SC'S DATE PRES. WORKED **SKILL** 1 PAGE INST. PART 1 PART 2 Ų NO. TECH IN **SCORE** MAX. INIT. **★**CODES % SKILL PRES. INIT. **POINTS SCORE SCORE** 20-21 S. 22-57 S. 58-71 V S. 74-75 //// S. 13-16 S. 17-19 5. 72-73 S. 76-77 δ 09 2 4 3 09 <u> 22</u> 5 4 6 8 70 11 12 13 14 15 .16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE ENTER SKILL NUMBER **ENTER PRE** 01 **TEACHER TUTOR POINTS POST POST POST** ¥ **PER SKILL** 02 PEER TUTOR 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) X **TO 78** <u>X</u> 05 SEMINAR X 06 **CURR. TEXTS OTHER TEXTS** 07 X ST. % 34.35 95 08 **FILM STRIPS** X POST. U. 34



09

10

RECORDS, TAPES

TUTOR OF OTHERS

OVERFLOW

RESEARCH

OTHERS

MPLE

PUNCH SAA

PRE % 1. 32-33 80

X

X

This is the skill sheet completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 115-116.



SKILL 8 Sandy Owens

Put \triangleleft or \triangleright in the circle.



You prescribed the following on 3/24:

Page	Reason
13	CET to determine mastery of Skill 8

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: 3 OF

						Ľ			77777
	STUDEN	NT ME S	andy Owk	2/2S	STUDENT NUMBER	9	/	2	9
SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2	2-3	!///	///////////////////////////////////////		U. S.	4	5	6	7
GRADE / ROOM / V / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	109	UNIT	B-4run	U. S. 10	11 12				
UN	IT DATES			SCHO	OL CALENDAR	}			

| UNIT DATES | SCHOOL CALENDAR | U. 13-16 | BEGAN | U. 23-25 | UNIT ENDED | U. 17-20 | ENDED | U. 26-28 | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worked | Worke

												,			
			SKILL	BOOKLET	rs				CURRICUL	UM TEST		CCIC	DAYS* WORKED	'S*	
	DATE >	PRES. ► INIT.	SKILL NO.	PAGE NO.	INST. TECH CODES	SCORE	MAX. POINTS	<u> </u>	RT 1	SCORE	RT 2	INIT.	IN SKILL	NOTES	
		INIT. S., 17-19	S. 20-21	5. 22-57	\$. 58-71		V/J/J/Z	SCORE	S. 72-73	SCORE	S. 74-75		S. 76-77		
1	3/18	4115	8	12			8					<i>SS</i>	3		
2	3/11	4MB	8	23P	09	5	7					22			
3_				24R	09	4	10					*	4		
4				21		8	8	<u> </u>				22	5		
5	3/23	47B	8	T.Page	12	8	8								
6				•	01			<u> </u>				5	6		
7	1/24	YMB .	8	15	CET							<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
					•										
9															
10															
11	 	ļ		ļ	<u> </u>										
12											_	<u> </u>			
13								 				<u> </u>	ļ		
14		ļ						<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
15															
16													<u> </u>		
17.															
18							<u> </u>								

CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
11	TEACHER TUTOR
(2	PEER TUTOR
(3	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

79	ł		i		PRE	AND I	POST_TE	EST SC	ORES			
	1	ſ	ENTER SKILL NUMBER	ENTER POINTS	PRE	%	POST	%	POST	%	POST	%
	1	-	*	PER SKILL	FNE	*	1031	*	1031	*	1.03.	*
		-	Χ				↓ !	<u></u>	↓ '	<u> </u>	<u> </u> !	ļ'
	 	, 1	X	<u> </u>			-	 	 		 '	
,		1 1	_X	ļ		 	 '	 	 		 '	
	2		X			↓		├ ──	 	<u> </u>	 '	<u> </u>
['			X	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	↓ '	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	↓	<u> </u>	 '
-	! ' '	 -	X	 		<u> </u>	↓ '	ļ	 		<u> </u>	
	38		X	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		 '	<u> </u>	 '	
1 1			X		<u> </u>	↓	↓ '	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	—		L J
12.	SIG	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	 '	
SAMPLE	POST. U. 34.	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
 ₹		·t1 i	X		↓	↓	-	<u> </u>	-	 	- '	
1 .	% 2.33		X	اـــــا	 	 -	-	 		 -	 	
N N N	PRE J. 32	8	X	<u> </u>	-	↓	·	 		 	 '	
ĬŽ,	دام!	1 11	<u> </u>				 '	<u> </u>		<u></u> .	1 1	



This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 119-120.



CET I

number in each group.

Circle the greatest | Circle the smallest number in each group.

18	38	83
34	21	43
57	52	59
71	84	(60)

C	71. P	TS
R	14	100%
U-RULE	PTS	3
Ł	13	93
С	12	86
CORRECT	11	79
R	10	71
Ē	9	64
č	8	57
T	7	50
	6	43
0	5	35
X		· 29
	3	21
	2	14
l	1	7

Mark greater than, > or less than, <.

3

Put a check on the fifth tree.







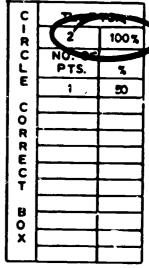






Put a check on the second leaf.





You prescribed the following on 3/24:

<u>Page</u>

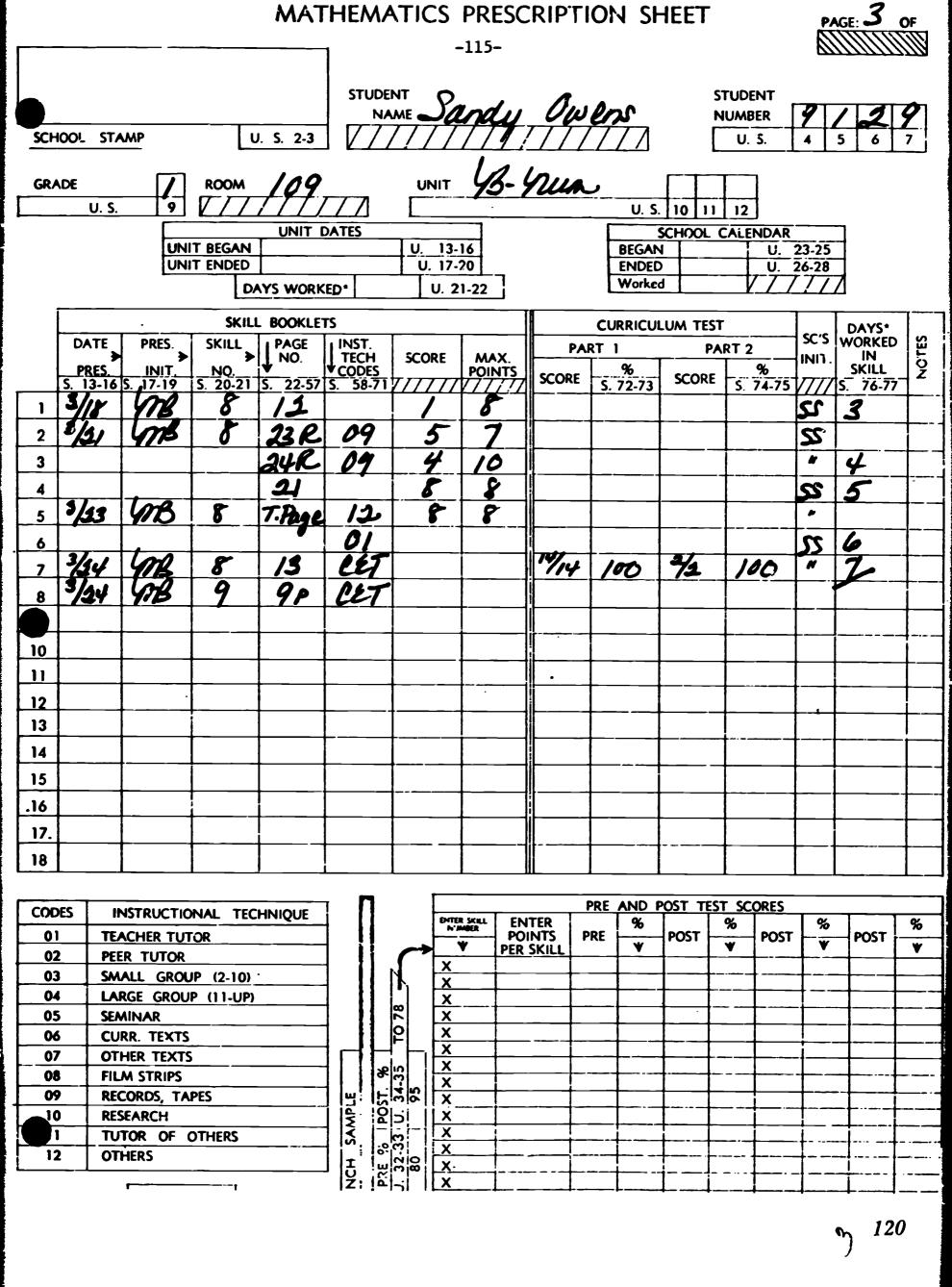
Reason

9 P

CET to determine mastery of Skill 9

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum







This is the CET completed by Sandy and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Sandy's work on this CET.
Based on your analysis of Sandy's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages '



CET I

Draw an X on the thing that is in the position shown by each name.

С	I	13.	
R		100%	Ì
C-RCLE	NO. CF PTS.	%	
Ε	7	88	l
٦	6	75	l
CORREC	5	63	l
R	4	50	l
R	3	38 25	l
Č	2	25	l
T	1	13	ı
			ı
B		_	ı
BOX			ı
			ļ

FOURTH EIGHTH FIRST TENTH THIRD NINTH
EIGHTH FIRST TENTH THIRD NINTH
FIRSTY TENTH THIRD NINTH
FIRST/ TENTH THIRD NINTH
TENTH TENTH THIRD NINTH
TENTH TENTH THIRD NINTH
THIRD THIRD NINTH
THIRD THIRD NINTH
NINTH MANAGEMENT NINTH MANAGEMENT MANAGEMENT NINTH MANAGEMENT MANAGEMEN
NINTH MANAGEMENT NINTH MANAGEMENT MANAGEMENT NINTH MANAGEMENT MANAGEMEN
MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA
MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA
MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA
SECOND CONTRACTOR CONT
THE CORPORATION OF THE CORPORATI
THIRD
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T

You prescribed the following on 3/25:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

Review To enable Sandy to review her

unit work so that she will be confident in the posttesting

situation.

Posttest To determine mastery of the

skills in this unit.



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: 3 OF **STUDENT STUDENT NUMBER** SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. 109 ROOM UNIT **GRADE** U. S. UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN U. 13-16 U. 23-25 **BEGAN** UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 U. 26-28 **ENDED** Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* SC'S WORKED PRES. **PAGE** INST. DATE SKILL PART 1 PART 2 Ų NO. TECH IN **SCORE** MAX. INIT POINTS SKILL % % INIT NO. V CODES 20-21 S. 22-57 S. 58-71///// SCORE S. 74-75 /// **SCORE** S. 13-16 S 17-19 S. 72-73 S. 76-77 12 3 22 09 22 4 3 4 12 01 22 6 CZT 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND FOST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE ENTER SKILL NUMBER **ENTER** % % % 01 **POINTS POST POST POST** TEACHER TUTOR PER SKILL 02 PEER TUTOR X 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) X 05 **SEMINAR** X 5 X **CURR. TEXTS** 06 X 07 **OTHER TEXTS** POST. % U. 34-35 95 X 08 FILM STRIPS X 09 RECORDS, TAPES SAMPLE X 10 X RESEARCH X TUTOR OF OTHERS ico 12 **OTHERS**



This is a copy of Sandy's completed Posttest that has been corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, lecord the Posttest scores on the first Prescription Sheet and on the Unit Test Record on pages
Analyze the entire Posttest and identify the skills in which Sandy does not demonstrate mastery.
Based on your analysis, you decide to:

Record your decision on Sandy's Prescription Sheet.

In the role of the Aide, complete the data required for a "mastered" unit on the Prescription Sheet.

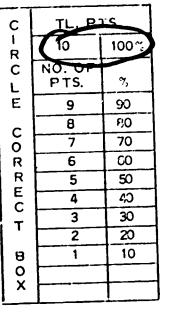
Check your completed prescription with the samples beginning on page The complete of the compl



Directions: Circle the numeral in each box which is named by the word.

	on	e			eig	ht	
1	2	3	4	3	4	7	3
	te	n			thre	ee	
6	4	10	9	10	5	6	3
	tw	70			si	x	
10	2	5	6	2	4	5	6

	fou	ır			ze	ro	
9	6	5	4	(o)	6	8	10
	fiv	7e			sev	ven	
5	7	9	8	8	9	7	0
				1			



-121-

SCHOOL	CODE

NAME -	Sandy	Owens	
	7		
NUMBER	9119	CLASC	

	ι"		. 1	- :5:3:
 		•	<u>)</u>	

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

Developed by The Testing and Evaluation Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Richard Cex, Ph.D., Director

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



GO	T	0	YOU		CHIR.
THI	S	IS	AN	ORAL	TEST.

Teacher: This is an oral test. Count by 1's from 1 to 100.

Teacher: Point to the listed numerals on the chart and ask the child to "Read these numerals, starting here and ending here."

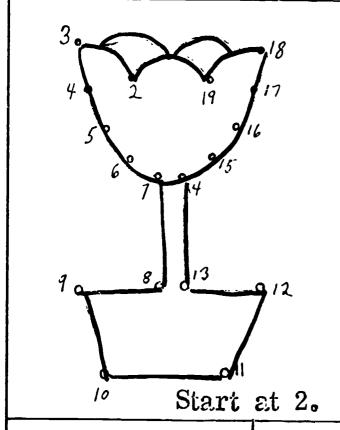
From 8 to 21 From 32 to 48 From 51 to 69 From 73 to 92

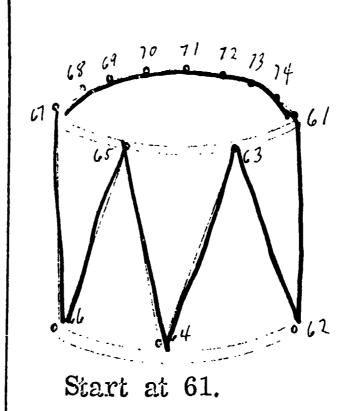
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	2 8	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	3 8	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	93	97	89	99	100

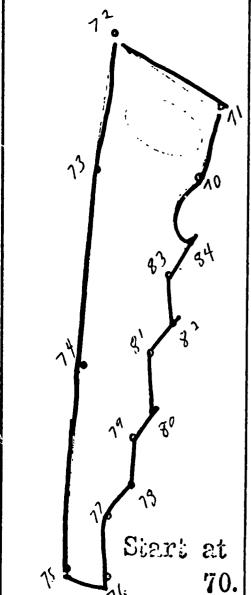
С	TLA	T3.	
ローロコーロ	5	160%	
С	NO: 01:		
L	PTS.	%	
E	4	60	
С	3	60	
C O R	2	40	
R	1	20	
RECT			
С			
T			ı
В			
B O X			
X			

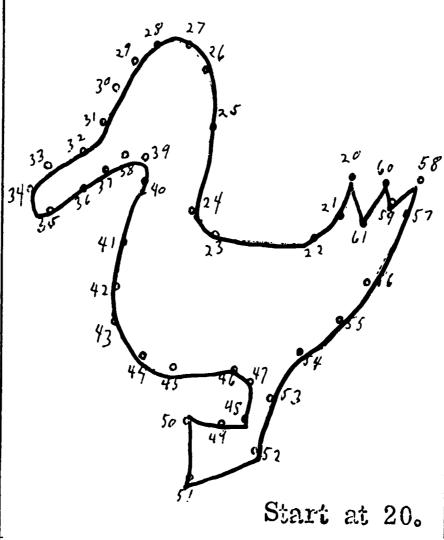
B NUMERATION (01) PCST-TEST

Directions: Connect the dots to make a picture in each box.









SKILL 3

С	TL. P	TS	(
חרטשרט	4	100%)
ان	P15.	7.	
L.	3	75	
С	2	÷)	
C O R	1	27	
R			
Ε			
R E C T			
ŀ			
В		{	
\$			
^ H			
L			

GO TO YOUR TEACHER THIS IS AN ORAL TEST.

Teacher: Ask the child to count by tens.

From 7 to 57

From 16 to 76

From 23 to 83

From 38 to 88

From 54 to 94.

Directions: Count from 1 to 100, and write in the numerals.

/	2	3	4.	5	6	7	8	9	10
//	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
				ľ	26				
		1			36				
					46		1		_
		1			56				
5 i			1		66				
1		1			76				
81	87	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
					96				

C	TL. PTS.				
	12	100%			
M C J M	NO. OF PTS.	7.			
Ε	11	92			
С	10	83			
CO	9	75			
R	8	67			
R E C	7	53			
Č	6	50			
T	5	42			
	4	33			
В	3	25			
O X	2	17			
	1	8			

Directions: Count backward. Write the numerals in the blanks.

31 30 29 28 27 26 25

92 91 90 89 88 87 83

Directions: Write numerals in the blanks to tell how many sticks are in each row. There are 10 sticks in a bundle.

C	TL. PTS.			
R	5	100%		
R C L E	NO. OF PTS.	%		
E	4	80		
С	3	60		
С 0	2	40		
R	1	20		
Ē				
E				
Т				
в				
B 0				
X				

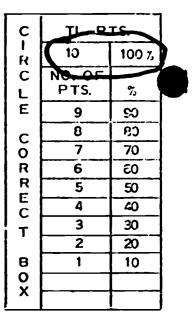
B

ERIC

Directions: Write the number that comes just after each number below.

82,	83
•	

Directions: Write the number that comes just before each number below.



		raw a ci		and the	
	18		9	19	
77	47	57	71	17	11
96	99	69	22	56	29

С	مريتر	IC	
l R	104	100%	Γ
CIRCLE	NO. OF PTS.	970	1
Ε	9	90	
C	8	80	ĺ
C O R	7	70	
R	6	60	
R	5	50	
E	4	40	
T	3	30	l
j	2	20	l
В	1	10	
S O			

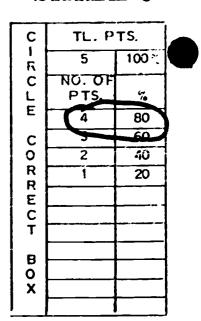
Directions: Write > or < in each circle to show whether the first number is greater or less than the second number.

		39	44	
14		41	78	80
49	<u>\</u>	47	97	79
			·	•

ERIC FRONTES OF ERIG

Directions: Count from the arrows and draw a big X on the object named.





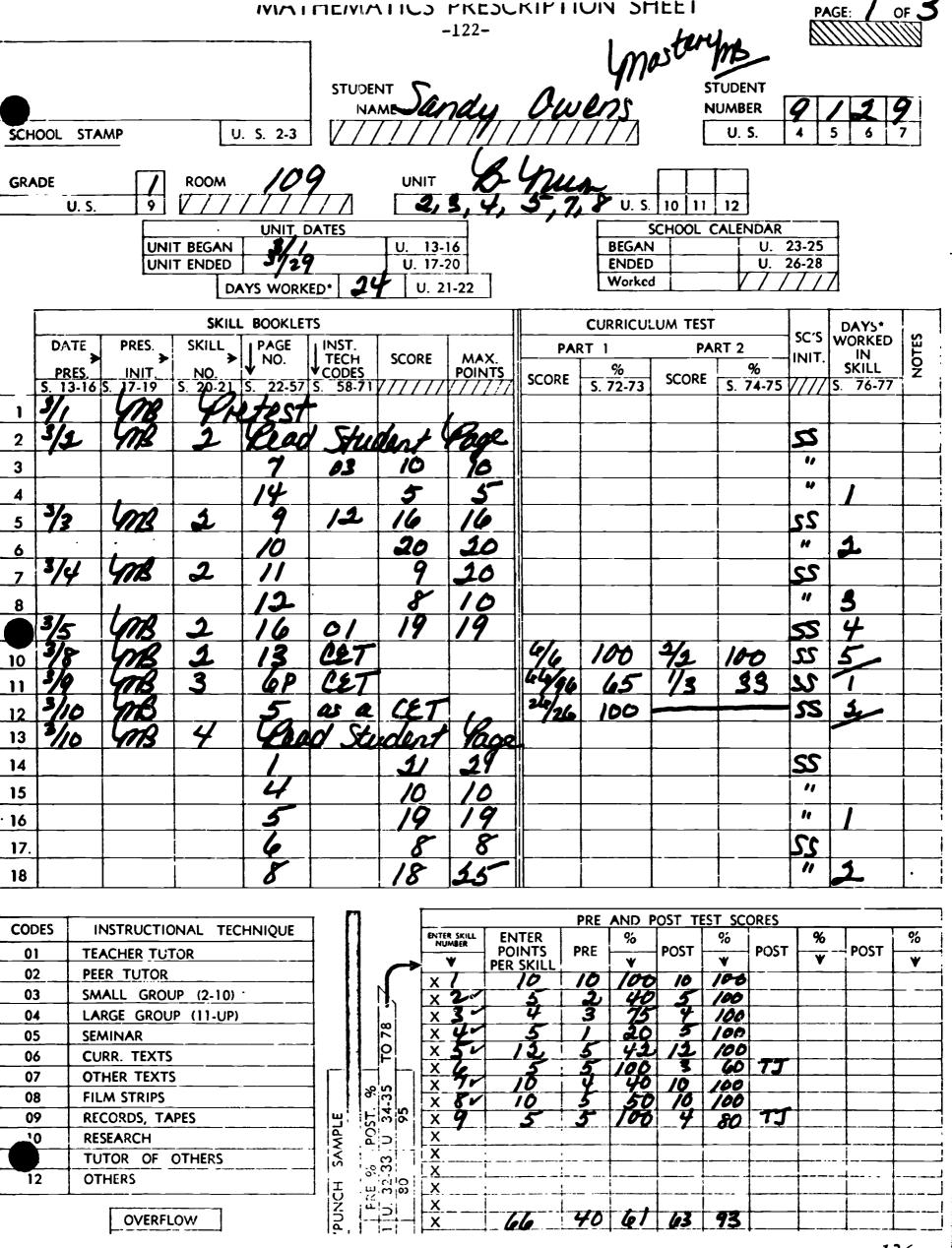
second square __> [

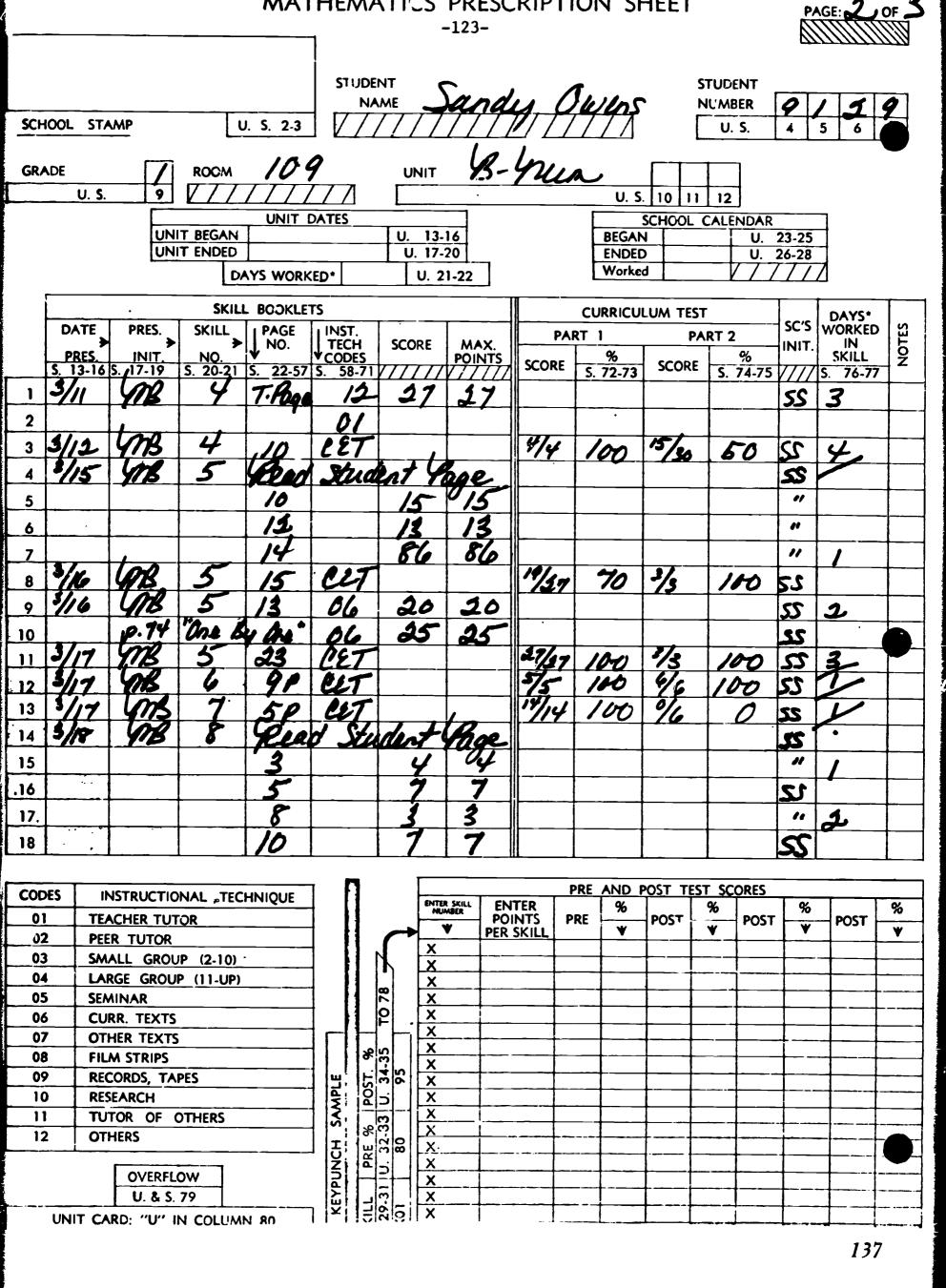
first dot — > X · · · · ·

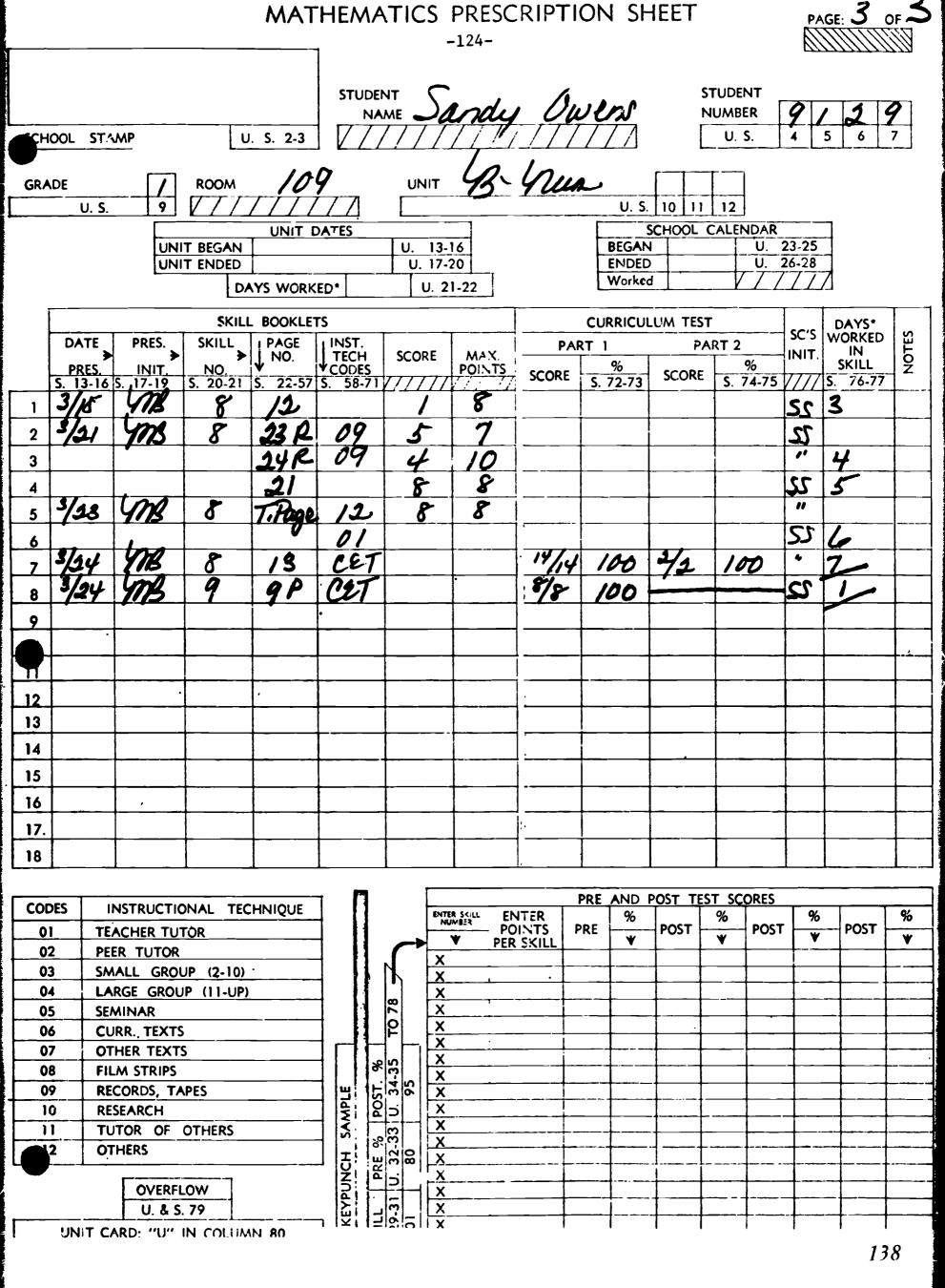
third circle \longrightarrow \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc

fourth triangle—> \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle







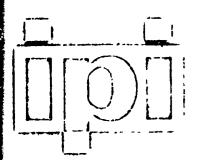


ERIC

SCHOOL	CODE

NAME	

NUMBER _____ CLASS _____



Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 1

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

Supp STS - 1 page

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Read these numerals.

6, 2,

Now read these number words for the numerals.

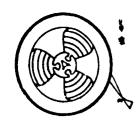
six, two, four, zero, ni. e

Read these numerals and the number words for the numerals.

1, 5, 8,

140

one, five, eight, three, seven



There is a precorded tape for this booklet.

Read the words for the numerals. Numerals Number Words -----> zero 0 → one 2 3 → four 4 → five



Write the numeral for each number word.			
zero	<u> </u>		
one \triangle	1		
two \triangle \triangle			
three \triangle \triangle			
four \triangle \triangle \triangle			
five \triangle \triangle \triangle			



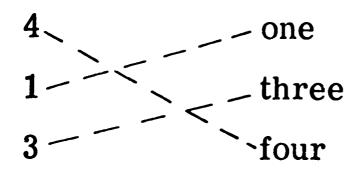
Write the	numeral for e	each number word.
three	3	
		five
one		-
		zero
four		
two		
For extra	practice, do I	Page 17

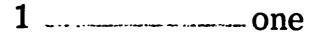


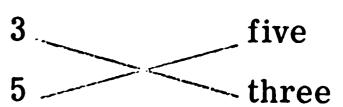
Draw a line from the numeral to the correct number word. three two two 0 one four zero five one 2 one three three two three four 3 two 4 three five five one five 5 five 0 zero two two For extra practice, do Page 18.

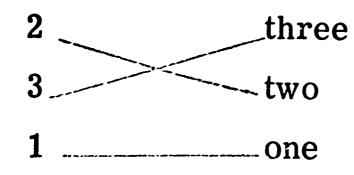


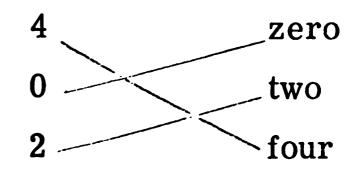
Match the numerals with the number words.

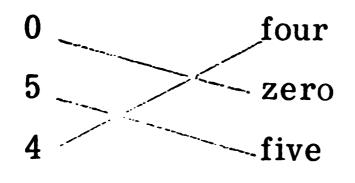












1 _____ one
5 _____ five
2 ____ two

For extra practice, do Page 19.



Say these number words out loud. four three zero one five two For extra practice, do Page 20.



Read the words for the numerals.				
Numera	ls	Nun	nber Words	
6		>	six	
7		 ►	seven	
8			eight	
9		>	nine	
10	-	>	ten	



Write the numeral for each number word. \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle six seven \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle eight \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle nine $\triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle$



Write the numeral for each number word.				
eight	<u> </u>			
		ten	<u></u>	
six				
		six		
nine	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		nine	· 	
seven				
		four	<u></u>	



Page 10

Draw a line from the numeral to the correct number word. eight seven six seven nine eight six ten 6 eight 9 eight ten nine ten seven 8 6 six seven eight ten six six 10 ten 8 nine eight seven For extra practice, do Page 21.



Page 11

9 —	eight	10	nine
6	~nine	9	seven
8	∽ six	7	ten
7	six	4	four
10	ten	8	two
6	seven	2	eight
8	ten	9	six
7	eight	3	three
10	seven	6	nine
6	nine	10	one
9	six	7	ten
7	seven	1	seven



Say these number words out loud. ten seven eight six nine



Match each set with the correct number word. two three ten six four seven two one zero eight nine seven



rage 17

Match each set with the correct number word. two four six ten 0 0 0 0 two three seven nine eight



Match each set with the correct number word. four two one one four zero six 0000 three nine five four six



CET I

(Circle) the numeral that matches the word in each box.

	1		0		4
eight	3	zero	10	three	3
	8		6		9

C	TL. P	rs.
I R	15	100
ローロロー	NO. OF PTS.	*
E	- 13.	-
_	14	3
С	13	87
CO	12	80
R	11	73
R	10	67
REC	9	60
T	8	5 3
	7	47
B 0	6	40
X	5	33
	4	27
	3	20
	2	13

Circle the word that tells how many

in each group.

00	zero		two	eight
0 0	two	△ ^	three	six
000	ten		nine	seven

Oral test. Read each word to the teacher.

seven	ten	two	
one	eight	nine	
four	six	five	

Oral test. Read the numerals to the

teacher.

9,	10,	11,	12,	13,	14
35,	36,		38,		40
			80,	81,	82

	TL. PTS.				
-	18	100%			
ローRCLE	NO. OF PTS.	76			
Ε	17	94			
c	16	89			
ŏ	15	83			
R	14	78			
CORRECT	13	72			
כ	12	67			
Ť	11	61			
_	10	56			
B	9	50			
X	8	44			
	7	3 9			
	6	33			
	5	28			
	4	22			
	3	17			
	2	11			
	1	6			



TL. PTS. CET I 15 100 R NO. OF (ircle) the numeral that matches the PTS. 14 93 13 87 word in each box. 12 ೯೦ 11 73 10 67 1 0 60 53 3 47 10 three eight 3 zero 40 33 8 6 20 13 (Circle) the word that tells how many in each group. eight zero two $\nabla \nabla$ three two (ten) nine seven Oral test. Read each word to the teacher. TL. PTS. 100% R ten two seven NO. OF PTS. eight nine one 16 89 С four six five 83 15 14 73 72 Oral test. Read the numerals to the 12 67 11 61 10 **5**6 teacher. 50 44 39 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 6 33

40

82

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35, 36, 37, 38, 39,

78, 79, 80, 81,

2 inted in the United States.

77,



23

22

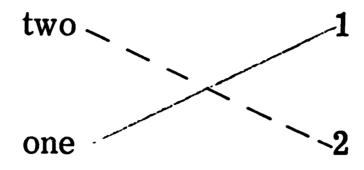
17

11

3

2

Match the numeral with the correct number word.



four _____4

zero _____O

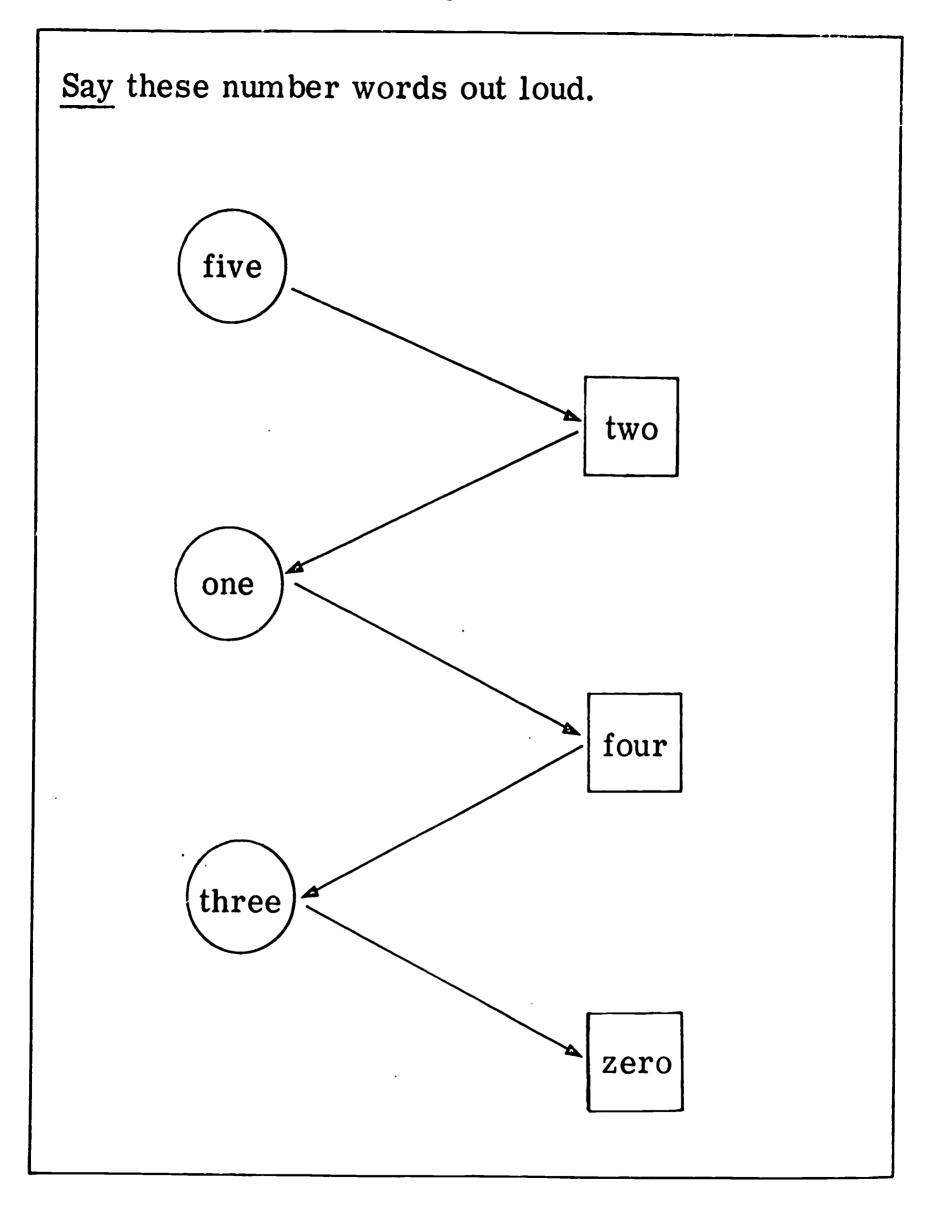
five 5



Draw a line from the numeral to the correct number word. three one 3 0 one zero five one 4 1 four two two four 5 2 five two



(Circle) the correct numeral for each number word. four five three one 3 4 0 5 five zero 4 5 0 four two 2 3





Draw a line from the numeral to the correct number word. eight ten 10 eight ten seven 8 eight six seven nine ten seven six ten nine



(Circle) the correct numeral for the number word. seven 9 nine 10 10 ten 8 9 six 6 8 eight



CET IT

Circle the numeral that matches the

word in each box.

	2		1		10
two	4	nine	9	ten	0
	6		7		9

ח-מטש	TL. PTS.		
	15	100 -	
C	NO. OF PTS.	, 1	
Ε	14	93	
С	13	87	
	12	80	
	11	73	
	10	67	
Č	9	6 0	
T	8	53	
	7	47	
B 0	_ 6	40	
X	5	33_	
	4	27	
	3	20_	
		13	
	1 1	7	

Circle the word that tells how many

in each group.

0	0	five	two	\triangle \triangle \triangle	two
	\circ	six	seven		nine
	Ü	three	five		eight

Oral test. Read each word to the teacher.

zero one five ten three seven six eight two

Oral test. Read the numerals to the teacher.

3,	4,	5,	6,	7,	8
15 ,	16,	17,	18,	19,	20
	34,				

C	TL PI	rs.
- R	18	، 100
ローなし」	NO. OF PTS.	•
Ε	17	94
С	16	89
CORRECT	15	83
R	14	78
F .	13	72
C	12	67
T	11	61
	10	56
B	9	50
X	8	44
	7	39
	6	33
	5	28
	4	22
	3	17
	2	11
	1	6



17	רוח	TY
14	.i.	TT

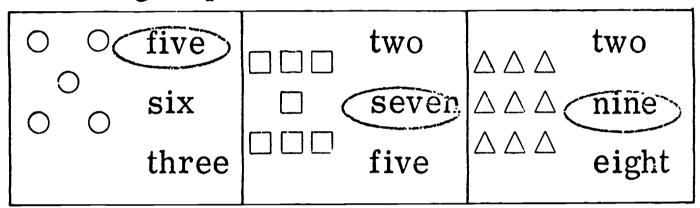
Circle) the numeral that matches the

word in each box.

	2		1		10
two	4	nine	9	ten	0
	6		7		9

Circle the word that tells how many

in each group.



Oral test. Read each word to the teacher.

zero	one	five
ten	three	seven
six	eight	two

Oral test. Read the numerals to the teacher.

. 3,	4,	5,	6,	7,	8
15,	16,	17,	18,	19,	20
	-		36.	37.	38

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Page 24

Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

1967 - 68

aching Aids:

Understand Numbers - reverse side of cards Milton Bradley

1

Milton Bradley Count to Ten Game

First Arithmetic Game Dolch

Arithmetic Readiness Cards - Set ? Scott-Foresman Arithmetic Re Instructo Flannel Board Cut-outs Judy Basic No. Facts: 1-10

xtbook	Resources:
--------	------------

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1966 Let's Begin (Primer)		56, 62
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 One By One (Grade 1)		11
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 Two By Two (Grade 2)		5

Page 15

OBJECTIVE: Given number words for numbers zero to ten, reads words orally and matches words with numerals or structured groups.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page		Supplementary Material
1.	Reads numerals and corresponding number words in sequence	
	orally, 0-5.	
2.	Writes numerals in sequence for number words with pictures, 0-5.	
3.	Writes numerals for number words, 0-5.	17
4.	Matches numeral with correct number word, 0-5.	18
5.	Matches numerals with correct number words, 0-5.	19
6.	Reads number words 0-5 orally.	20
	Reads numerals and corresponding number words in sequence orally, 6-10.	
8.	Writes numerals in sequence for number words with pictures, 6-10.	
9.	Writes numerals for number words, 6-10.	
10.	Matches numeral with correct number word, 6-10.	21
11.	Matches numerals with correct number words, 1-10.	22
12.		
13.	Matches structured group with correct number word. 0-10.	
14.		
15.	Matches structured group with correct number word. 0-10.	
16.	CET I. CET II.	23



There is a prerecorded tape for this booklet.

Circle pages that are to be done.



•	SCHOOL	CODE

NAME

NUMBER ______ CLASS ______



微观的特别的在市区等

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 2

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome B. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

You have learned the number words for numerals from 1 to 10 and how to read and count them.

This booklet will show you how to read and count numerals from 1 to 100.

Read these numerals out loud. Say the missing numerals, then write them.

Answers

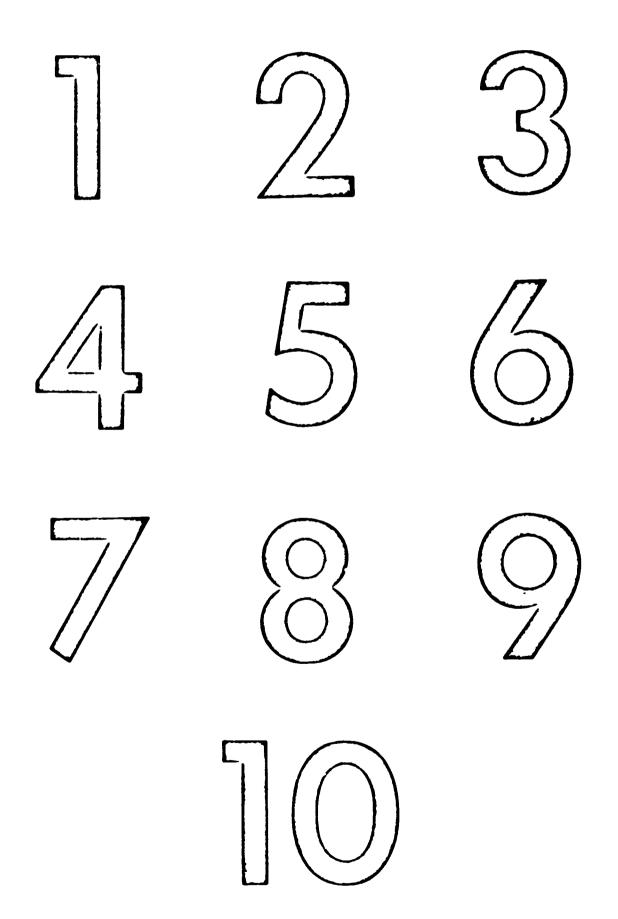


There is a prerecorded tape for this booklet.

5457

Page 1

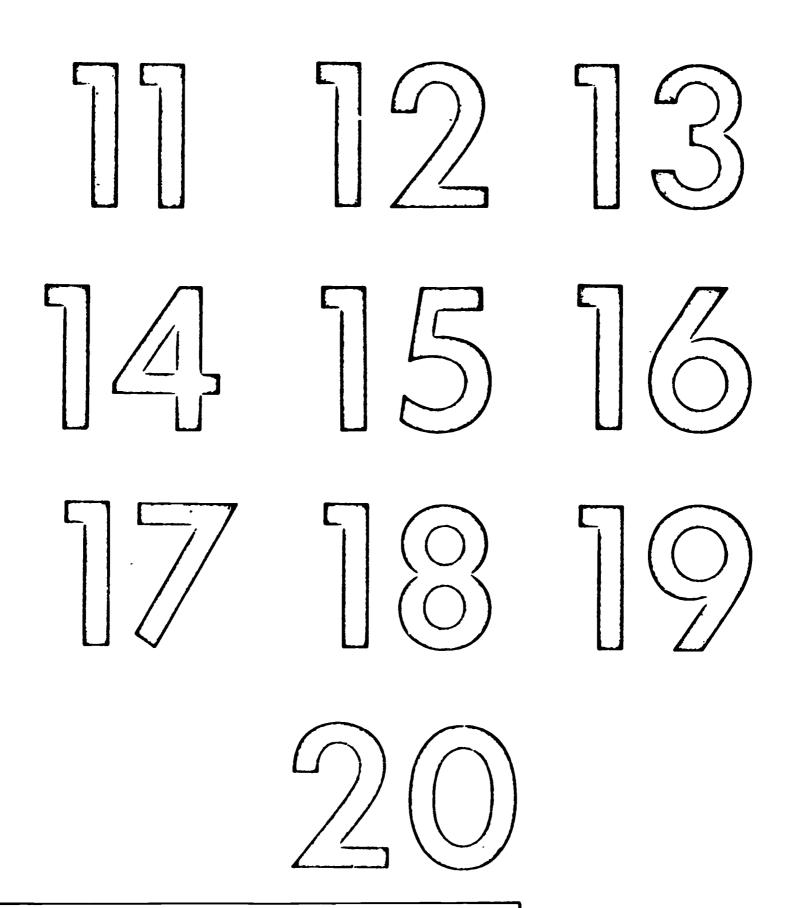
You have learned to count the numerals from 1 to 10. Now read them out loud.



Now say them again without looking at the page.



Here are the numerals which follow 10. Read them out loud.



Now repeat the numerals slowly.



* ··o~ ~

Look at the first line of numerals. Say them slowly. Do the same with the second line. Say the missing numerals out loud. Then write them in the blanks.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	2		4	5		7		9	

Say the first line of numerals. Say the missing numerals, then write them in the spaces.

Say these numerals out loud and say the missing numerals as you go. Then write them.

1	2	4	5	7	9	10
	12 13		15	18		20

After counting

11 - 12 - 13 - 14 - 15 - 16 - 17 - 18 - 19 - 20, you can count from 20 to 30.

21_22_25_

20_25_

26 27 28

29_30_

Read the numerals out loud. Say them again without looking at the page. Now try saying all the numerals from 10 to 30, without looking at the page.



Read these numerals out loud. Say the missing numerals, then write them.

11 12 13 14 15

16 18 20

21 22 24

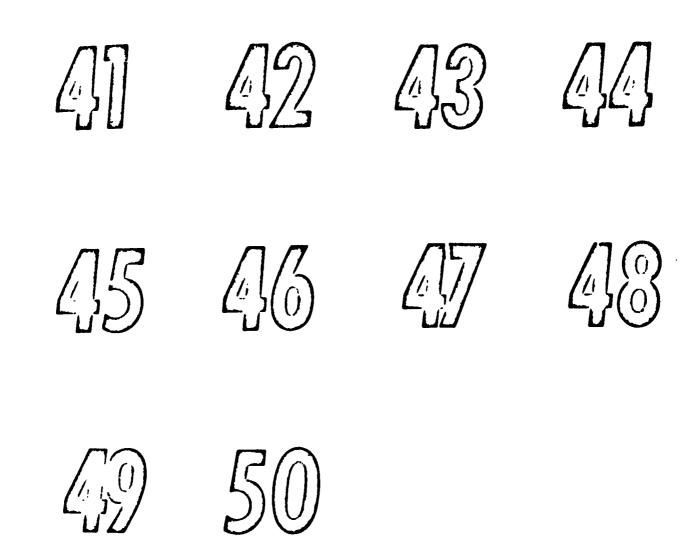
26 28 30

Read the numerals and say them aloud. Here are the numerals which follow 30.

Now repeat them slowly.



Here are the numerals from 41 to 50. Look at each one and say it out loud.



Read these numerals out loud and slowly. Then say them again without looking at the page.

For extra practice, do Page 14.

Read out loud. Say the missing numerals, then write them.

32 33 34 35

ERIC

Read these numerals and as you say them, fill in the missing numerals.

4445 47

59 60

Now say all the numerals without looking at the page.

These are the numerals that come after 60. Read these numerals out loud.

Now read the numerals slowly over again.



These numerals come after 80 and go to 100. Read them aloud.

81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95

96979899100

For extra practice, do Page 15.



Page 12

Fill in the missing numerals and read all the numerals aloud.

	2		4	5		7	8	9	
11			14				18	19	20
	22			25	26		28		30
31		33			36			39	
	42			45	46		48		50
51	52			55		57		59	
61			64	65	66		.68	69	-
***	72		74				78	79	80
		83			86		88	89	
91	92			95			98		100

Repeat the numbers while <u>looking</u> at the page.

Now say them again <u>without looking</u> at the page.

For extra practice, do Page 16.



CET I

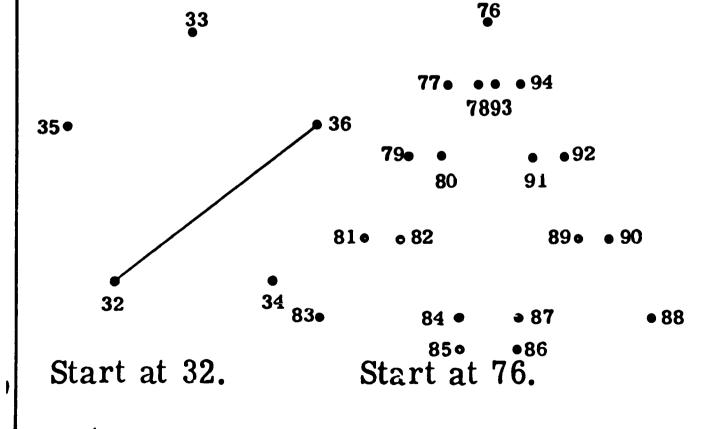
Oral Test. Read the numbers to the teacher.

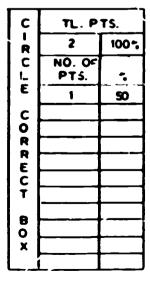
7	8	9	10	11	12
21	22	23	24	2 5	26
45	46	47	48	49	50
69	70	71	72	73	74
83	84	85	86	87	88
95	96	97	98	99	100

С	TL. P.	TS.
- R	6	100%
ローRし」=	NO. OF PTS.	2.
	5	83
С	4	67
00KKW0H	3	50
	2	33
E	1	17
C		
T		
R		
ВО		
X		
-		

Oral Test. Count from 1 to 100.

Connect the dots to make the pictures.







Read these numerals and say them out loud.

5 6. 3 4 7 8 12 13 14 15 22 23 24 33 34 35 42 43 44 45

Try to repeat them without looking at the page.



! !	Read all the numerals from 1 to 100 out loud.									
	Now	try	sayin	g then	n <u>with</u>	iout le	ookin	\mathbf{g} at the	he pa	ge.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
•	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100



Fill in the missing numerals and read all the numerals out loud.

54 56 57 8 65 66

Now repeat all the numerals without looking at the page.



CET II

Go to your teacher.

Oral Test. Read these numbers to the teacher.

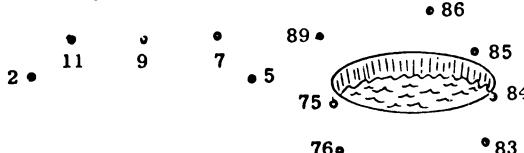
Ş)	10	11	,	12	13	14	: .	15
		16	17	•	18	19	20		
28	29	30	3	1	32	33	34	35	36
		52	5	3	54	55	56		
69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78
			97	98	99	100			

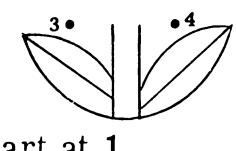
С	TL. P	TS
R	6	100%
0-R0-m	NO. OF	*
E	5	83
С	4	67
0	3	50
	2	33
Ê	1	17
CORRECT		
B 0 X		
X		

Now count from 1 to 100.

Connect the dots to make the pictures.

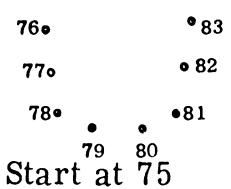
1 10 8 6 88 87





Start at 1

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC



С	TL P	TS.
R	2	100%
ローないしゅ	NO OF	۲,
Ε	1	50
B 0 X		



OBJECTIVE: Presented with an ordered arrangement of numerals from 0 to 100, reads them on request from any starting point. Counts orally by 1's to 100.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page		Supplementary Material
1.	Counts from 1 to 10.	
2.	Counts from 11 to 20.	
3.	Counts from 1 to 10 and 11 to 20; says missing numerals and writes them.	
4.	Counts from 20 to 30 and writes numerals.	
5.	Counts from 11 to 30 and writes numerals.	
6.	Counts from 31 to 40.	
7.	Counts from 41 to 50.	14
8.	Counts from 31 to 50; says missing numerals and writes them.	
9.	Counts from 21 to 60; says missing numerals and writes them.	
10.	Counts from 61 to 80.	
11.	Counts from 81 to 100.	15
12.	Counts from 1 to 100; says missing numerals and writes them.	16
13.	CET I.	
	CET II.	17

There is a prerecorded tape for this booklet.



Circle pages that are to be done.



SCHOOL	CODE

NUMBER _____ CLASS _____



网点证法信证从中设定

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 3

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

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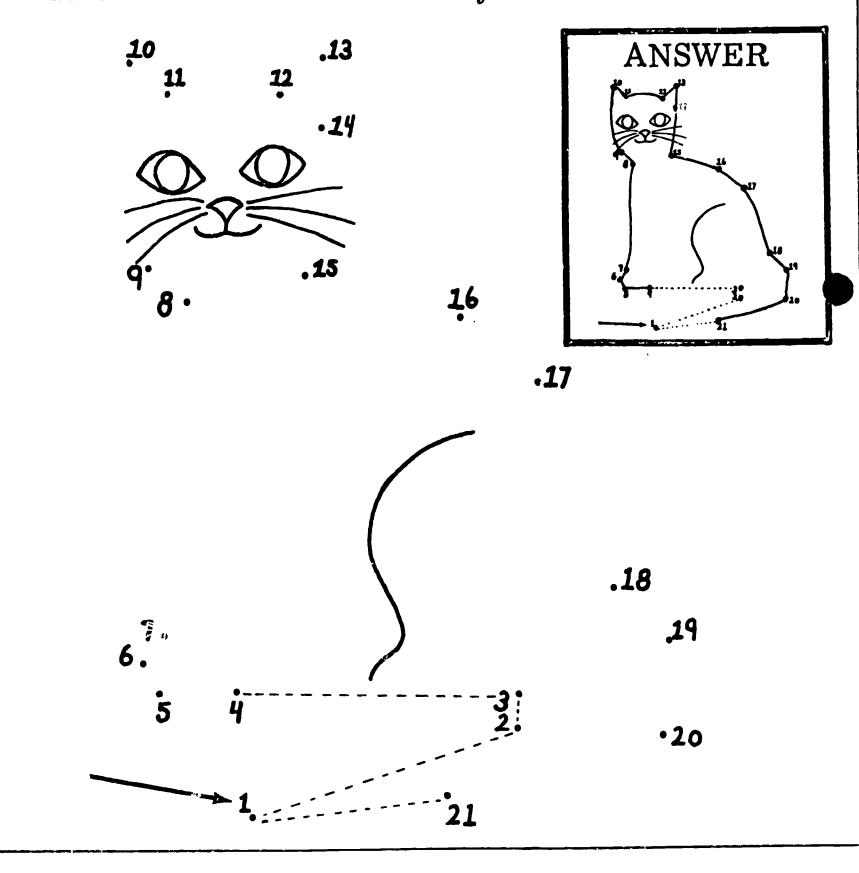
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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



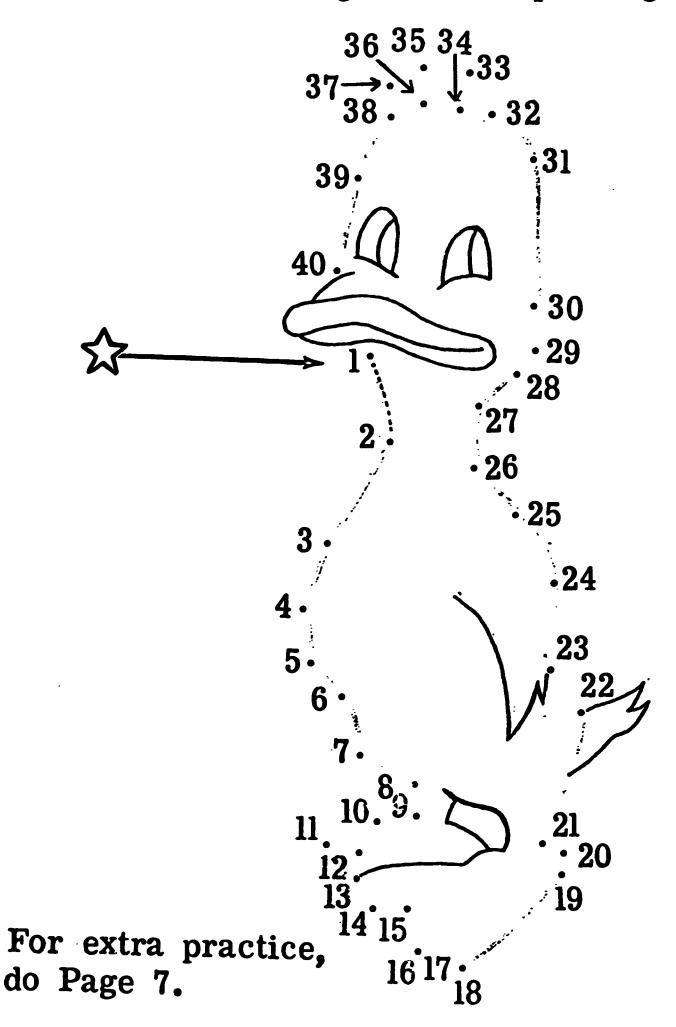
TO THE STUDENT

Can you draw the picture below? Starting from the arrow, count from 1, and draw lines from dot to dot as you count.

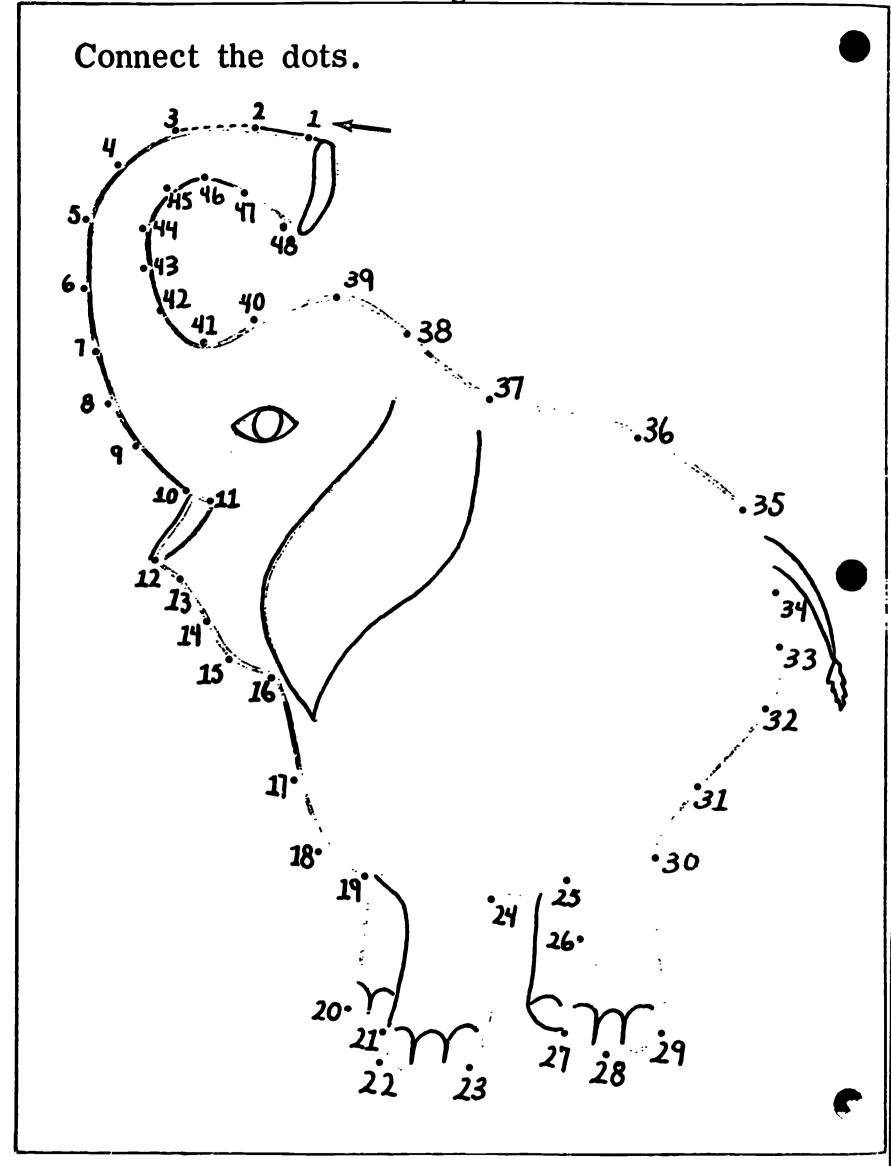


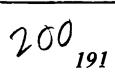


Connect the dots to make a picture. Start where the big arrow is pointing.

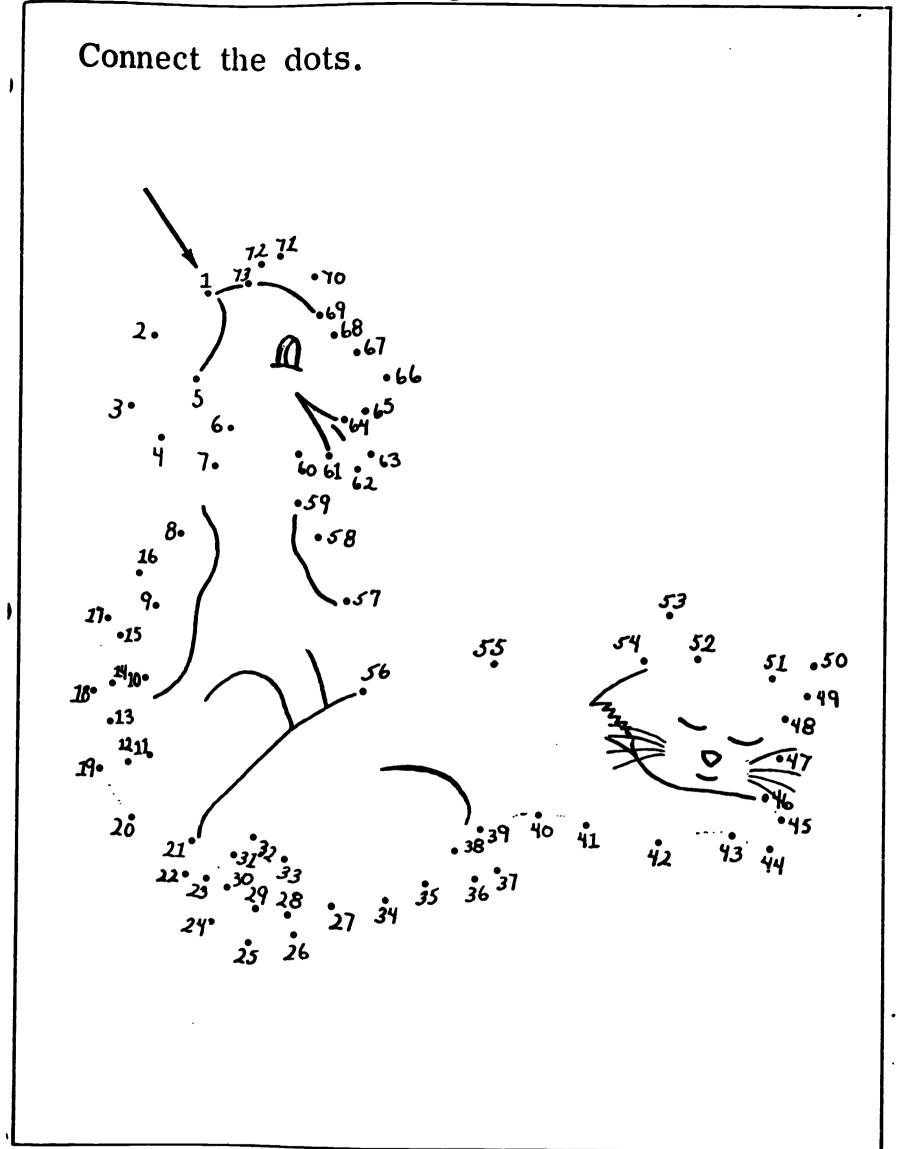








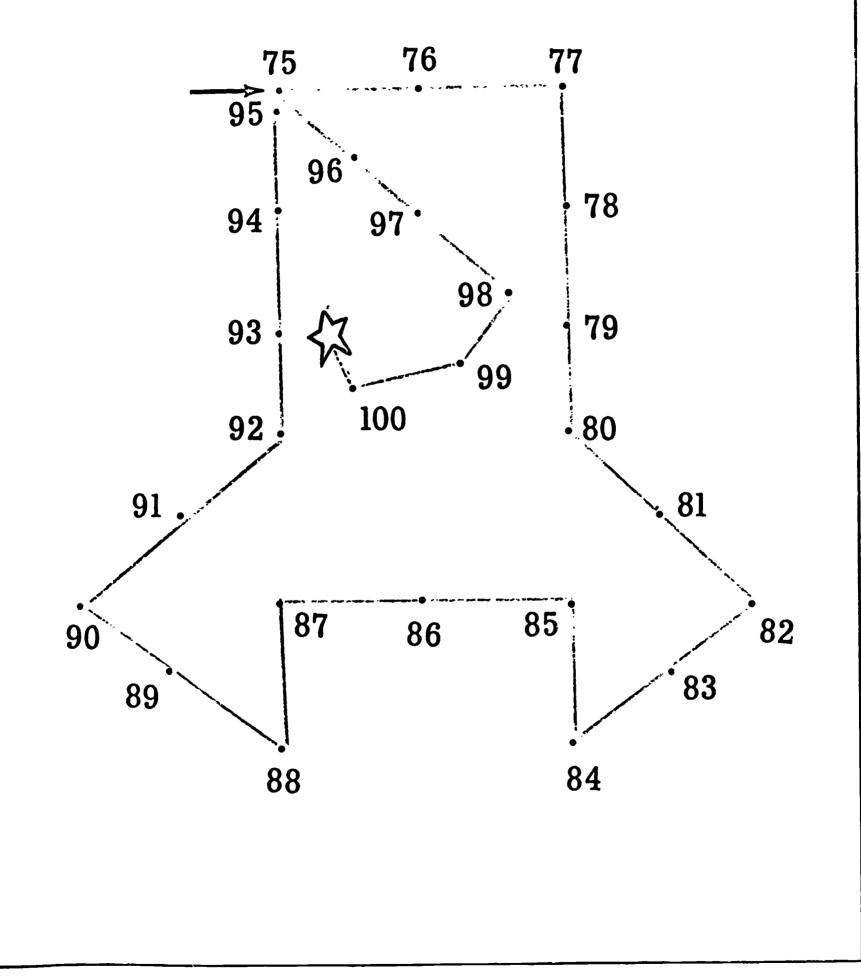




Connect the dots. 86 87. 88. 85 84 .83 •82 •81 •80 76 77 •75 •71 •70 67. 69 68 46 110 13 16. 17°



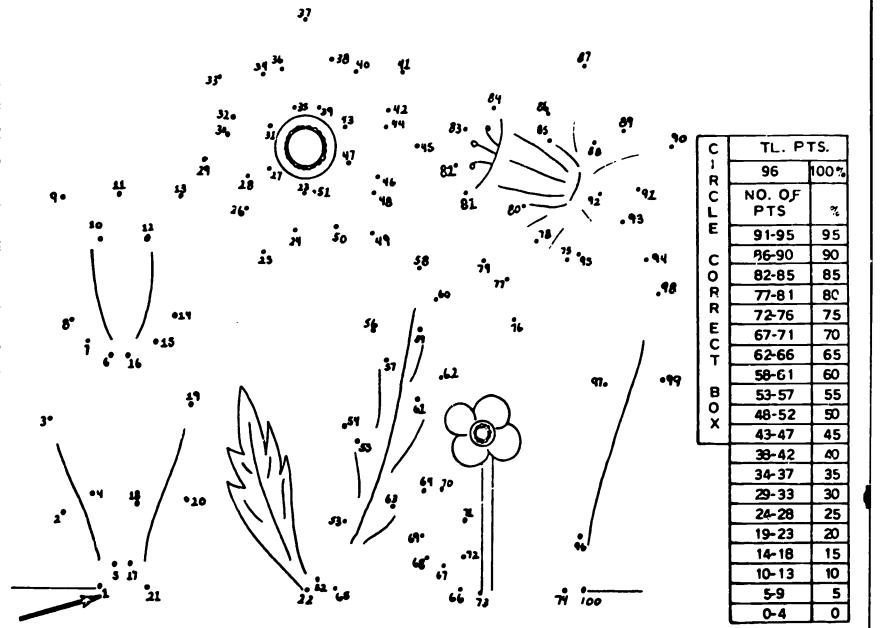
Start from the arrow and follow the number trail to the star.





CET I

Connect the dots.



See your teacher for the rest of the test.

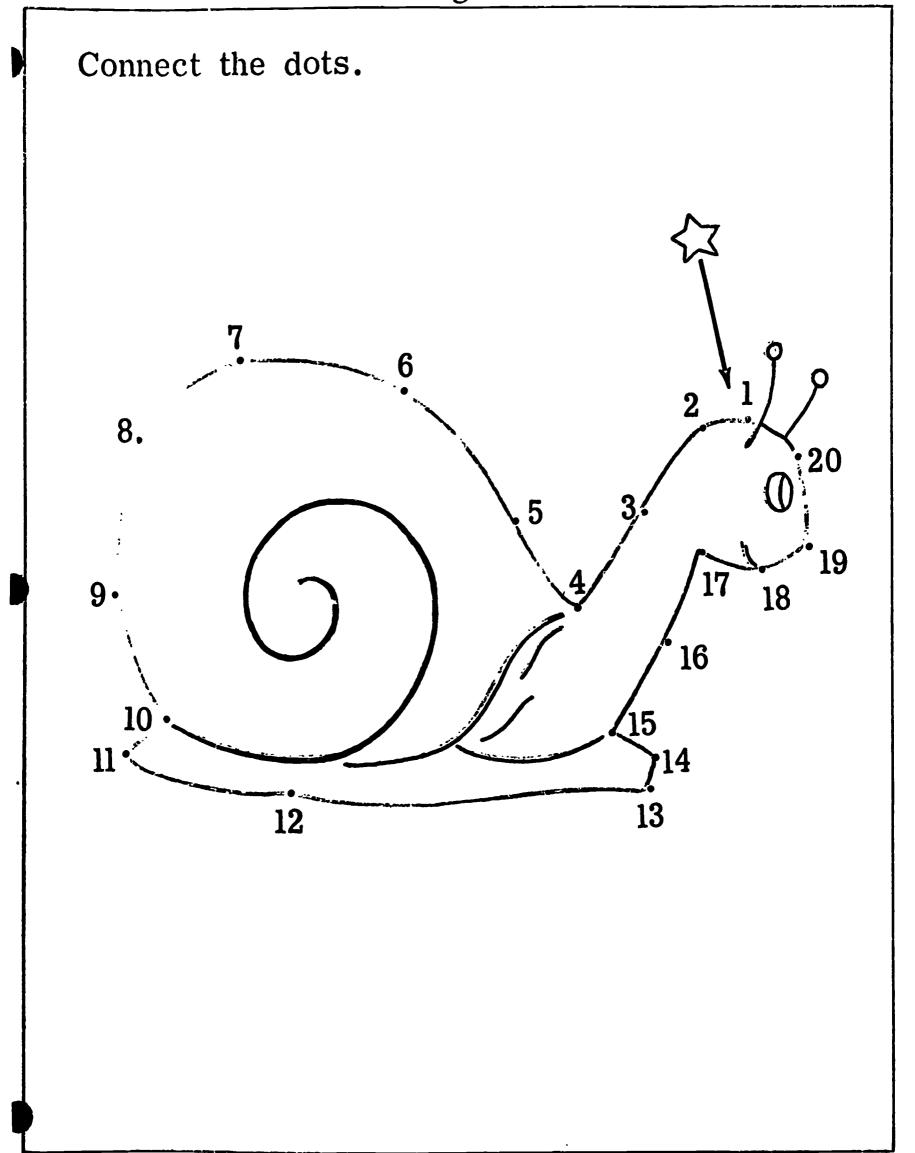
Oral test.

ERIC

- 1. Count by 10's from 5 to 85.
- 2. Count by 10's from 32 to 92.
- 3. Count by 10's from 17 to 77.

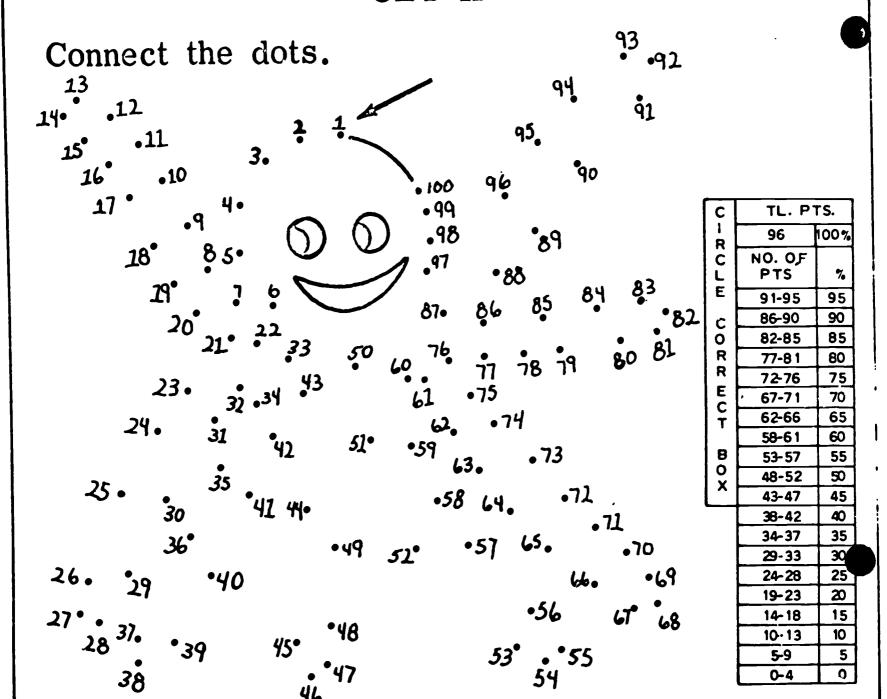
С	TL. P	TS	
R	3	100%	
ローない」を	NO, OF PTS.	%	
Ε	2	67	
С	1	33	
0			
K R			_
E			•
1			
B 0			
O X			

LEVEL	TINU	SKILL	PAGE
L			





CET II



See your teacher for the rest of the test.

Oral test.

- 1. Count by 10's from 10 to 100.
- 2. Count by 10's from 18 to 98.
- 3. Count by 10's from 22 to 92.

С	TL. P	TS.
R	3	100%
CIRCLE	NO, OF PTS.	%
Ε	2	67
С	1	33
COR		
R		
E		
RECT		
Т		
В		
BO		
X	·	
LJ	L	

Page 9

Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

1967 - 68

Teaching Aids:

Abacus Sets
Place Value Charts
Instructo Place Value Cut-outs
Place Value Sticks
Instructo Flannel Board Numerals, Words, Symbols
First Arithmetic Game

Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 One By One (Grade 1)		42, 55

LEVEL D, NUMBER 11011, DIXIDE 3

OBJECTIVE: Connects dots to 100 by ones from any starting point. Plays number trail game to 100.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page

1. Connects dots 1 - 40 to make a picture.

2. Connects dots 1 - 48 to make a picture.

3. Connects dots 1 - 73 to make a picture.

4. Connects dots 1 - 89 to make a picture.

5. Plays number trail game, connecting dots 75 to 100.

6. CET I.
CET I.

Circle pages that are to be done.



SCHOOL COL	DE NAME		D
\	NUMBER	CLASS	
			1 1 - 12 - 12 - 1 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 1
1	1-1		



Miles 12 12 16 16 16 16 16 2

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 4

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

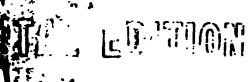
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TO THE STUDENT

Can you count by 10's?

Fill in the blanks, counting by 10's from 10 to 100.

10, 20, ____, ____, 50, 60, ____, 80,

___, 100

There is a prerecorded tape for this booklet. 10, 20, 30, 40, 50,

Answers

60, 70, 80, 90, 100



Say each number as you count by 10's.

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

Count by 10's to 100. Fill in the spaces.

10, 20, 30, 70, 60, 90, 90,

Count by 10's to 100. Fill in the spaces.

11, 20, 21, 111, 50, 10, 711, 80, 410, 110

Count by 10's to 100. Fill in the spaces.

 $10, \, \underline{}, \, \underline{\phantom$



Say the numerals from 10 to 100, counting by 10's 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

What did you say

after 30?

40

after 80?

90

after 90?

100

after 10?

20

after 50?

60

after 40?

50

after 20?

30

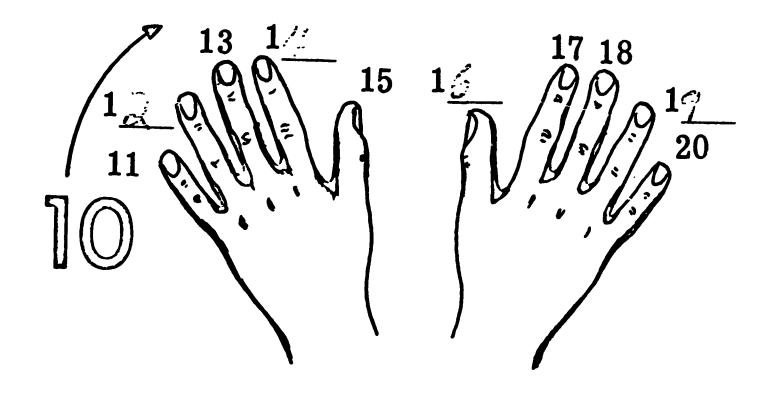
after 60?

70

affer, L)"

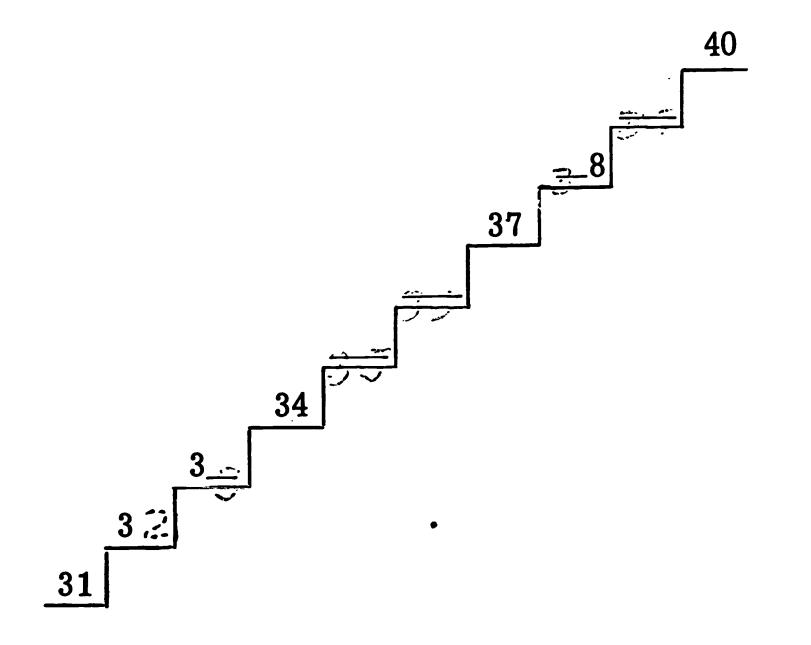
50

Fill in the spaces as you count by 1's from 10 to 20.



How many 1's are there from 10 to 20?

Count by 1's from 30 to 40, and fill in the spaces.



How many steps are there from 30 to 40?

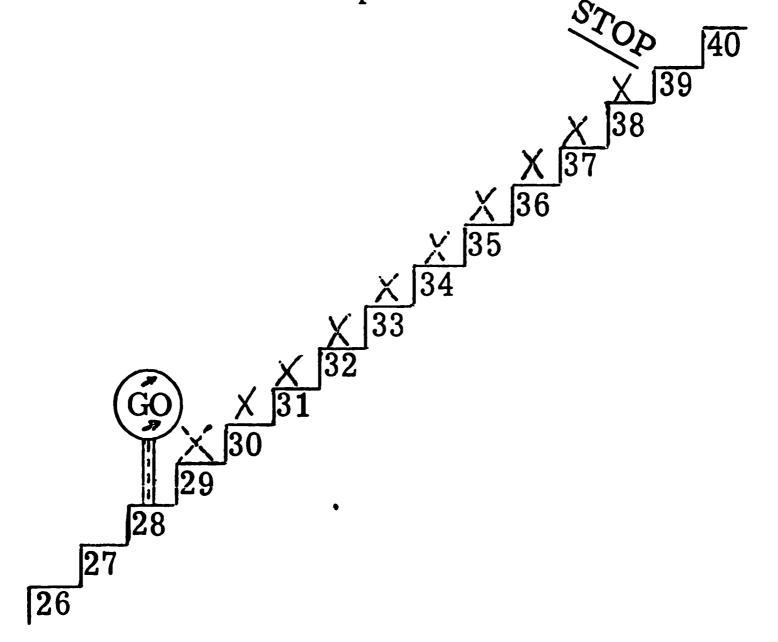
40 is / () more than 30.

Count by 10's from 10 to 40.

For more practice, do Page 11.



Start from step $\underline{28}$, and count by $\underline{1's}$ to step $\underline{38}$. Make an X on each step.



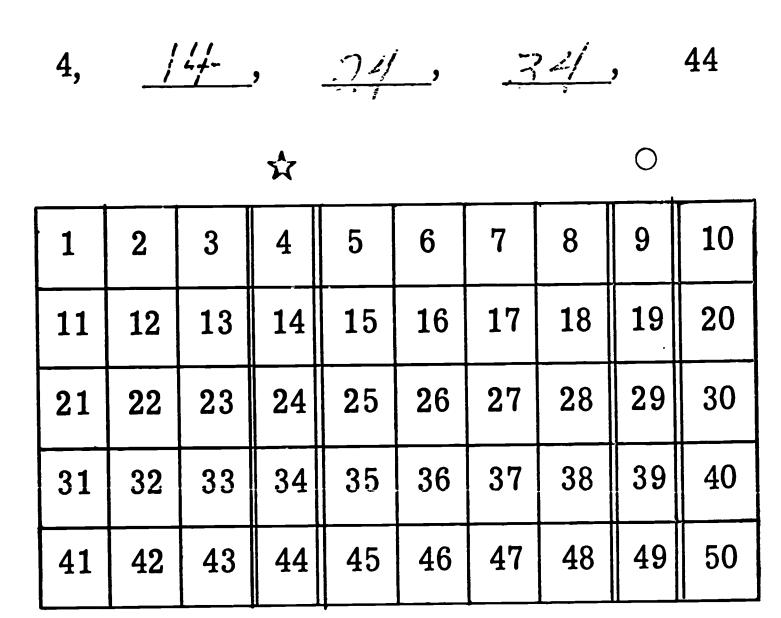
How many X's did you make? 10 38 is 10 more than 38 is 10 count by 10's from 28 to 98.

28, <u>38</u>, <u>48</u>, <u>58</u>, <u>58</u>, <u>58</u>, <u>98</u>, 98

For more practice, do Page 12.



What numerals are between the ''s? Write them here.



What numerals are between the O's? Write them here.

公

9, 119

For more practi e de Page 13.



Count by 10's and fill in the blanks between 3 and 93.

Now fill in the blanks between 6 and 96.

Fill in the blanks between 8 and 98.

Fill in the blanks between 10 and 100.

For more practice, do Page 14.



Count by 10's and fill in the blanks.

For more practice, do Page 15.



When you count by 10's, what number comes after . . .

70?

$$80$$
 36 ?
 46

 65?
 75
 46 ?
 56

 20?
 30
 26 ?
 36

 40?
 50
 0 ?
 10

 2?
 12
 17 ?
 27

 10?
 20
 89 ?
 99

 90?
 10
 10
 10

 80?
 99
 14 ?
 24

 33?
 43
 1 ?
 11

 7?
 17
 50 ?
 50 ?

Ful more practice, do Page 16.



CET I

Your teacher will give you this test.

- 1. Count by 10's from 2 to 82.
- 2. Count by 10's from 26 to 76.
- 3. Count by 10's from 17 to 97.
- 4. Count by 10's from 43 to 93.

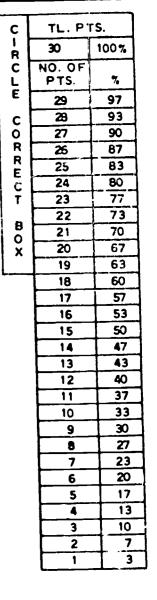
С	TL. P1	۲5.
R	4	100%
ローなりしま	NO. OF PTS.	%
E	3	75
С	2	50
0	1	25
R		
CORRECT		
Ĉ	ļ	
1		
8		
O X		
X	 	
	<u> </u>	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

Write the missing numerals, counting by 1's.

- 3, ____, 5, _____, _____, _____
- 22, _____, _____, _____, 27
- 68, _____, _____, _____, 73
- 81, ____, ____, 85

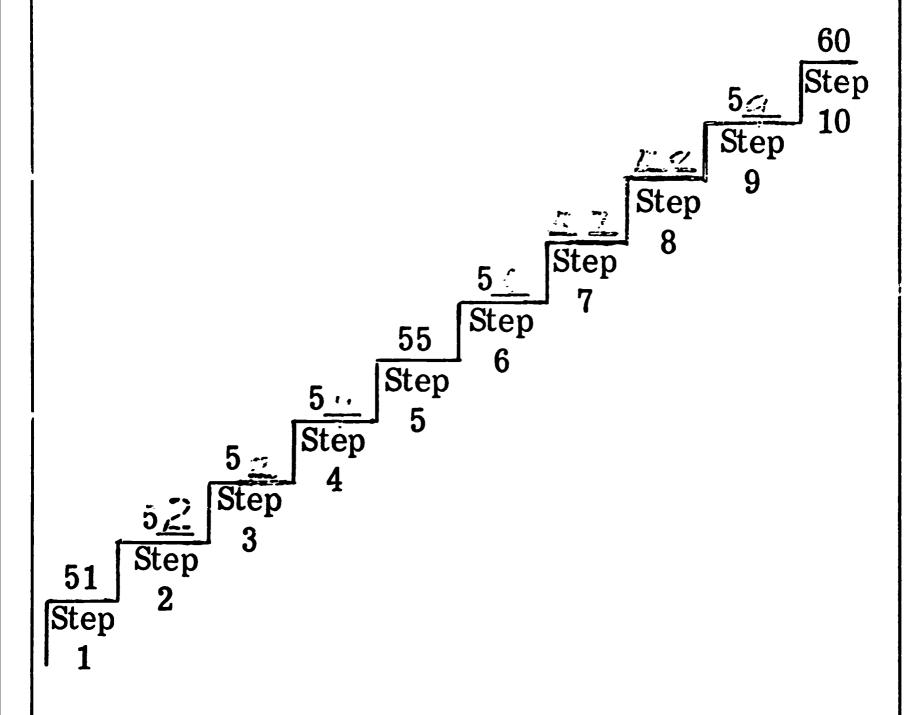
Write the missing numerals, counting backward by 1's.

- 7, 6, _____, ____, 3, _____, 1
- 33, _____, 31, _____, _____, _____
- 59, 58, ____, ____, 54
- 96,





Count by 1's from 50 to 60, and fill in the spaces.



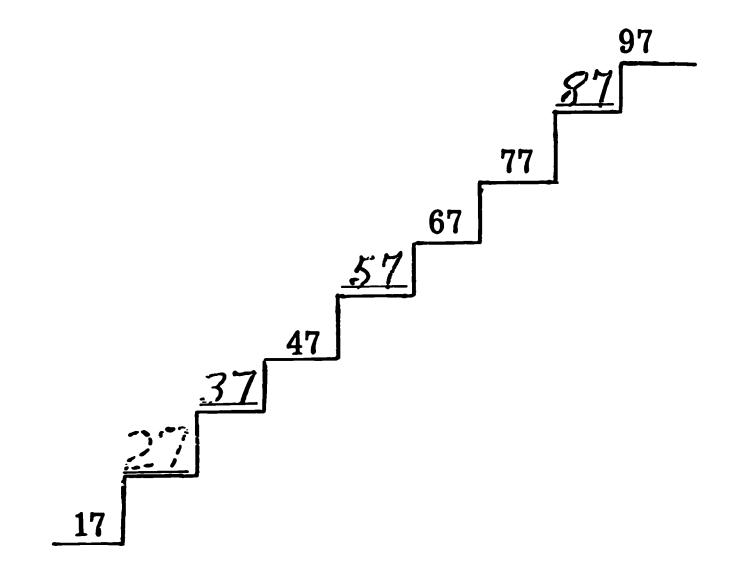
How many steps are there from 50 to 60? // more than 50.

Count by 10's from 50 to 100.

$$50, (60), (70), (70), (70), (70), (70)$$



Start on the first step and count by 10's to 97. Fill in the missing numerals as you count.



Count by 10's from 40 to 80.

40, 50, 60, 70, 80

Count by 10's from 50 to 100.

50, <u>60</u>, <u>70</u>, <u>80</u>, <u>90</u>, <u>100</u>

Count by 10's from 10 to 100.

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 30, 90, 100



Here are the numerals from 1 to 100.

Look at the numerals between the 's's.

Can you write them here?

$$10, 20, \dots, 50, \dots, 50, \dots, 50, \dots, 100$$

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
$$\stackrel{\bigstar}{10}$$
, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20,

Count by 10's from 70 to 100.

Count by 10's from 30 to 70.

Count by 10's from 40 to 90.



Here are the numerals from 1 to 100.

Look at the numerals between the O's.

Can you write them here?

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,

11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20,

21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,

31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40,

41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50,

51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60,

61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70,

71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80,

81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90,

91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100,

Count by 10's from 7 to 67.

7, 17, 27, 39, 47, 57, 67

Count by 10's from 27 to 97.

27, 37, 47, 57, 17, 77, 07, 97



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	7 8	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Can you use this numeral chart to count by 10's from 5 to 95?



Write the missing numerals as you count by 10's from

CET II

Your teacher will give you this test.

- 1. Count by 10's from 4 to 94.
- 2. Count by 10's from 16 to 96.
- 3. Count by 10's from 10 to 100.
- 4. Count by 10's from 25 to 95.

c	TL P	TS
R	4	100%
CIRCLE	NO OF PTS	•
E	3	75
C	2	50
Ö	1	25
R		
E		
CORRECT		
B 0		
O X		
		
	<u> </u>	

Write the missing numerals, counting by 1's.

- 6, _____, _____, 10
- 57, _____, _____, _____
- 76, _____, _____, _____
- 90, _____, _____, _____

Write the missing numerals, counting backward by 1's.

- 9, 8, _____, _____, ______
- 45, ____, ____, 41

Ç	TL P	TS.
R	30	100%
CIRCLE	NO. OF PTS.	7,
C	29	97
C	28	93
0	27	90
RO	26	87
REC	25	83
Č	24	80
T	23	77
В	22	73
ŏ	21	70
X	20	67
	19	63
	18	_ 60]
	17	_ 57
	16	53
	15	50
ł	14	47
	13	43
	12	43
ļ	11	
į	10	33
J	9	_ 30
ı		27
ı	7	23
I	6	20
ļ	5 4 3	17
Ţ	4	13
	3	10
	2	7

3

Page 18

Standard Toaching Sequence, Con't.

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Teaching Aids:

Bundled Counting Sticks
Assorted Abacus Sets
Counting Discs
Large and Small Pog Boards
Instructo Flannel Board Numbrals

Textbook Resources:





OBJECTIVE: Counts orally by 10's to 100 from any starting point.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Supplementary Material Page 1. Fills in numerals from 10 to 100, counting by 10's. 2. States what numerals come after certain other numerals when counting by 10's. 3. Counts by 1's from 10 to 20 and tells how many 1's there are between 10 and 20. 4. Counts by 1's from 30 to 40, and by 10's from 10 to 40. 11 12 5. Counts by 1's from 28 to 38, and by 10's from 28 to 98. 6. Counts vertically by 10's on number chart numbered 1-50. 13 7. Counting vertically by 10's on chart numbered 1-100; fills in blanks 14 between 3 and 93, 6 and 96, 8 and 98, and 10 and 100. 15 8. Counts short sequences by 10's. 9. Says what numerals follow certain other numerals when counting by 10's. 16 10. CET I. First segment oral. 17 CET II. First segment oral.



There is a prerecorded tape for this booklet.

Circle pages that are to be done.



SCHOOL CODE	NAME		
	NUMBER	CLASS	



MATHEMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequerce Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 5

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipsen, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Can you count backward?

See if you can count backward from 40 to 30.

Answers

40, 39, 38, 37, 36,

35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30



Page 1

Can you write these numerals?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

Write the numerals that are missing.

•	1			15					
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

Write the numerals from 1 to 20.

1	2	3	i.]	5	0	7	00	Ci	10
				15					



2 400 -

Write the numerals from 1 to 20.

			·		•	<i>?</i> ;
÷	·		 ,		. :	

Write the numerals that are missing.

1	3	5	•	7	 9	
11	13	15	,	17	19	

Write the numerals that are missing.

	2	4	6	8	10
	12	14	16	18	20

rage o

Can you write these numerals?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	2 8	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

Fill in the missing numerals.

1		3		5		8		
11			14				19	
21			24		26	28		
	32			35	·	38		40

For extra practice, do Page 16.



- 460 -

Fill in the missing numerals from 1 to 40.

1	06.	ى ئ	1.1	5	4	7	(C)	ej	10
11	12	13	11/	15	1/2	17	18	19	20
1	22				5 (i e		
<i>3i</i>	32	33	73	35	3/3	37	38	39	40

Write the numerals from 1 to 40.

' ',	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1								19	
i I								29	
1		1						39	

Can you write these numerals?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	2 5	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60

Fill in the missing numerals.

1		-		•		·		,	10
-			14				•	+ 4	
	22			-					30
41	• •			45	·	•	48	·	
	52		-			57			

Page 6

Here are the numerals from 50 to 100.

51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

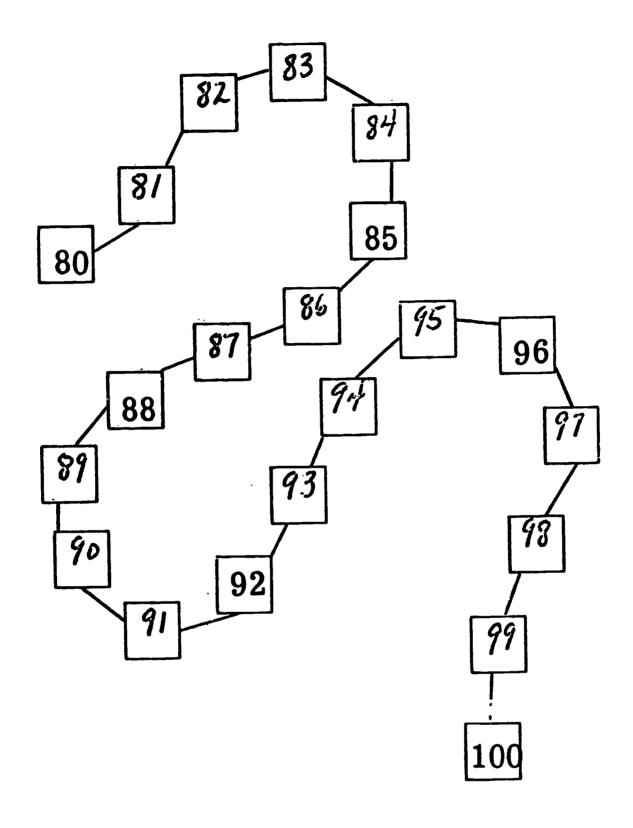
Fill in the missing numerals.

41	42.	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
				55					
				65			ŀ		70
				75		ļ			80
		l.	ł	85	•			Ĭ	90
		93		95					100

For extra practice, do Page 17.



Fill in the blanks on the numeral trail.



For extra practice, do Page 18.



Write in the numerals that go in the empty boxes.

Think the numerals that go in the shaded boxes.

1			5		
:		·			
	12-				

Fill in the missing numerals.

41	42	·		45	-			50
	, 1	53						
	62				66			
·		·	·			77		



Page 9

Write the missing numerals.

1	/n.		4			7			10
11				15	•			19	
	22				2 6		28		
		33		35					40
41			44			47			•
	52			55			58		60
61		63			66			69	
	72			75					80
81					86	87			
	92			95				99	

For extra practice, do Page 19.



CET I

Fill in the missing numerals, counting forward.

29,	_	_		•	. 35
20 ,	,	,	,	,	

Fill in the missing numerals, counting backward.

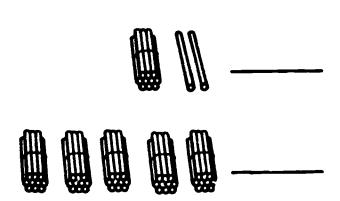
11,	10,	,	,	,	,	5
-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---

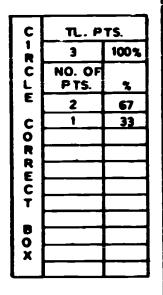
82.	81,				, 76
UL,	$\mathbf{U}\mathbf{I}_{\bullet}$	9	9)	, •••

	TL. P	TS.
ĭ		
R	27	100%
U-RUJE	NO. OF PTS.	
-	26	96
С	25	93
0	24	89
R	23	85
E	26 25 24 23 22	81
CORRECT	21 20 19 18 17 16	93 89 85 81 78 74 70 67 63 59 56 52 48 44
T	20	74
	19	70
8 0 X	18	67
X	17	63
	16	59
	15	56
	14	52
	13	46
	12	44
	11	41
	10	37
	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3	37 33 30 26 22 19 15
		30
	7	25
j	6	22
	5	19
	4	15
	3	11
		7
	1	4

Write the numeral on the line that tells how many sticks are in the picture.

There are 10 sticks in each bundle.







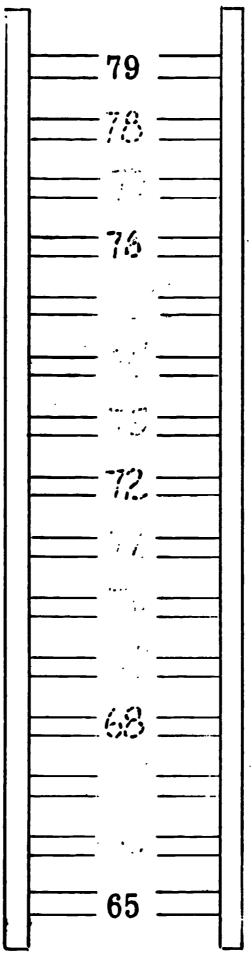
246

Count backward down these number stairs, and write the missing numbers. **52** 74 72



See if you can climb down this ladder.

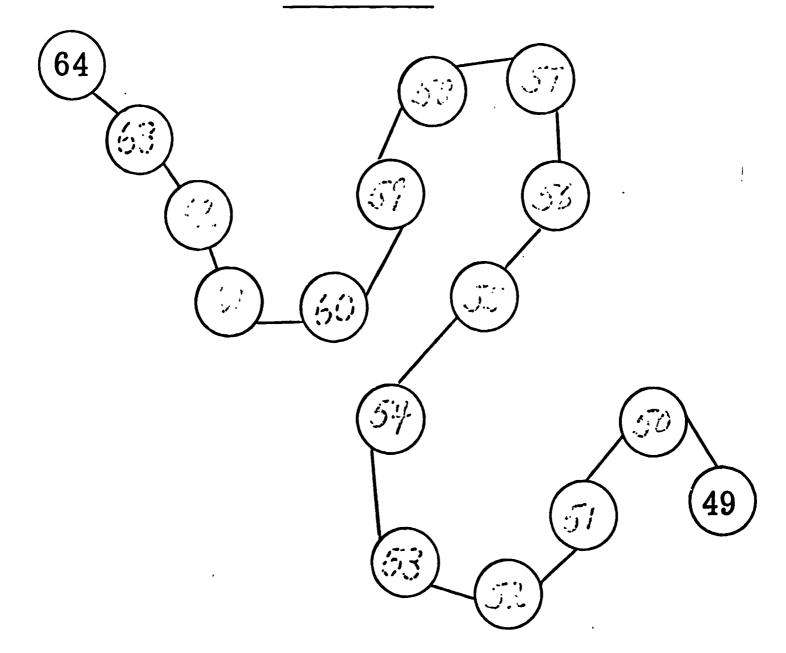
Write the numerals that come before 79.



For extra practice, do Page 21.



Number this chain backward from 64.



What numerals come before 90?

90, <u>89</u>, <u>80</u>, <u>87</u>, <u>86</u>, <u>85</u>, <u>94</u>, 83



Page 14

Fill in the chart, counting backward from 100.

100	.99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91
90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81
80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	7/
70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61
60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51
50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	4/
40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31
30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21
20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	//
10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

For extra practice, do Page 22.



CET I

Fill in the missing numerals, counting forward.

29,	_	•	•	•	. 35
20,	,	,,	,	,	

65, ____, ____, ____, 71

Fill in the missing numerals, counting backward.

11,	10.	•		•	• •	5
	,		7	7	, ,	

78, 77, _____, ____, ____, ____, 72

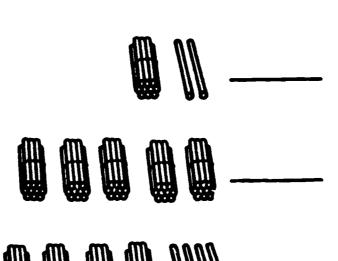
82,	81,	,	,	_,	,	76
	•				'صعبیسی	

_	71 0	
1	TL. P	15.
R	27	100%
U-RUJE	NO. OF PTS.	•
	26	96
С	25	93
CORRECT	24	89
7	23	85
Ē	22	81
Č	21	78
T	20	74
	19	70
80 X	18	67
X	17	63
	16	59
	15	36
	14	52
	13	4
	12	44
	11	41
	10	96 93 89 85 81 78 74 70 67 63 59 36 52 49 44 41 37 33
	9	33
	•	30
	7 .	25
	6	22
	5	19
	4	15
	3	11
	26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 6 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	26 22 19 15 11 7
	1	4

Write the numeral on the line that tells how many sticks are in the picture.

There are 10 sticks in each bundle.

ERIC



С	TL. PTS.						
	3	100%					
C-RCLE	NO. OF PTS.	3					
E	2	67					
С	1	67 33					
0							
R							
E							
CORRECT							
		\vdash					
8							
8 0 X							

- 48 - 20

Fill in the missing numerals.

2		4	6	8		10
 12		14	16	18		20
22	•	24	26	28	•	30
 32		34	36	38		40

Fill in the missing numerals.

1	 -	3		5	•	7	9	
11		13	•	15	. 1	17	19	
21	٠	23		2 5		27	29	
31		33		35		37	. 39	

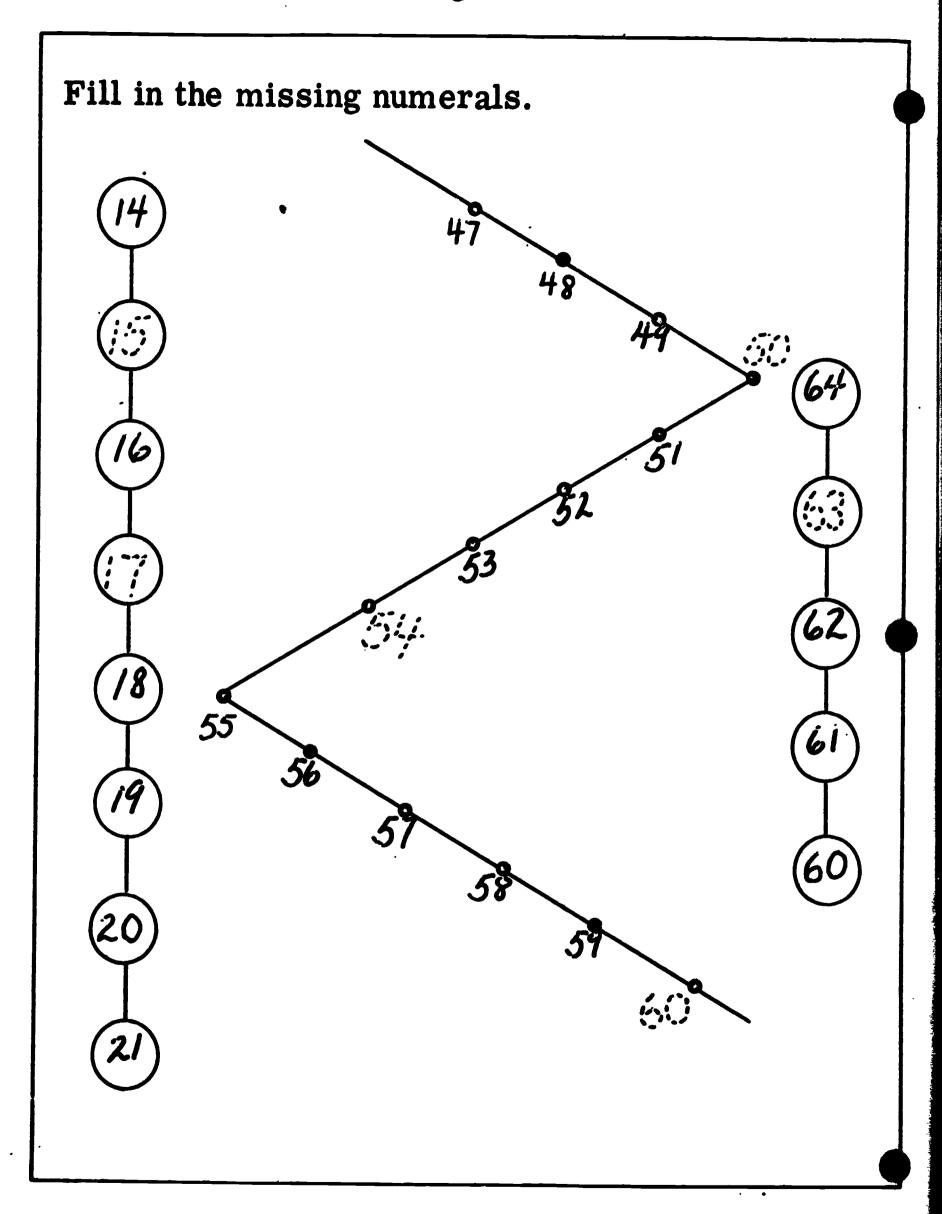


Page 17

Write the missing numerals.

1						· :			10
11									20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31				·			·		40
41			·		·				50
51	,	·		. ,	٠.		<i>:</i>		60
			54		1 2 2 7	. 7			70
·				75	7/2	77		•	80
					2/3	627	· ••	,	90
	1. n	//		4.0	, iii	1	: 6	•	100







Page 19

Fill in the missing numerals.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
//	12	13	14	15	16	/7	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	42	·						1	! • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	52					1.			
	62				ł			1	1
	72	1			i				
81			84					89	90
91			94		i	1	1	99	100

Read these numbers, counting backward from 50 to 39.

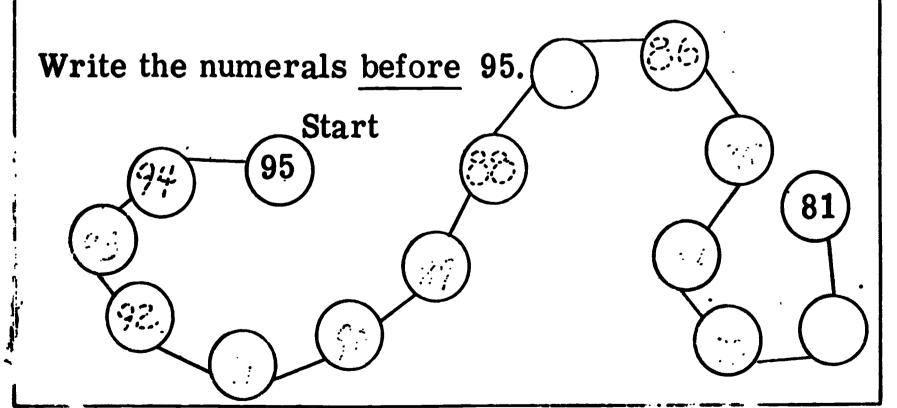
Now fill in the missing numbers.

Fill in the missing numerals.

51	•				56				. •
1.1	1.7	1 mg	10	/ <u></u>	1.5	67		-	·
47	7:2	73	74		• • • •	77			
91	82	e.; C3	2//			477 * 9	*		
91	12.	() ()	/	10 pm					

Counting backward, what numerals did you write before 68?

66 65 11 62 61



CET II

Fill in the missing numerals, counting forward.

42, , , , , , 48.

91, , , , , , 97.

84, ____, ___, ___, 90.

Fill in the missing numerals, counting

backward.

ERIC

33, 32, ____, ____, ____, 27.

100, 99, ____, ____, 94.

35, 34, , ___, ___, 29

С	TL. P	rs.
1	27	100%
TOWNSON MINN-O	7L. P- 27 NO. OF PTS. 26 28	
Ŀ	PTS.	•
	*	96
C	25	93
0	34	99
	23	85
Ë	22	81
Č	21	96 93 00 85 01 76 74 70 67 63 99
T	20	74
• 0 ×	19	70
ŏ	18	67
×	17	63
	***	- 22
		- 10
	19	32
	13	44
	11	-33
	10	27
		23
Ì	23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9	52 46 44 41 37 33 30 26 22
	7	2
	6	22
	5	19
	4	18 11 7
	3	11
	2	7
	1	. 4

Circle the numeral that tells how many sticks are in the picture.

92

29

Ç	TL. PTS.			
k	3	100%		
M-607m	NO. OF PTS.	9,		
E	2	6 7		
С	1	. 23		
0				
8				
E				
CORRECT				
•				
•				
•ox				

Page 14

Standard Toaching Sequence, Con't.

1967 - 68

Teaching Aids:

Bundled Counting Sticks
Assorted Abacus Sets
Counting Discs
Large and Small Peg Boards
Instructo Flannel Board Numerals

Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 One By One (Grade 1)		74

Page 15

OBJECTIVE: Writes numerals from 1 to 100 in sequential order or on an ordered set of pictures. Writes numerals in sequential forward or reverse order for small blocks of numbers.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

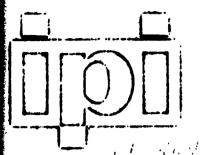
Supplementary Material Page Fills in missing numerals on charts in short sequences of 1 to 20. 1. Writes all the numerals from 1 to 20 and fills in missing numerals **. 2.** on charts in short sequences of 1 to 20. 16 3. Fills in missing numerals on chart of 1 to 40. Fills in missing numerals on chart of 1 to 40 and writes all the 4. numerals from 1 to 40. Fills in missing numerals on chart from 1 to 60. 5. 6. Fills in missing numerals on chart from 41 to 100. 17 Fills in missing numerals on a number trail from 80 to 100. 18 7. Fills in missing numerals on a chart from 1 to 80, and on a chart 8. from 41 to 80. Fills in missing numerals on a chart from 1 to 100. 19 9. States numeral that is "one less than another." Fills in small 10. blocks of numerals in reverse order. 20 Writes numerals in reverse order, 52 to 46 and 74 to 64. 11. 21. Writes numerals in reverse order, 79 to 65. 12. Writes numerals in reverse order, 64 to 49 and 90 to 83. **13.** Completes chart in reverse order from 100 to 1 with prompts 14. 22 at least at every tenth numeral. CET I. 15.

Circle pages that are to be done.

CET II.



SCHOOL CODE	NAME	
	NUMBER	CLASS



Warding and an es

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL B

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 6

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipsen, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kehut; Barbara Themas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jereme D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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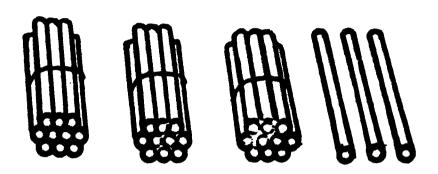
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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

How many sticks are there?



There are sticks.

You will do more problems like this in this booklet.

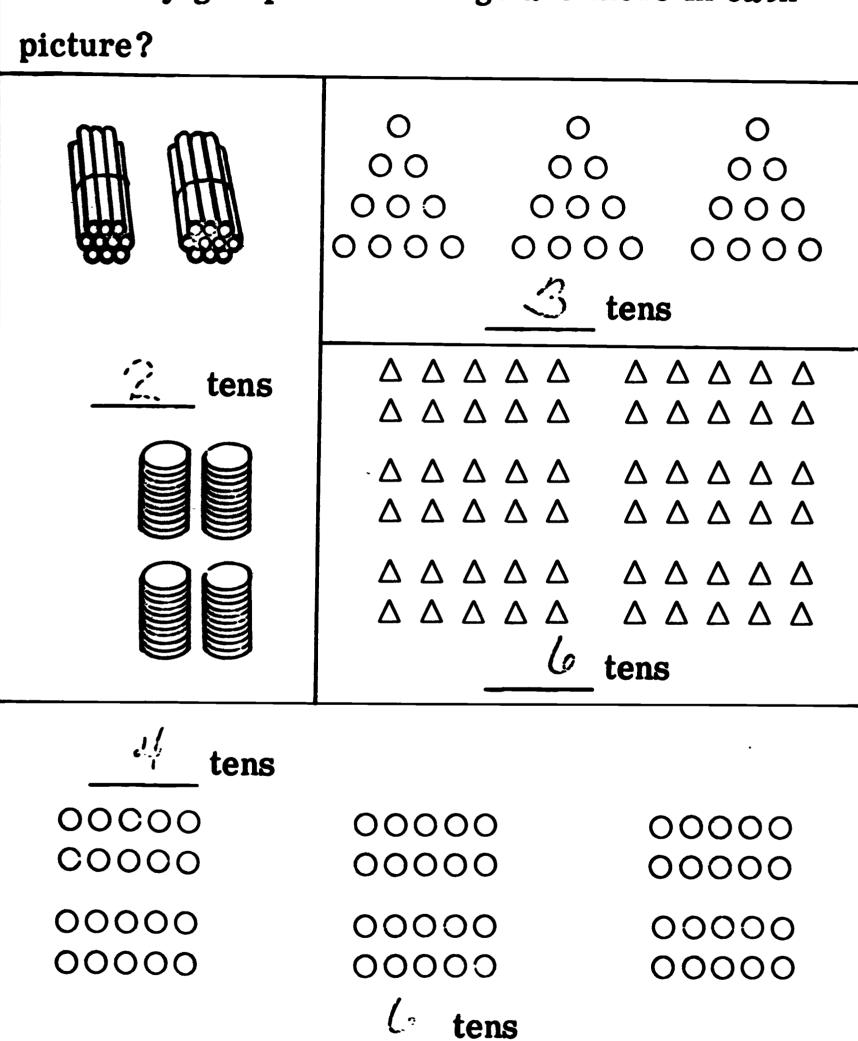
ERIC

Answer

33 sticks

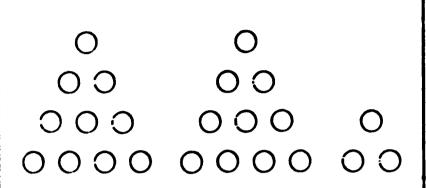
Page 1

How many groups of 10 things are there in each

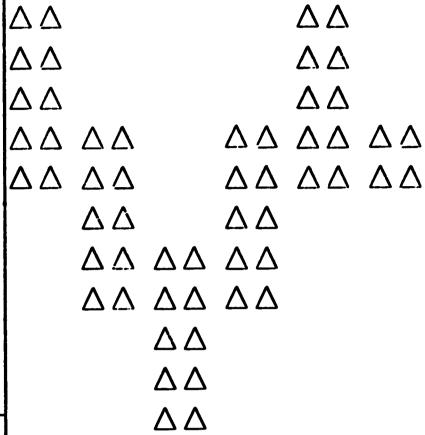


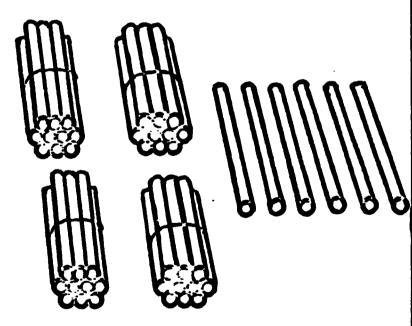


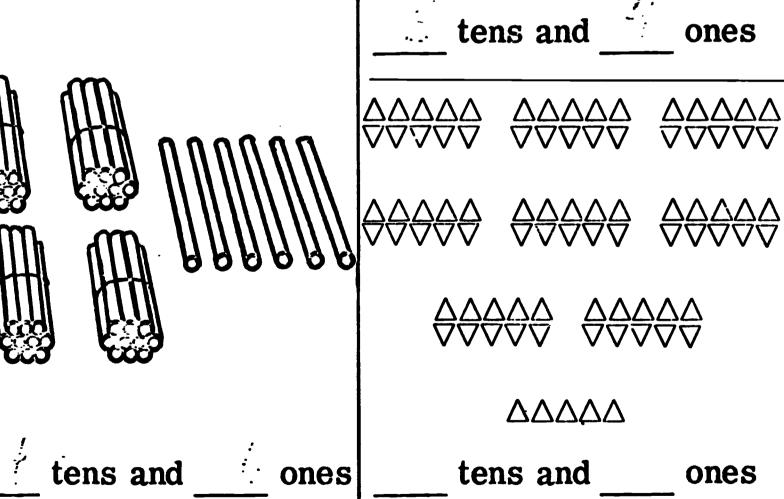
How many tens and ones?



tens and ones



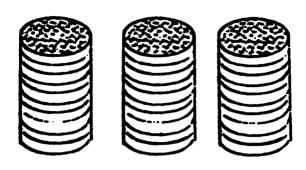




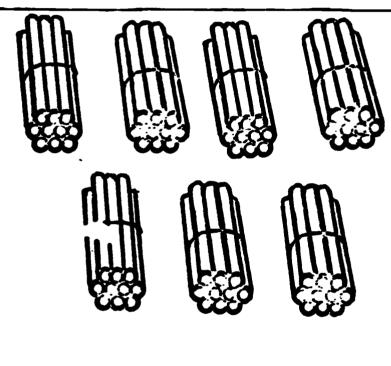
For extra practice, do Page 10



Circle the correct numeral.

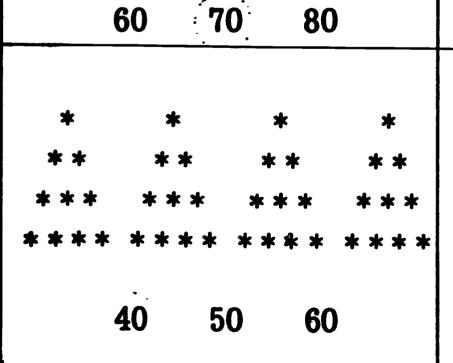


10 20 (30)

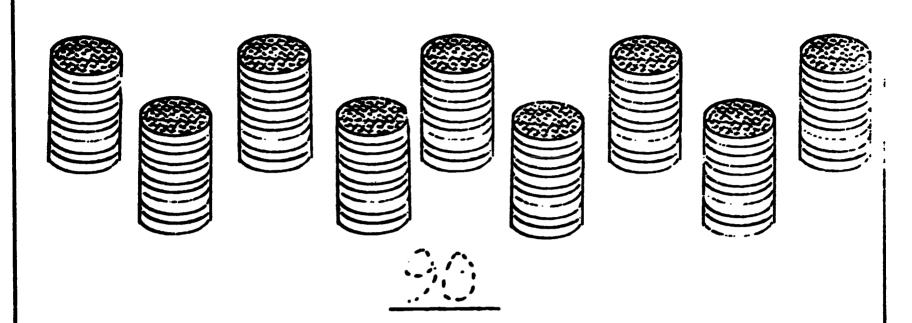


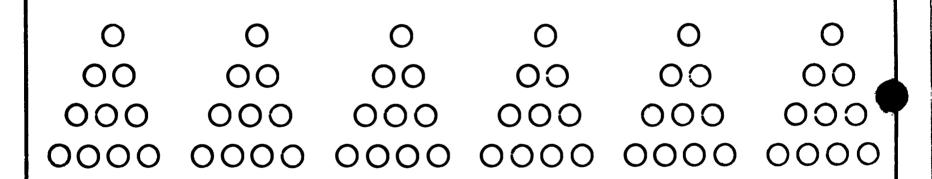
50

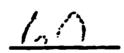
40



Write the numeral that tells how many things there are in each picture.









Write the numeral that tells how many things there are. 00000 00000

For extra practice, do Page 11

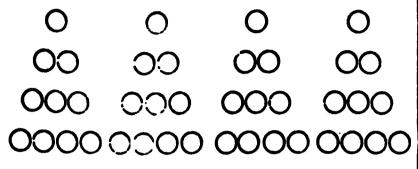


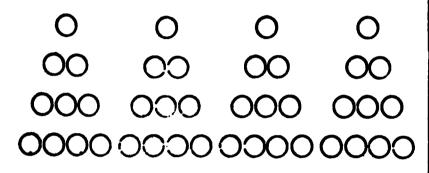
Circle the numeral that	t tells how many things
there are. Watch to see	if the groups are complete
(59)	60 69
m m m	00000 00000
	00000 00000
	00
	00000
53 63 (73)	25 27 47
00 00 00	
00 00 00 00	**** **** ****
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	O***** **** ****
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
00 00 00 00	
0 64 74 84	



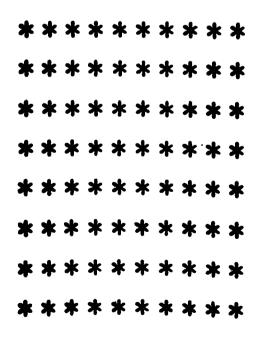
Write the numeral that tells how many things

there are in each picture.

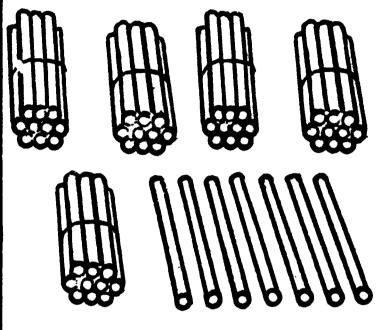




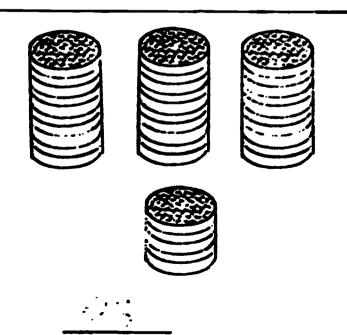








ΔΔΔ





Write the numeral that tells how many things there are. XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXXXX 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000

6

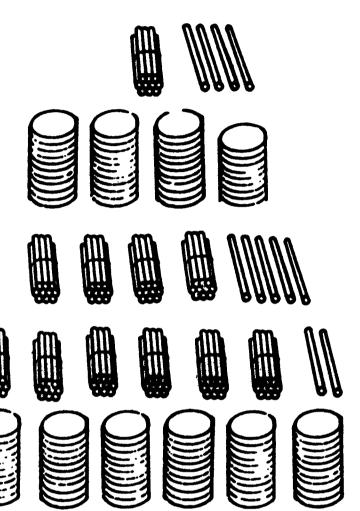
42

For extra practice, do Page 12



CET I

Write the numeral that tells how many things there are.



C	TL. PTS.					
R	5	100%				
ローないしゅ	NO. OF PTS.	%				
E	4	80				
c	3	60				
0	2	40				
R	1	20				
E						
CORRECT						
T						
BOX						
X						

Write the numeral that comes after the one shown.

15

59

ERIC

Write the numeral that comes before the one shown.

18

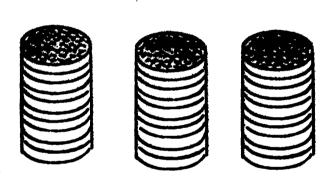
С	TL. P	TS .
	6	1003
MIDS-0	NO. OF PTS.	8
E	\$	63
С	4 .	67
0	3	\$0
3	2	33
Ē	1	17
-		
Ť		
0 X		
×		

How many tens and ones? Fill in the spaces. 10 10 10 10 $\triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle$ tens and _____ ones 00'00 000 000 7 tens and ? ones \mathcal{L} tens and $f_{\mathcal{L}}$ ones tens and ones

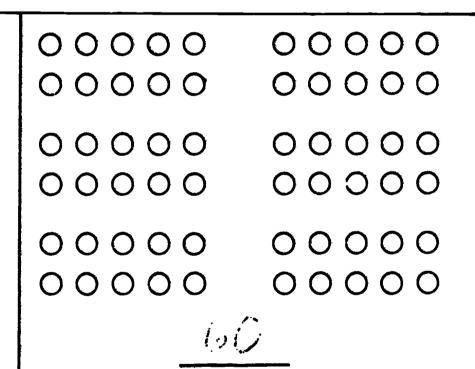
ERIC

Write the numeral that tells how many things there are.

0		0		0
00		00		ÓΟ
000		000		000
0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
	000		000	
	00		00	
	0	/>	0	

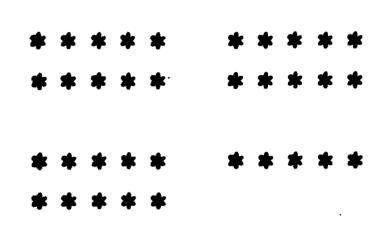


30

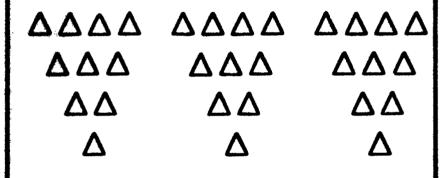


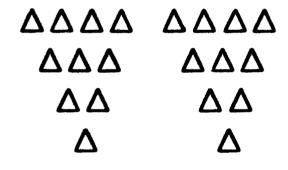
ΔΔΔΔΔ ΔΔΔΔΔ ΔΔΔΔΔ ΔΔΔΔΔ 20

Write the numeral that tells how many things there are.





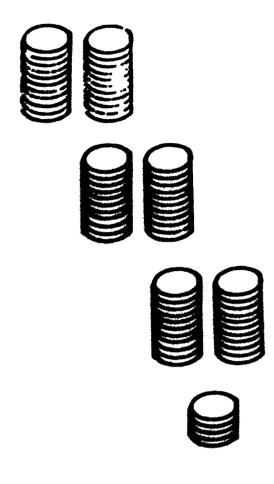


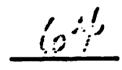


 $\Delta\Delta\Delta$ $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$

57

ERIC



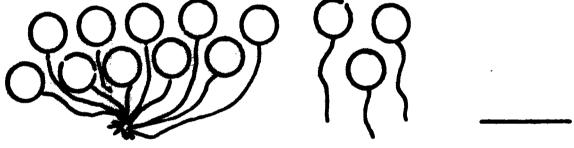


CET II

Write the numeral that tells how many things there are.

c	TL. PTS						
	5	103					
A-80-A	PTS.	*					
=	4						
C	3						
CORRECT		•					
ä							
E	•						
5							
'							
•							
0 ×							
^							



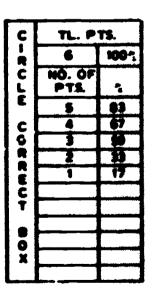


Write the numeral which comes:

before 58 after 23

before 39 after 74

before 16 after 82



Page 14

Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

Teaching Aids:

Ì,

Large and Small Peg Boards Discs available

Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages				
Marcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 One Br One (Grade 1)		31				
Marcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 Two Dy Tre (Grade 2)		19				



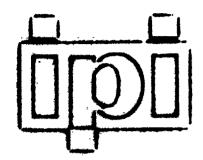
OBJECTIVE: States, selects, or writes the cardinal number of a structured group to 100. Groups are combined for easier counting.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page		Supplementary Material
1.	Writes correct number of tens in each grouping.	
2.	Writes correct number of tens and ones in each grouping.	10
3.	Circles correct number of things in each grouping. Multiples of 10.	
4.	Writes correct number of things in each grouping. Multiples of 10.	
5.	Writes correct number of things in each grouping. Multiples of 10.	11
6.	Circles correct number of things in each grouping.	
7.	Writes correct number of things in each grouping.	
8.	Writes correct number of things in each grouping.	12
9.	CET I.	
	CET II.	13

Circle pages that are to be done.

SCHOOL CODE	NAME	
	NUMBER	



WATE ENLYIES

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 7

Based upon meterials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Bovelopment Conter, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Libuen, Ph.S., Biroster; Edith Kehut; Barbara Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Contury-Crofts under the direction of Jorome B. Haplan, Ed.B., Teachers College, Columbia University

Apploton Contary-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION

TO THE STUDENT

Fill in the missing numerals.

_____, 96, ______, 98, _____

The first missing numeral is the one that comes <u>before</u> 96.

The second missing numeral comes between 96 and 98.

The third missing numeral comes after 98.

Answers

95, 96, <u>97</u>, 98, <u>99</u>

Fill in these blanks to put the numerals in order.

38, 40, 41

______, 62, _______, 64

73, _____, 75, _____

Circle the numeral that comes <u>before</u> the numeral with a line under it.

35 '(71)' 14 <u>72</u>

99 15 54 <u>55</u>

62 99 101 <u>100</u>

41 42 78 43

Circle the numeral that comes <u>after</u> the numeral with a line under it.

<u>80</u> 79 89 (81)

<u>69</u> 70 68 71

<u>98</u> 97 99 100

<u>76</u> 75 72 77

Write the numerals that come before and after the numerals on the balloons. ·: ;



CET I

Write the numeral that comes after the numeral shown.

11 ____ 44 ___ 67 ___ 89 __

Write the numeral that comes before the numeral shown.

____ 14 _____ 55 _____ 78 _____ 80

Write the numeral that comes between the numerals shown.

9 11

81 ____ 83

24 ____ 26

96 ____ 98

42 ____ 44

59 61

Draw a > or < in the circle to show which of these numerals is smaller.

9	O	29
12	Ŏ	6
13	Ö	32
65	O	56
78	O	74
82		12

C	TL. PTS.			
-	6	100%		
M-801M	NO. OF PTS.	*		
-		83		
C	4	67		
9	3	80		
2	2	33		
Ë	1	17		
CORRECT				
T				
ě				
×				



Fill in the numeral which comes between the numerals shown.

Fill in the numeral which comes between the numerals shown.

Fill in the numeral which comes between the numerals shown.

ERIC

CET II

Write the numeral that comes before the numeral shown.

54

100

11

Write the numeral that comes after the numeral shown.

84 ____

50 ____

26

Write the numeral that comes between the numerals shown.

92, ____, 94

29, ____, 31

75, ____, 77 40, ____, 42

27, ____, 29 79, ____, 81

Draw a > or < in the circle to show which of these numerals is smaller.

'n	TL. PTS.			
À	6	1005		
BLOB-O	NO. OF	•		
-	\$	69		
¢	•			
	3			
Ä				
-				
Ŧ				
Ŏ				
×				

Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

1967 -68

Teaching Aids:

ERIC _

Large and Small Peg Boards Discs available Link-numbers Game Judy Square Counting 1 to 900

Textbook Resources:

•	1
Teaching Pages	Prestice Pages
	47
	23
	•
	Teaching Pages



OBJECTIVE: Identifies what number comes immediately before or after a given number or between two numbers, for numbers to 100, with or without structured groups.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

1. Writes numeral immediately before or after given numeral, with numeral line for help. 2. Completes four-numeral sequence, given two numerals. 3. Identifies numeral, among other numerals, immediately before or after given numeral. 4. Writes numerals immediately before and after given numerals.

Circle pages that are to be done.

5. CET L

CET IL

Supplementary

SCHOOL	CODE	

NAME		

CLASS

П	
П	201
	2011
	-

MATREMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

NUMBER

LEVEL I

NUMERATION (01)

SKILL 8

Based upon meterials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Bouelepment Contor, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Laguen, Ph.B., Director; Edith Kebut; Barbers Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Contury-Crofts under the direction of Jacome B. Kaptan, Ed.B., Teachers College, Columbia University

Angloton-Contury-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

What number is one less than 80? Write it in the blank.

What number is one more than 32?

Can you circle the largest number?

42

71

64

Now put an X on the smallest number. You'll get more practice in this booklet, and learn what > and < mean.

Answers

Page 1

Draw a circle around the smaller number in each pair.

For extra practice, do Page 14

Page 2

Put a che	ck on t	he <u>small</u> e	est numbe	erin ea	ch row.	
3.6	43	50				
√ 41	60	83				
94	√ 84	91				
43	√ 24	35	4	49	9,0	
			50	√ 19	81	
			100	51	2 1	(
27	72	2	√ 9	88	18	
79	71	100				
96	95	93				
49	79	29				

For extra practice, do Page 15

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

< means less than.

4 is less than 6.

So 4 (6.

Read this as "four is less than 6."

Put a < in the circle.

3 is less than 5.

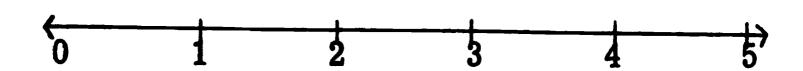
So 3 (3) 5.

Write the words in the blanks.

2 < **4** means

2 is less than 4

Fill in the missing numeral or sign.



Which is smaller, 2 or 5? 2So 2 < 5

Which is smaller, 1 or 4?

So ____ <

Which is smaller, 4 or 2?

So 2

Which is smaller, 2 or 0?

So _____

For extra practice, do Page 16

Which number of each pair is bigger? Write an answer using <.

Put your answers here.

41 22

22 (4:

62 74

62 < 74

97 99

97 4 99

14 12

12 11

47 74

47 (1)

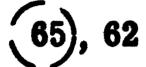
10 100

10 < 100

87 .77

77 [1] 87

Draw a circle around the greater number in each pair.



For extra practice, do Page 17



Draw a circle around the greatest number in each set.

(80)

(22)

(95)

AS

(6)

For extra practice, do Page 18

Fill in the correct symbol or word.

- > means greater than.
 - 7 is greater than 2.

So 7();)2.

Read this as "seven is greater than 2."

Put > in the circle.

6 is greater than 3.

So 6 3.

4 > 1 means

4 is greater than 1.

With both < and >, the smaller end points toward the smaller number.

8 < 9

9 > 8



Fill in the correct numeral or sign.



Which is greater, 4 or 3?

Which is greater, 6 or 2? _____

Which is greater, 5 or 6?

For extra practice, do Page 19.

Page 10

Which number of each pair is bigger? Write an answer using >

Put your answers here.

Remember these hints.

small end < big end big end > small end

smaller number < bigger or greater number bigger or greater number > smaller number

Circle the smaller number, at the small end. number, at the big end.

$$(43)$$
 < 62

$$(37)$$
< 49

$$62 > \boxed{47}$$

Circle the greater

For extra practice, do Page 20

Put > or < in the \bigcirc .



For extra practice, do Page 21.

$\boldsymbol{\cap}$	T	T	T
L	L	- 1	- 1

Circle the greatest			Circle the smallest		
number in each			number	r in ea	ach
group.			group.		
21	26	24	18	38	83
35	46	60	34	21	43
79	63	74	57	52	59
85	58	53	71	84	60

C	TL. P	T&
 	14	100%
A-6014	NO. 57 PT2	•
- [13	93
c	18	
CORRECT	- 11	7
		7.1
ë.		4
e l	-1-1	
!	-I	-11
\$ E		
^ h	-1	
_		-
	1	7

Mark greater than, > or less than, <.

2 5 77 80 23 18 60 50 46 44 91 99

Put a check on the fifth tree.



ERIC

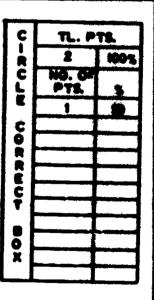










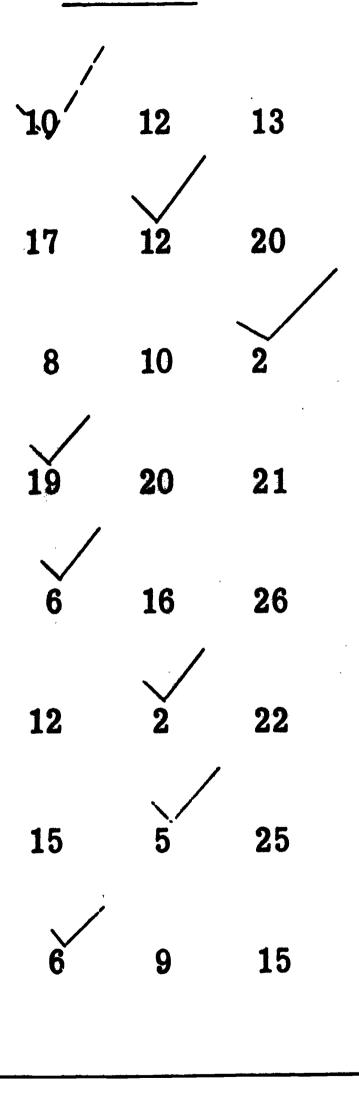


Put a check on the second leaf.

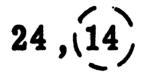




Put a check on the smallest number in each set.



Draw a circle around the smaller number.





< means is less than.

4 is less than 6.

So 4 6

Which number is smaller? Write your answer.

So 2 / 3

So $\underline{5} < \underline{6}$

So 0 1

Draw a circle around the greater number.

(27), 17

33 , 38

(41), 39

43,50

24 (52)

47 (50)

(12), 8

0 , 10

Put a circle around the greatest number.

24 42 (50)

47) 37 27

15 12 11

42 (43) 41

60 (61) 59

49 30 19

19 29 (39)

> means is greater than.

14 is greater than 8.



Which number is greater?

8 > 4 means 8 is greater than 4.

4 < 5 means 4 is smaller than 5.

Remember, the small end of < or > always points to the smaller number.

Circle the smaller number.

$$(5)$$
 < 8

$$6 > (2)$$

$$(8)$$
< 10

Circle the greater number.



Put < or > in the circle.

17 () 27

39 ()25

79 ()64

92 () 29

41 () 75

58 () 28

64 () 85

32 () 69

			CET	11		_
Circle	the gr	eatest	Circle t	he <u>s</u>	mallest	
number	r.		number	•		C TL. PTS.
14	·5 2	31	67	7 5	17	R. 10 100% C NO. OF PTS. %
93	47	39	12	11	13	C 46 60 0 15 61
15	16	10	56	65	58	R 13 72 C 12 67 T 11 61
25	24	43	100	10	1	9 9 86 2 9 90 X 7 9
88	33	28	20	42	19	9 33 5 39 4 22 3 17
Fill in	the co	orrect s	sign, >	or ·	<.	2 11
42		13	76		67	
53		54	48		88	
29		92	35		13	
19		9	77		96	
Put an	X on	the this	rd kite.			C TL. PTS.
Put an						2 100% C NO. 00 % PTS. %
			in turu			



OBJECTIVE: Selects which of two (or three) numbers is greater (greatest), smaller (smallest) for numbers to 100. Places > or < between two numbers to indicate the greater or lesser.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page		Supplementary Material
1.	Identifies smaller number of 2.	14
2.	Identifies smallest number of 3.	15
3.	Writes < for "is less than."	
4.	Identifies smaller number of two and inserts <.	16
5.	Orders two numbers, inserting < between them.	
6.	Circles greater number of 2.	17
7.	Circles greatest number of 3.	18
8.	Writes > for "is greater than."	
9.	Identifies greater number of two and inserts >.	19
10.	Orders two numbers, inserting > between them.	
11.	Identifies greater or smaller number in number statements, using > or < .	20
12.	Writes > or < between two numbers.	21
13.	CET I.	
	CET II.	22

Circle pages that are to be done.

Page 24

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1967 - 68

Sequence No. Prescription No.

23R

Writes greater-than and less-than signs to show the larger of two numbers. Makes up a sentence using a greater-than sign; makes up a sentence using a less-than sign.

Writes a greater-than sign or a lessthan sign in a box to make true sentences.

Teaching Aids:

Instructo Flannel Board Symbols (> and <) Add - A - Count Scale Counting Sticks Counting Discs

Textbook Resources:

Book

Teaching Pages Practice Pages

GREATER THAN AND LESS THAN

Today you are going to work some problems that have to do with greater than and less than. (pause)

Suppose you have 5 candy bars and your friend has three.

Who would have the greater amount? (long pause) You would have
the greater amount of candy because five is greater than three.

You would have two more candy bars more than your friend. (pause)

Read the first problem on your worksheet. (pause) You will notice in the arithmetic sentence, a five, a three, and a greater-than sign. A greater-than sign is just a short way of writing out the words "is greater than." You read this sentence from left to right: five is greater than three. Can you say that? (pause) Notice that larger number, five, is on the side where the sign is wide. The sign becomes narrow where the smaller number, three, appears. (pause)

Let's try another problem. You still have five candy bars and your friend has three. Who would have the smaller amount? (long pause) Your friend would have the smaller amount of candy because three is less than five. (pause) In problem two of your worksheet you will notice in the arithmetic sentence a three, a five, and a less-than sign. A less-than sign is just a short way of writing out the words "is less than." You read this sentence from left to right: 3 is less than 5. Can you say that? (pause)

Notice that the smaller number, three, is still on the side in which the sign is narrow, and the sign still becomes wider where the larger number, five, appears. (pause) Because we read from left to right, when we use the less-than sign we put the smaller



B - Num - 8 - 23R (con't)

number and the narrow side on the left, (pause) and we put the larger number and the wide side on the right. (pause) Keeping this in mind, fill in the dotted lines of problem 3. BELL

Because we read from left to right, when we use the greaterthan sign we put the larger number and the wide side on the left, (pause) and we put the smaller number and the narrow side on the right. (pause) Keeping this in mind, fill in the dotted lines of problem 4. BELL

Look at problem 5. Which number is larger, 5 or 7? (pause) That's right, 7 is greater than 5. Now put a greater-than sign in the box to make this sentence.

See if you can write your own less-than sentence in problem 6. BELL

Now try a greater-than sentence in problem 7. BELL.

Turn the page and work the problems on the next page.

If you have any trouble, listen to the disc again. When you have finished, put me away and take your two papers to the Aide.

BELL.

Name	KE	<u> </u>	
------	----	----------	--

_ Date____ Room_

Get disc B - Num - 8 - 23R

- 1. 5 > 3
- 2. 3 < 5
- 3. 4 < 7
- 4. 6 > 2

- \ \ any reasonable answer

(6-67)

ERIC

B - Num - 8

338

305

Name_Ksy Date___Room_10

Put or < in the boxes to make the sentences true.

- 1. 7 🛛 9
 - 2. 12 > 8
 - 3. 24 < 27
 - 4. 19 > 13
 - 5. 87 > 83
 - 6. 12 🚄 36
 - 7 100 5 51
 - 8. 63 > 42
 - 9. 21 4 77
- 10. 90 > 19

ERIC

Name_	
	page 3 Extra Fun
	Keep this page.
l go	outside to play after o'clock
	and before o'clock.
l eat	t dinner after o'clock and
	before o'clock.
My fa	vorite television program starts after
	o'clock and before o'clock
l go	to bed after o'clock and
	before o'clock.

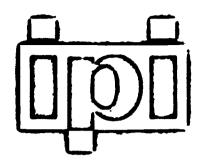
(6-67)

B-T-3

19R 307

ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

SCHOOL CODE	NAME	·	
	NUMBER	CLASS	



MATREMATICE

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL 1

NUMERATION (01)

SKIII G

Boood upon materials developed by The Methometics Cerriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Hotut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jorome B. Keplon, Ed.B., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Do you know the <u>names</u> for <u>positions</u> of things, as you count them?

Draw a big X on the second and sixth balls.

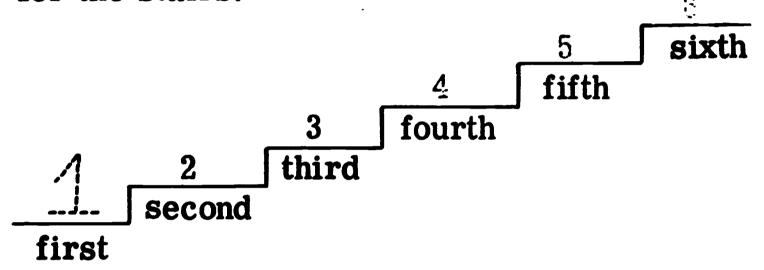


Answers

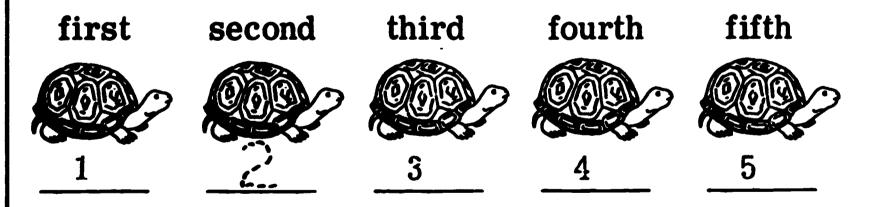


This is a new way to count things up through 10. Each thing gets a name as you count it. This new name is its position name.

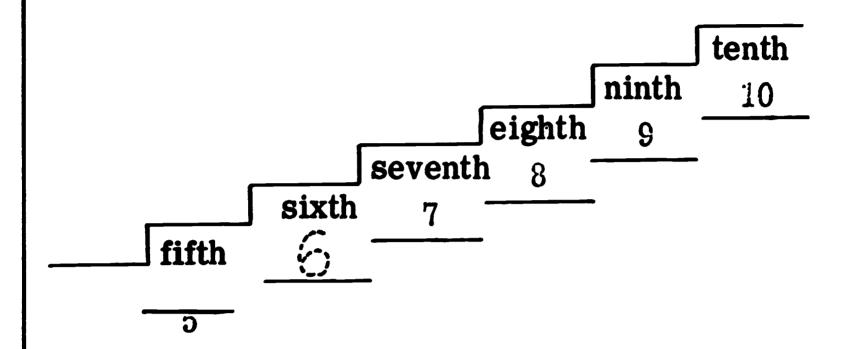
Write the <u>numerals</u> that go with the <u>position names</u> for the stairs.



Write the numerals that go with the position names for the turtles.



Write the numerals that go with the position names for the stairs.



Write the numerals that go with the position names for the turtles

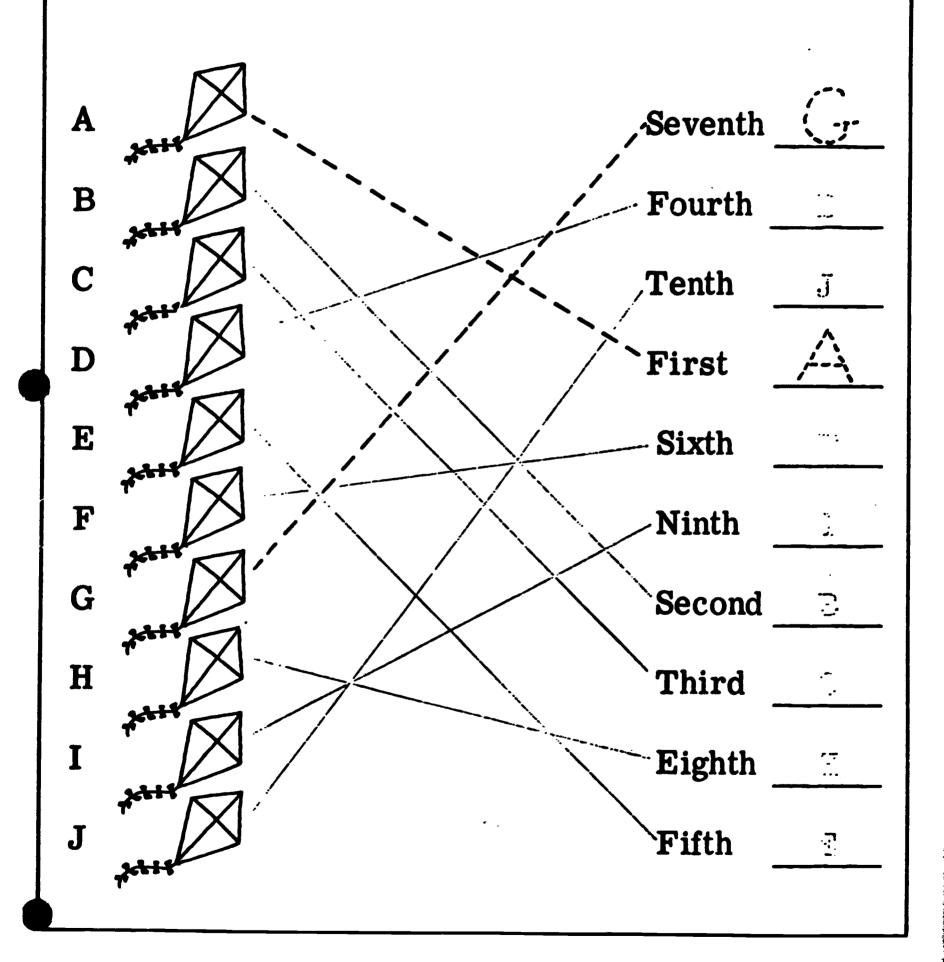
sixth seventh eighth ninth tenth

6 7 8 9 10

ERIC

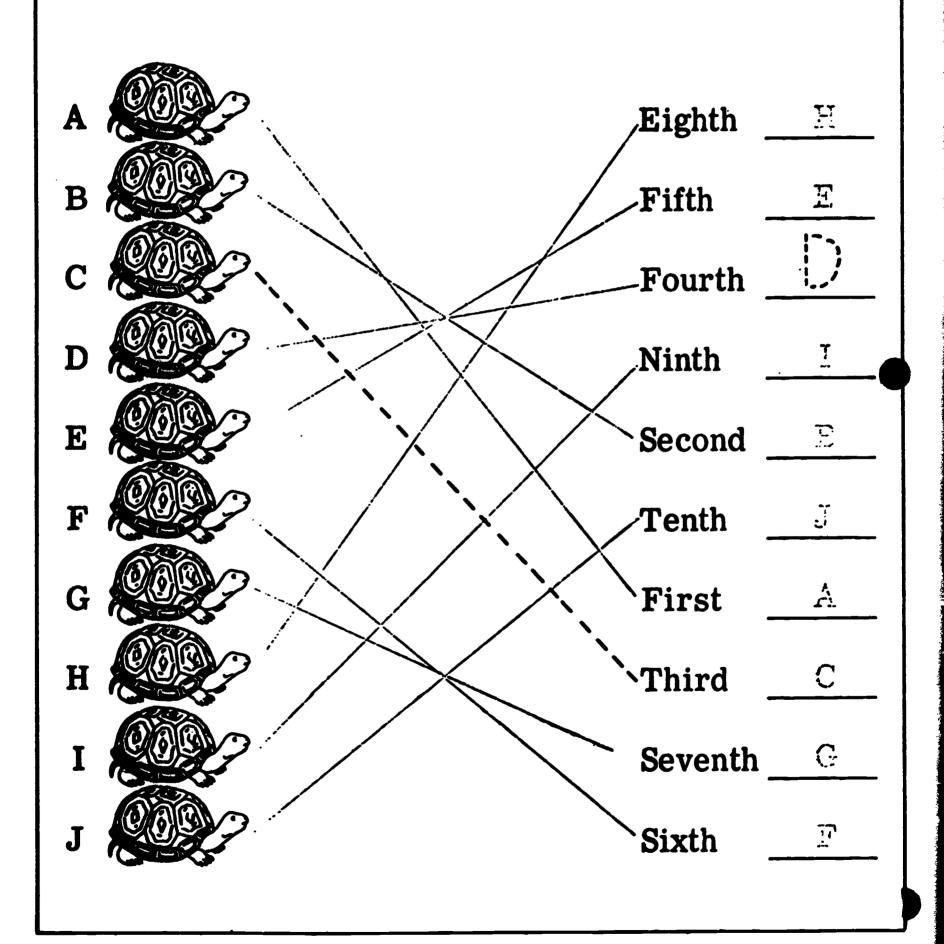
Draw a line from each kite to its position name.

After the name, write the letter that is next to each kite.





Draw a line from each turtle to its position name. After the name, write the letter that is next to each turtle.





Which boxes have an X on them?

Circle the position name of each box with an X on it.

I have a position name of each box with an X on it.

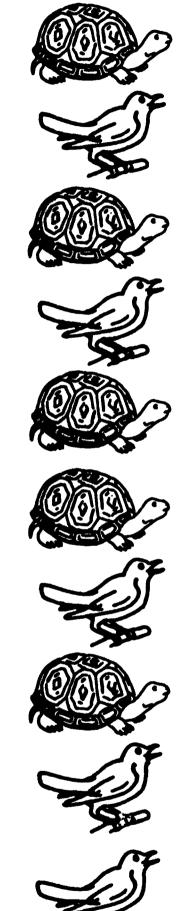
I have a position name of each box with an X on it.

I have a position name of each box with an X on it.

I have a position name of each box with an X on it.

I have a position name of each box with an X on it.

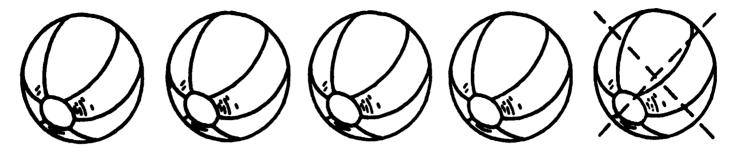
Which are the birds, and which are the turtles? Circle the position names of the turtles.



fifth seventh second
tenth eighth first fourth
third sixth ninth

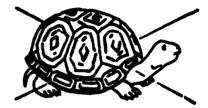


Draw an X on the fifth ball.

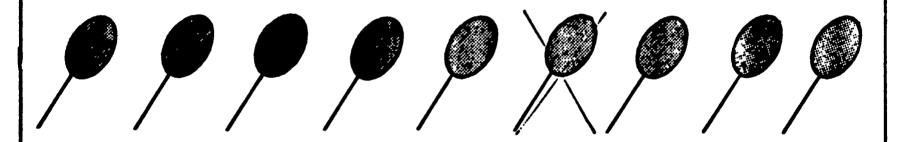


Draw an X on the second turtle.





Draw an X on the sixth lollipop.



Draw an X on the third jar.









Draw an X on the fourth girl.





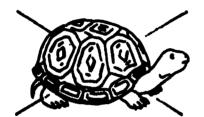
Draw an X on the fourth star.



Draw an X on the ninth bird.



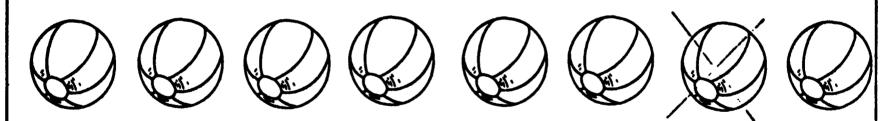
Draw an X on the first turtle.







Draw an X on the seventh ball.



Draw an X on the tenth leaf.



For more practice, do Page 10.



CET I

Draw an X on the thing that is in the position shown by each name.

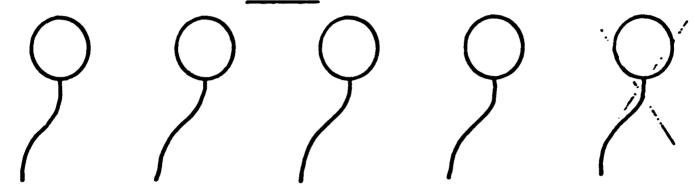
С	TL. P	TS.
	•	100%
ローまい コモ	NO. OF PTS.	%
E	7	88
c	6	75
ORREO	5	63
2	4	50
F .	3	30
c	2	25
T	1	13
■o×		
×		

position snown by each name.
FOURTH
EIGHTH
FIRST
TENTH (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3
THIRD
NINTH A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE
ZXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SECOND
你是你是你是你是你是你是 你

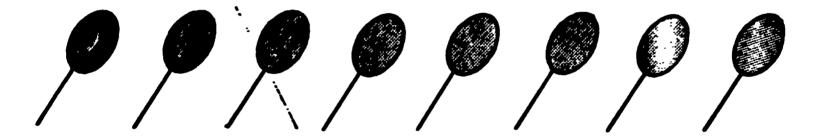
Draw an X on the second book.



Draw an X on the fifth balloon.



Draw an X on the third lollipop.



Draw an X on the fourth star.



Draw an X on the sixth ball.



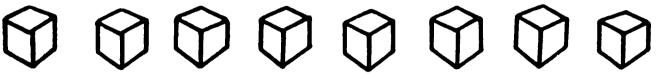


CET II

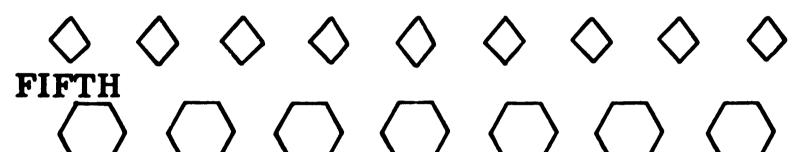
Draw an X on the thing that is in the position shown by each name.

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ユーボリコー	NO. OF PTS.	%
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c	6	75
COR	5	63
R	4	50
R	3	36
REC	2	25
T	1	13
8 O X		
X		
_ ^		

SIXTH



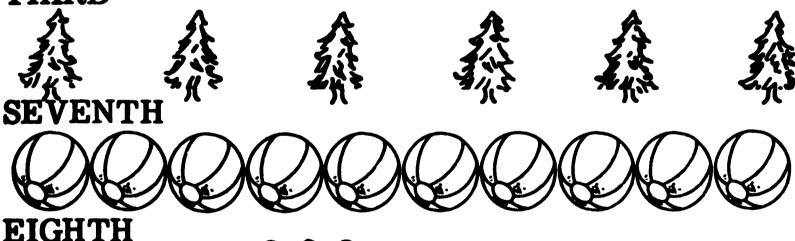
SECOND

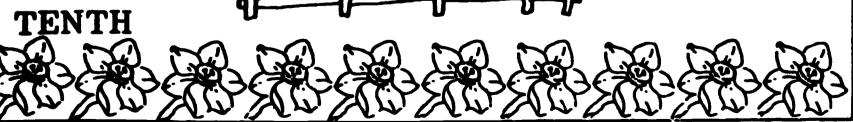


NINTH



THIRD









OBJECTIVE: Places an X on the object with the specified ordinal position, to "tenth."

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page	Supplement Materia
1. Writes numerals in sequence to match pictured ordinal position, to "fifth."	
2. Writes numerals in sequence to match pictured ordinal position, "sixth" to "tenth."	
3. Matches sequenced pictures with correct position name, "first" to "tenth."	
4. Matches sequenced pictures with correct position name, "first" to "tenth."	
5. Circles correct ordinal position name for pictured sequence	
6. Circles correct ordinal position name for pictured sequence.	
7. Marks an X on the object in the specified ordinal position.	
8. Marks an X on the object in the specified ordinal position.	10
9. CET I.	
CET II	11

Circle pages that are to be done.



Page 13

Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

1967 - 68

Sequence No. Prescription No.

Numbers objects labeled with ordinal number words. Marks object in specified ordinal positions.

Narks object in specified ordinal positions (objects are labeled with ordinal number words).

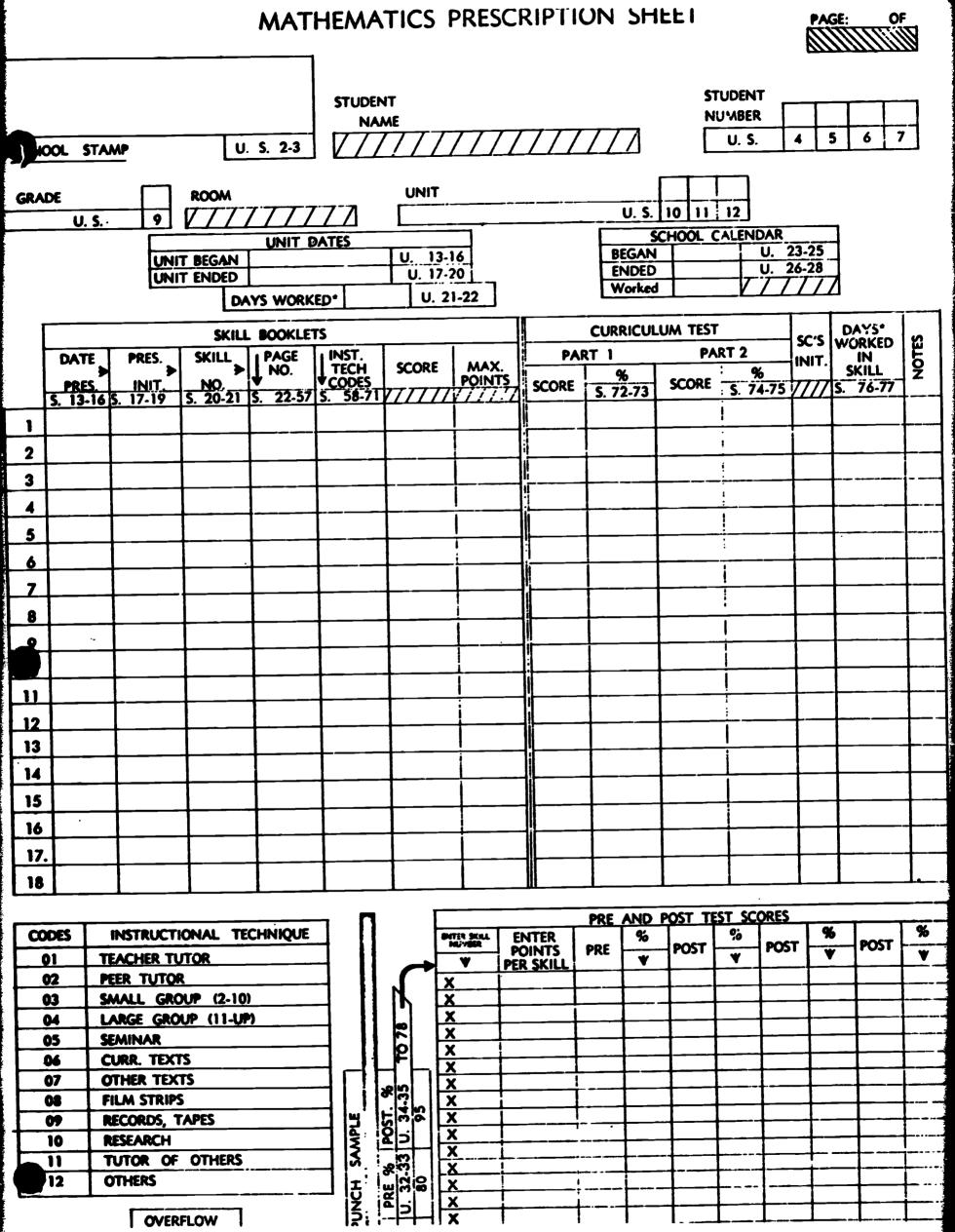
Narks object in specified ordinal positions (objects unlabeled).

Teaching Aids:

Place Value Sticks
Place Value Flannel Board Cut-outs
Place Value Charts, Boards
Large and Small Peg Boards
Discs available
Link-numbers Game
Judy Square Counting 1 to 900
Counting Rods
Cubicle Counting Blocks on Frame

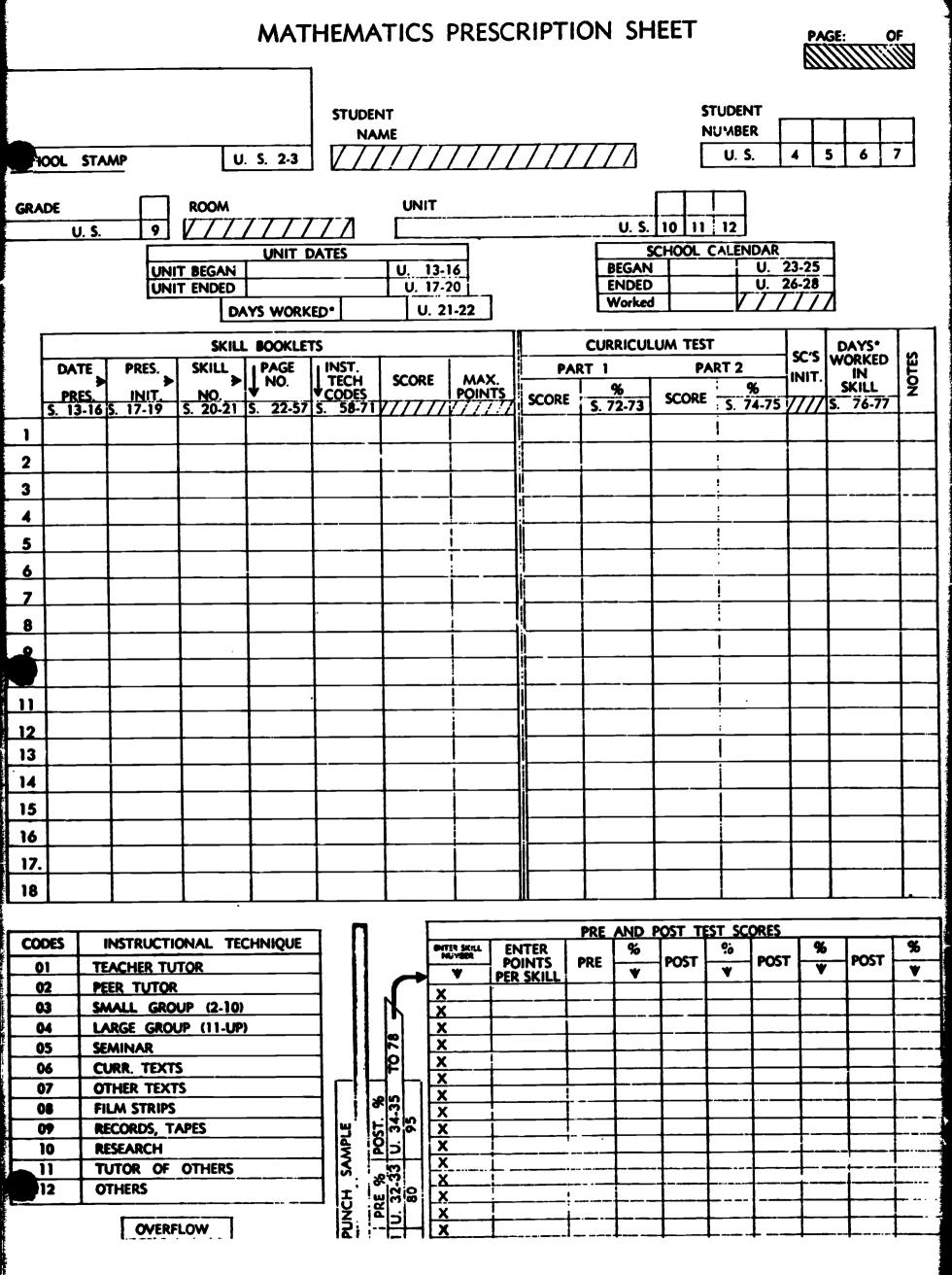
Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1965 Two By Two (Grade 2)		37



ERIC

323





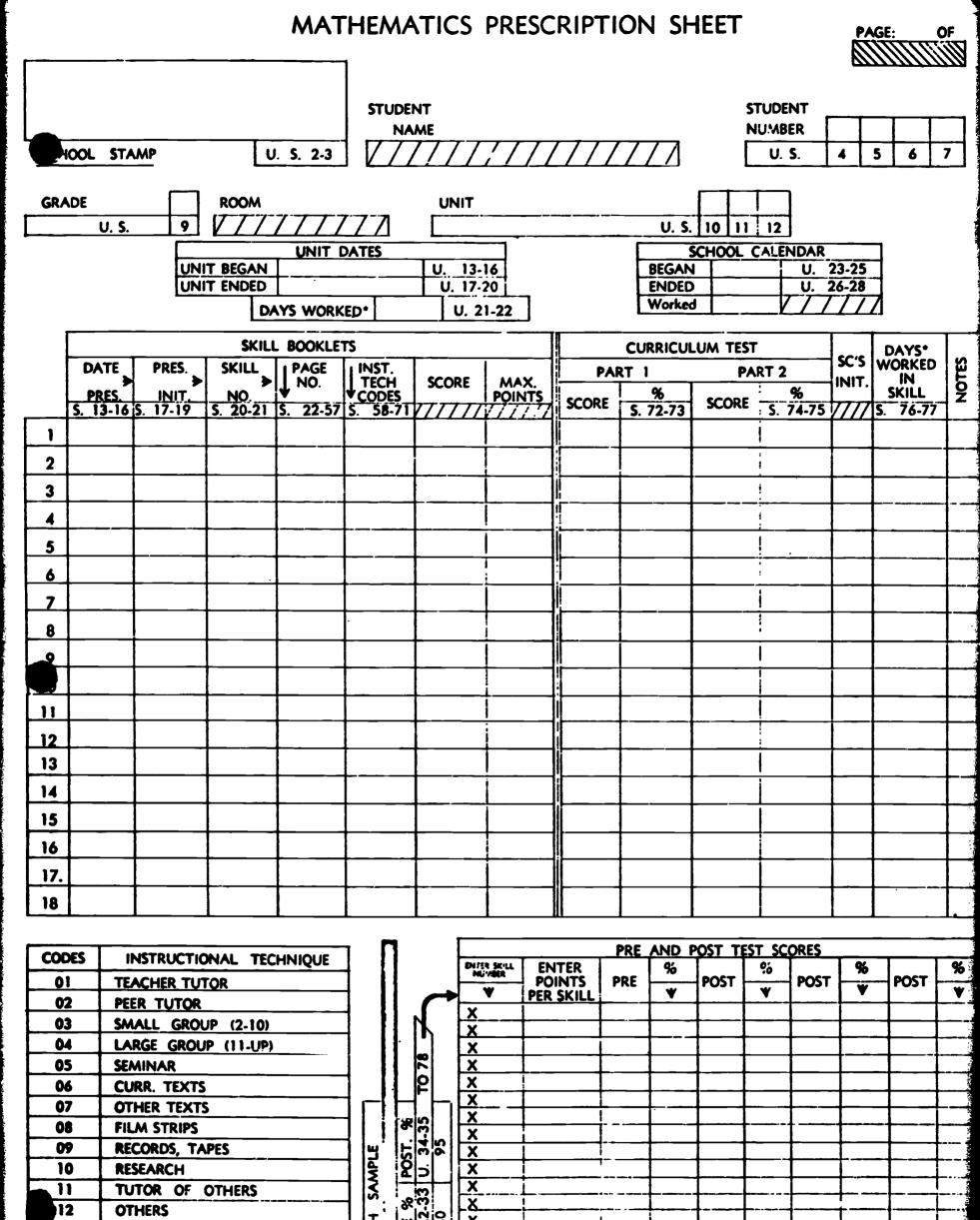
MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: **STUDENT** STUDENT NUMBER NAME OOL STAMP 7 U. S. 2.3 5 6 U. S. 4 GRADE ROOM UNIT 9 U. S. 10 11 | 12 U. S. UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN 13-16 U. 23-25 BEGAN U. 17-20 ENDED UNIT ENDED U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* WORKED SC'S NOTES DATE PRES. I PAGE INST. PART 1 PART 2 NO. IN TECH CODES **SCORE** MAX. INIT. POINTS SKILL % INIT **SCORE SCORE** S. 74-75 / 22-57 76-77 S. 13-16 S. S. 20-21 S. 17-19 58-71/ **S. 72-73** 1 2 3 5 6 8 11 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 AND POST TEST SCORES PRE **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE SNITER SKILL NUVBER % **ENTER** % % POINTS PER SKILL 01 **TEACHER TUTOR** PRE **POST POST POST** ¥ 02 PEER TUTOR 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) **TO 78** SEMINAR 05 X X 06 **CURR. TEXTS** X 34.35 OTHER TEXTS 07 X 08 FILM STRIPS X POST. U. 34. MPLE 09 RECORDS, TAPES X 10 RESEARCH X SUNCH SAN TUTOR OF OTHERS 11



12

OTHERS

OVERFLOW





MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: OF STUDENT STUDENT **NUMBER** NAME 5 6 7 U. S. 2-3 U. S. IOOL STAMP ROOM UNIT GRADE U. S. 10 11 12 U. S. SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT DATES U. 23-25 BEGAN 13-16 UNIT BEGAN U. 26-28 **ENDED** UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 Worked U. 21-22 DAYS WORKED* DAYS* SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** SC'S NOTES WORKED 1 PAGE PRES. -DATE INST. PART 1 PART 2 NO. IN INIT. TECH CODES MAX. SCORE SKILL PRES. S. 13-16 S % NO. ▼ S. 20-21 S. SCORE S. 74-75 \/// 76-77 22-57 S. 58-717/ S. 72-73 17-19 2 8 <u> 11</u> 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE **ENTER** % **POST POST PRE POST** POINTS 01 TEACHER TUTOR ¥ PER SKILL 02 PEER TUTOR 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 05 **SEMINAR**

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CURR. TEXTS

OTHER TEXTS

RECORDS, TAPES

TUTOR OF OTHERS

OVERFLOW

FILM STRIPS

RESEARCH

OTHERS

327

Section IV

DEVELOPING A PRESCRIPTION

CASE STUDY - TYPE 3

RALPH STONEY

F-DIVISION

Directions

This case study has a programmed format.

You will write your prescriptions on the basis of the information provided about Ralph and on a continual evaluation of his work. You will be able to check your prescriptions against samples provided in this case study.

The sample prescriptions represent <u>one</u> way to deal with Ralph's learning needs. The samples are not, therefore, the only way to prescribe materials. You may prefer your prescriptions to the samples, due to your gain in knowledge and experience as you have worked through the training materials.

The STS booklets for Skills 1-8 are enclosed at the end of this case study. (pg. 425)



Before you prescribe a unit Pretest, you need to gain an overview of Ralph's work to this point.

Study his Placement Profile on page 331.

Review his F-Level Placement Test, beginning on page 332.

The Unit Test Record on pages 333 and 334 will provide information about Ralph's completed unit Pretests and Posttests.



Before you prescribe a unit Pretest, you need to gain an overview of Ralph's work to this point.

Study his Placement Profile on page 331.

Review his F-Level Placement Test, beginning on page 332.

The Unit Test Record on pages 333 and 334 will provide information about Ralph's completed unit Pretests and Posttests.





ARITHMETIC PLACEMENT SCORE PROFILE

		STUDENT 10 A STUDENT	LŲ:			rihed bu
		STUDENT ROLPH STUDENT	4	4	4	4
SCHOOL STAMP	P. 2-3		2-4	3	6	7

ROOM 250

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P. 14-15	P. 16	P. 17-18	10 P. 78
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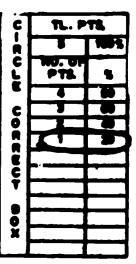


IPI	Placement	Test
•	AME AMO	10

F Division (06)

NAME AND	Kaleh	Stoney	4444
DATE	14	0	

unit page 1 of 1



Skill 4 - Directions: Divide. Write your remainders with a letter R.

5 R 23 × 65 R 53 ×

Skill 7 - Directions: Divide.

.05 3.07 ×

Skill 6 - Directions: Divide. Write your remainder as a fraction.

10 3 ×



23 5 Ly Research for Better Schools, Inc. Development Center. As field testing by Ro

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

lly prescribed instruction MATHEMATICS UNIT TEST

RECORD

NUMBER

NAME

APPLETON—CENTURY—CROFTS DIVISION OF MEREDITH PUBLISHIN COMPANY published by

440 Park Avenue South, New York, N. Y. 10016

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APPLETON—CENTURY—ROFTS
DIVISION OF MEREDITH PUBLISHIN COMPANY 440 Park Avenue South, New York, N. Y. 10016

> MATHEMATICS UNIT TEST RECORD

CLASS 6

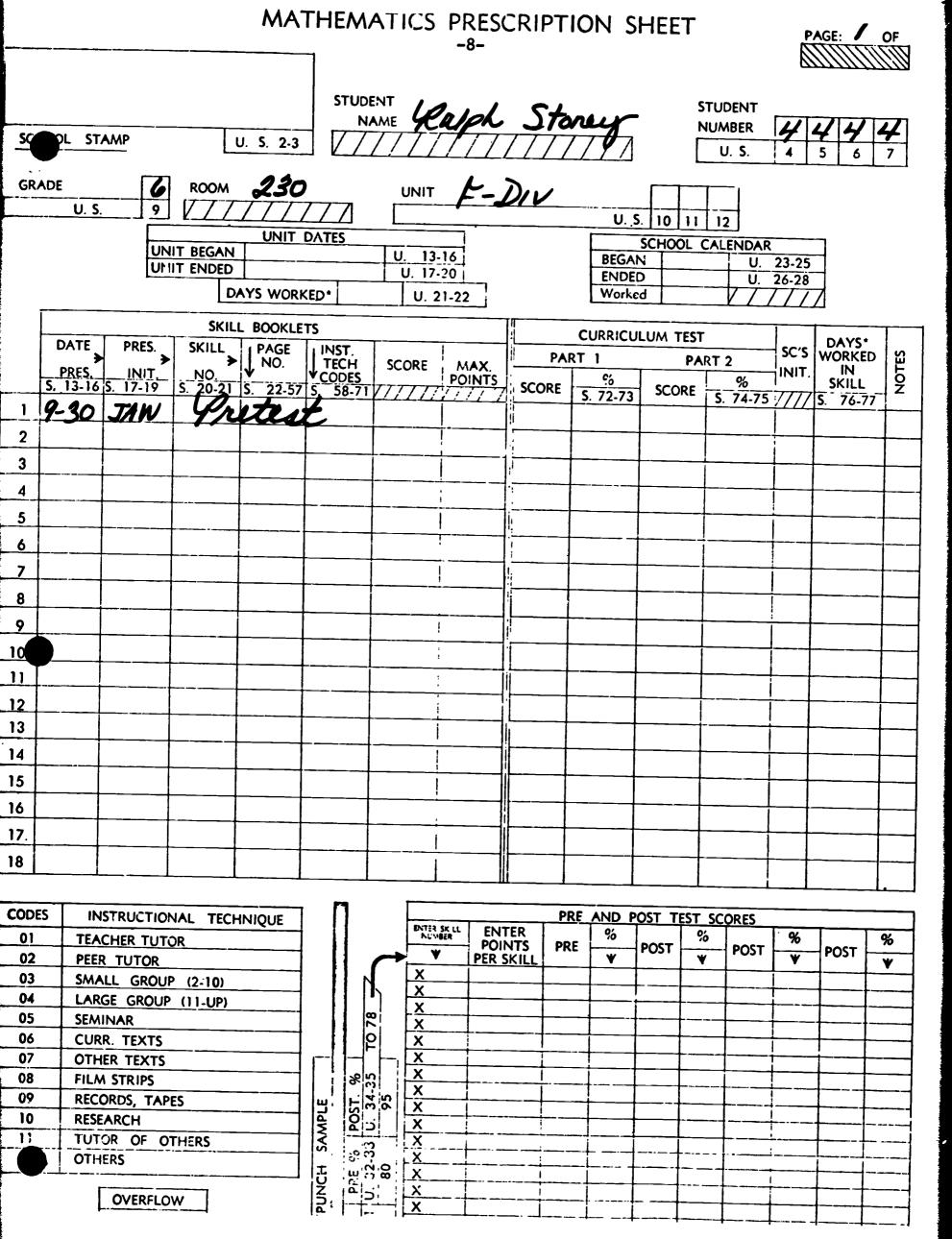
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71.46.6	_	:							_				_	_		L	L	L		L		-				Г	1

Based on your review of Ralph's records, you assign the Pretest for the next unit in which Ralph needs to work.

You will find a packet of blank Prescription Sheets on page 579 of this case study. Remove the first one and record the necessary information on the top of the Prescription Sheet.

Check the sample on page 335.







This is a copy of Ralph's completed Pretest that has been corrected by the Aide.

In the role of the Aide, record the Pretest scores on the Prescription Sheet.

Identify the skills that require a prescription (under 85%) and record these skill numbers on the Prescription Sheet.

Check the sample on page 345.



SCHOOL	CODE

NAME	Kalph.	Stoney		
NUMBER	4444	CLASS	Lm.	230

П	
П	
1	and wide abuging preserted instruction
COLOR	TUEMATICE

Pire-Test

LEVEL F
DIVISION (06)

Developed by The Testing and Evaluation Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Richard Cox, Ph.D., Directer

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



Directions: Divide by using repeated subtraction.

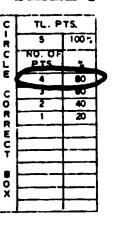
$$\frac{26}{-21} - \frac{21}{44} - \frac{21}{2 \cdot 3} - \frac{21}{2}$$

$$86 \div 21 = \frac{4}{7} + \frac{2}{7}$$

$$56 \div 15 = 3R10$$

$$70 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 37 = 2R2$$

$$70 \div 34 = 2R2$$



DIVISION (06) PRE-TEST

SKILL 2

Directions: Divide.

32)128

4/ 52)2,132

100 -

 $\frac{20/}{174)3,654}$

DIVISION (06) PRE-TEST

SKILL 3

Directions: Divide. Round off the numbers and estimate to check your answers.

Check

Check

14)986

53)704

Directions: Divide. Write the remainder using R.

Ç	TL. P	rs
•	4	100 %
0-8018	NO OF	•
E		75
Ç		30
2		25
7		
Ç		
' '	├ ──┥	
	!	
O X		$-\!\!-\!\!\!\!-$
		!

4 K73 86)417

66 74,406

105)4,321

109 R4 212)8,368 F DIVISION (06)

PRE-TEST

SKILL 5

Directions: Circle all of the expressions in each row which are equal to the boxed fraction at the beginning of the row. (! २+ २००)



4 ÷ 3



24 6

 $24)6 \qquad 24 \times 6$



24 - 6

 $\frac{7}{7}$



 $\frac{25}{3}$

 $8\frac{1}{8}$

(25	÷	3	Ņ
(23	•	J	ز

 $3\frac{1}{8}$

 $48)\overline{5}$ $5\frac{1}{9}$ $9\frac{1}{5}$

DIVISION (06) PRE-TEST

SKILL 6

Directions: Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

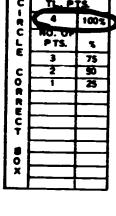
С	TL.P	TS	Ì
1	3	100%	
0-8018	NO. OF PTS.	••	
E	2	67	
Č		33	
,			
8	10	0	
CORRECT			
Τ			
BOX			
×			

F DIVISION (06) PRE-TEST

SKILL 7

D	ire	cti	lon	s:	D	lV.	id	e.

	061	
6).366	



Directions: Solve the word problems. Label each answer.

ç	TL. P	TS	l
.	3	100 %	
0-R01E	NO. OF		
E	3	67	Ì
Ç		31	
2	<u> </u>		
Ř			
CORRECT			
Ť			
8 0 X			
×			
		i	

Dottie and Jim had a lemonade stand. One day they made \$1.30 profit after paying \$.35 for frozen lemonade mix. If they sold 33 glasses of lemonade that day, how much did they charge for each glass?

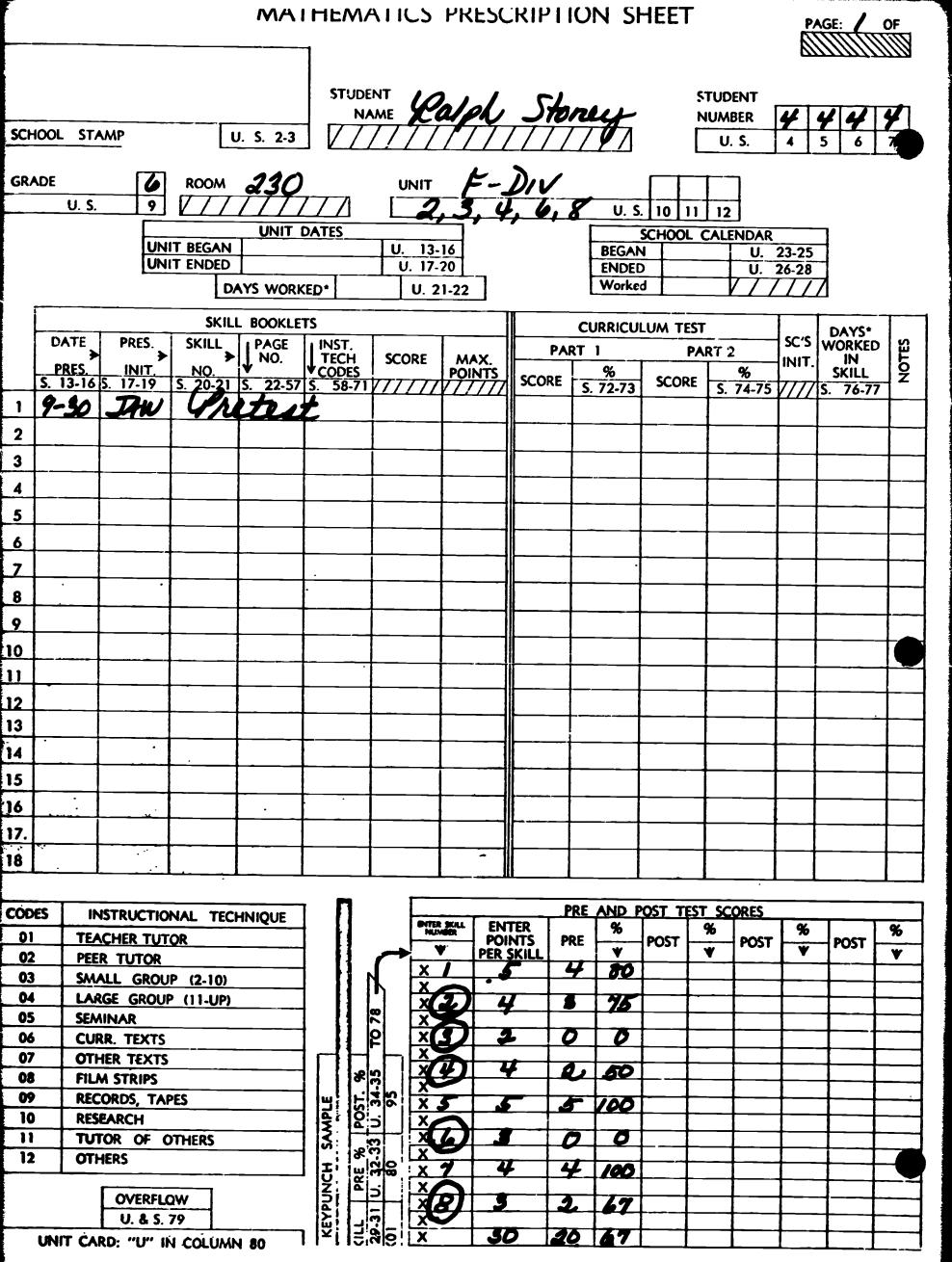
Answer \$.05 (or 5¢)

Jean mixed 8 cups of orange juice and 4 cups of grapefruit juice together to make punch for her party. She poured all the punch into 9 tall glasses. How much of the mixture did she use in each glass?

Answer 1 r 3 cups

The teacher had 79 pieces of candy. She gave 5 pieces to the janitor. Then she gave each of her 18 pupils as many pieces of candy as she could, being careful to see that each child had the same amount of candy. How many pieces of candy were left over?

Answer 2 pieces of candy





Analysis of Student Behavior

A. Describe the behaviors which facilitate Ralph's learning:

Ralph is anxious to learn new material. He accepts the use of diagnostic tests; this facilitates his attitude and approach to new learning. He works well independently.

B. Describe the behaviors which hamper Ralph's learning:

Ralph is often careless in his work; he gets exasperated in group settings because he usually learns at a faster rate than his peers.

C. Describe the <u>new</u> behaviors which Ralph should develop as he works with the IPI materials:

Ralph should learn to write his own prescriptions.



	te now your prescriptions will reflect the behavior analysis:
A.	The teacher will confer with Ralph frequently and will prescribe varied instructional settings.
В.	Ralph can benefit from tutoring others; he will be instructed in scoring his own materials in order to increase his careful work.
c.	Ralph will be instructed in writing his own prescriptions after he demonstrates that he can work with care.
Add:	itional things you want to consider:



Select the first skill in this unit requiring a prescription.

Analyze Ralph's work in this skill on the Pretest (page 10).

Review what Ralph must learn (last page of STS booklet).

After examining all the materials available for this skill, you prescribe the following on / :

Page Reason

Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 349-350.



You prescribe the following on 10/1:

Page Reason Tutor Ralph to preview work with 3-digit divisor and vocabulary involved. Explains method of dividing with 3-digit divisor; Ralph asked that John check his completed work because John has already finished this unit. Transfers from ladder method to division algorithm.

Estimate of time needed: 1 class period



MAI HEMAIICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: / OF **STUDENT STUDENT** Kalph Stoney NAME **NUMBER** SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. ROOM 250 **GRADE** U. S. 10 11 UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN 10/1 U. 13-16 U. 23-25 **BEGAN** UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** INST. TECH CODES S. 58-71 DAYS*
WORKED
IN PRES. SC'S NOTES DATE SKILL 1 PAGE NO. PART 1 PART 2 **SCORE** MAX. INIT. PRES. INIT. SKILL % **POINTS** 22-57 S. **SCORE** S. 13-16 5. 17-19 **SCORE** S. 72-73 S. 74-75 // 76-77 01 10-1 01 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES CODES INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

	MASTROCTIONAL TECHNIQUE		ł	ENTER SKILL	CNITCO		0/		0,		21		
01	TEACHER TUTOR			ENTER SKILL NUMBER	ENTER POINTS	PRE	%	POST	%	POST	%	POST	%
02	PEER TUTOR	1	-	*	PER SKILL		Y		Y	1031	Y	7031	٧
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)			X	. 5	4	80		 				
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)	ŀ		$\frac{x}{x(2)}$	4	3	75						
05	SEMINAR		78	X						 			
06	CURR. TEXTS		2	X (3)	2	0	0						-
07	OTHER TEXTS		1-1	X						·			
08	FILM STRIPS		POST. % U. 34-35 95	×(Y)	4	2	50		ļ			<u> </u>	
09	RECORDS, TAPES	ա	34. 95	x &		<u></u>	100						
10	RESEARCH	MPLE	iğ 5	X		3	700						
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS	\ X S	333	X	3	0	0						
12	OTHERS	 	0.2%	X	12	22-	700						
		Ş	PRE 32.	X		7	100						
	OVERFLOW	KEYPUNCH	1-1-1-1	$\hat{x}(B)$	3	2	67						
	U. & S. 79	<u> </u>	(11. 29.31 (01	X									
UNI	T CARD: "U" IN COLUMN 80	X	1918	X	30	20	67						
												_	



These are the two skill sheets completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on /
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Palph's Prescription Sheet.
Patimata of time models
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 354-355.



Use the ladder method to find the quotients.

When you divide with a 3-digit divisor, y:1 follow the same procedure as with a 2-digit divisor. Get four first estimate by finding how many times the divisor divides into the first 3 or 4 digits. Then continue to divide, multiply, and subtract as usual.

256	
179) 45824	
35800	200
2024 2050	50
1074	
1074	6
0	256

656 [°]	万 ス 34768]
	72800	50
_	1968	3
	0	53

For extra practice do Page 19.

Use the division algorithm to find the quotients.

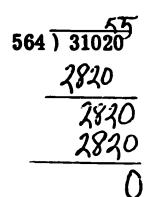
	Ltx
326)	14018
	1304
	978
	978
	0

300 divides into 1400

about ! times.

300 divides into 900

about 3 times.





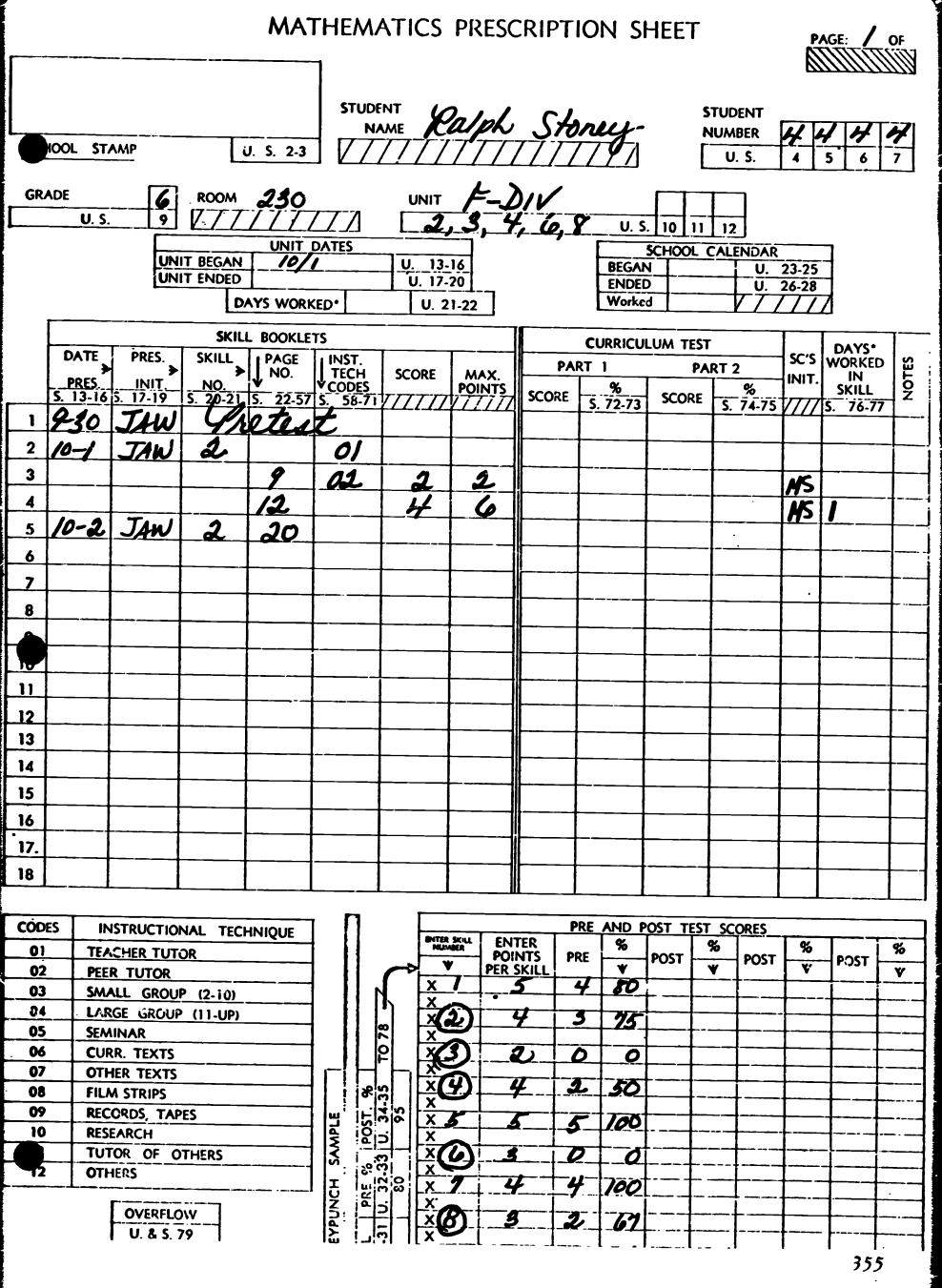
You prescribed the following on 10/2:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

20 Practice in using a 3-digit divisor

Estimate of time needed: 15 minutes





ERIC

inis is the skill sheet completed by	y Kalph and corrected by the Aide
In the role of Aide, record the scor	re on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Ralph's work, you p	rescribe the following on / :
Page	Reason
Record this on Ralph's Prescription	Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:	
a 1 - 1 - 250 250	
Check samples on pages 358-359.	



Use the <u>ladder</u> method to find the quotients.

372) 224688	7
22,32,00	600
1458 1458	4
-/ / 0	604
_	

FIS	
821) 466328	
4:0500	500
55828	
49260	60
6568	_
6568	8
0	568.

635	7.2) 1 457835 44550	700
_	<i> 3335</i> 2700	20
	635 635	1
_	C	721

You prescribed the following on 10/2:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

CET to determine mastery of Skill 2

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O PAGE: / OF **STUDENT** STUDENT Ralph Stoney **NUMBER** SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. GRADÉ ROOM 250 U. S. U. S. 10 11 UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN 10/1 U. 13-16 BEGAN U. 23-25 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked U. 21-22 DAYS WORKED* SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* SC'S DATE PRES. SKILL WORKED I PAGE INST. PART 1 PART 2 **▶** ₩0. TECH SCORE IN MAX. INIT. V CODES INIT. **SKILL POINTS** 20-21 S. 22-57 S. 58-71 //// **SCORE SCORE** S. 13-16 5. 17-19 S. 72-73 S. 74-75 V/// S. 76-77 01 2 01 3 MS 4 12 MS 20 10-2 CE1 8 11 12 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE ENTER SKILL NUMBER **ENTER** % 01 **TEACHER TUTOR POINTS** PRE **POST POST POST** Ψ PER SKILL ٧ 02 PEER TUTOR 80 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 75 05 SEMINAR 06 0 **CURR. TEXTS** 07 **OTHER TEXTS** 50 POST. % U. 34-35 95 08 **FILM STRIPS** 09 RECORDS, TAPES 100 10 RESEARCH KEYPUNCH SAN TUTOR OF OTHERS **OTHERS** 100 **OVERFLOW** 67 U. & S. 79 30 20 67 HAUT CADD. "IN INICOLLINE CO

359

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

This is the CET completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide.

In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET.

Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :

<u>Page</u>

Reason

Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

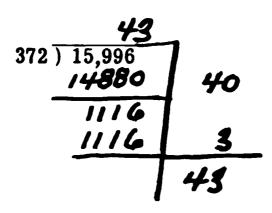
Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 302-302.



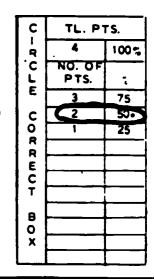
CET I

Divide, using either the ladder method or the division algorithm.



С	TL. P		1
R	(1	100%	
0-8018	NO. OF PTS.	-	
E	3	75	
С	2	50	
0	1	25	
R			
E			
CORRECT			
' '		·i	
8			
BOX			

Solve each division problem. Then round each divisor to the nearest ten, round each dividend to the nearest hundred, and divide to check your answer by estimating.

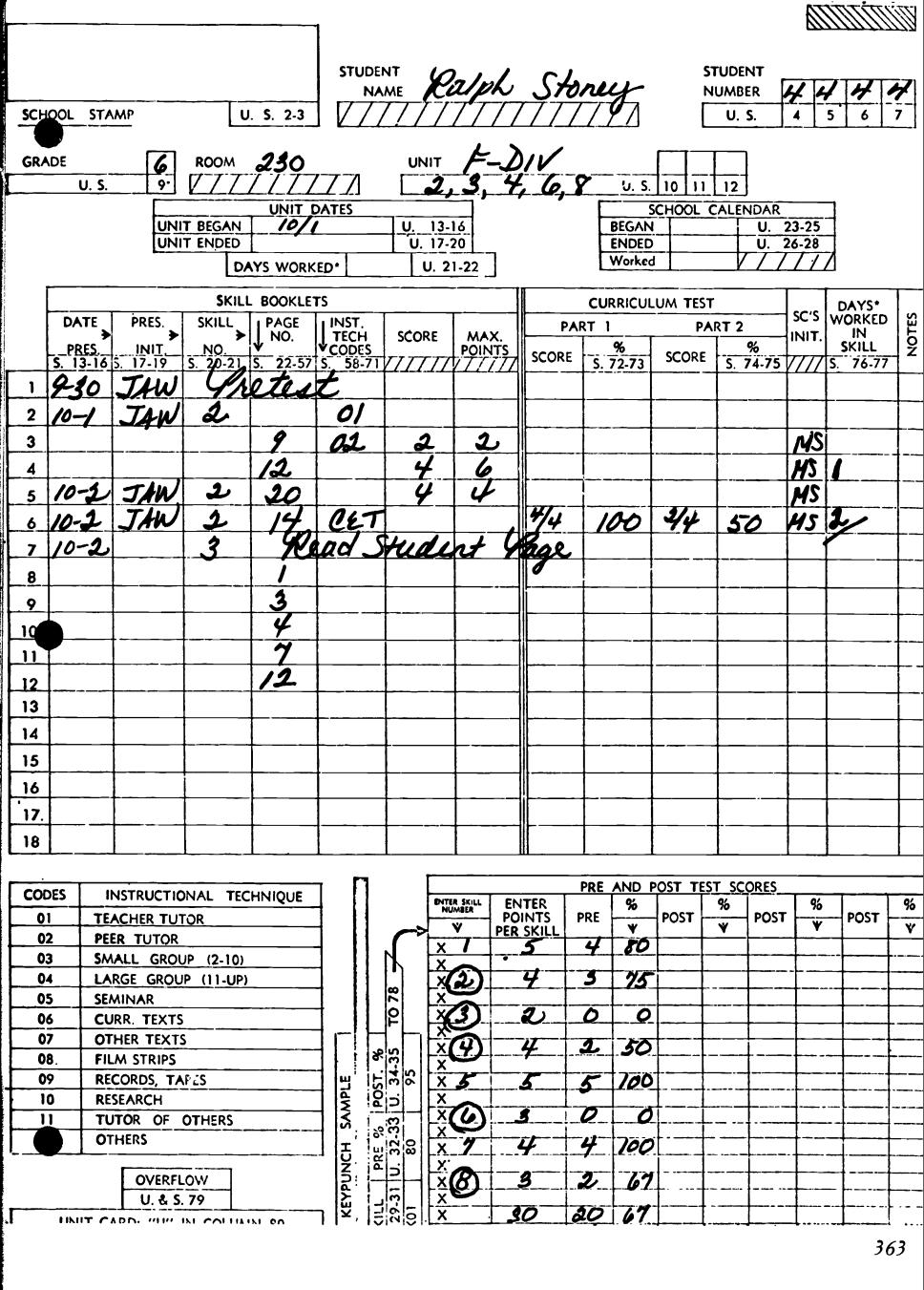


You prescribed the following on 10/2:

Page	Reason
Student Page	Introduces skill and previews work
1	Rounding off divisors less than 100 upward
3	Rounding off divisors between 100 and 1,000 upward
4	Rounding off dividends less than 100 downward
7 ∞	Rounding off dividends to 2,000 downward
12	Estimating quotients using 3-digit divisors and 4-digit dividends with no remainders

Estimate of time needed: 2 class periods





These are the five skill sneets completed and corrected by Ralph.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
After analyzing Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 370-371.



Study the page and supply the correct numerals.

In order to estimate quotients, you must round off divisors and dividends.

You round the divisor upward. If the divisor is less than 100, round to the next 10.

21 rounds off to 30

Round off the numbers upward to the next 10.

$$66 - 70$$

$$81 - 90$$

81
$$-90$$
 35 -40 12 -20

In 461) 1,243 you round off the divisor upward because if 500 will divide into 1,243, then certainly 461 will.

Practice rounding off these numbers upward.

46

$$-50$$
 556
 -400

 243
 -300
 385
 -400

 72
 -30
 52
 -40

 464
 -500
 860
 -900

 93
 -400
 350
 -400

 276
 -300
 28
 -300

 31
 -400
 423
 -700

 706
 -200
 902
 -4000

For extra practice 3 Page 16.



Study the page and supply the correct numerals. You have learned that in order to estimate quotients you round off the divisor upward. The next thing to do is to round off the dividend downward.

> dividend divisor **↓** downward upward

If the dividend is less than 100, round off downward to the next 10.

43 rounds off to 40

Round off downward to the next 10.

In 461) 1,246 you round off the dividend downward because if 461 will divide into 1,246, it will certainly divide into 1,200.

Practice rounding off <u>downward</u> these numbers which could be used as dividends.

For extra pract' -, do Page 17.

Round off divisors and dividends and estimate quotients.

$$36) 1,265 \rightarrow 40)/200$$
 $139) 1,264 \rightarrow 200)/200$

$$76\overline{)1,649} \rightarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \boxed{143)1,485} \rightarrow \qquad \qquad \boxed{}$$

Can't do -

You prescribed the following on 10/2:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

CET to determine mastery of Skill 3

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



PAGE: OF

NAME Ralph Stoney

STUDENT NUMBER

MBER 4 4 4 14 U. S. 4 5 6

GRADE

CHOOL STAMP

<u>U</u>. S.

ROOM 230

U. S. 2.3

UNIT F-DIV

U. S. 10 11 12

UNIT DATES

UNIT BEGAN | 0 | U. 13-16

UNIT ENDED | U. 17-20

DAYS WORKED* | U. 21-22

SCHOOL CALENDAR

BEGAN U. 23:25
ENDED U. 26-28
Worked ////////

						L							<i>_</i>	
				L BOOKLE	TS				CURRICU	LUM TEST		 _	 	T-
	DATE >	PRES.	SKILL >	PAGE NO.	INST.	SCORE	MAX.	1!	RT 1		RT 2	SC'S	, WOMED	NOTES
<u> </u>	S. 13-16	1NIT. 5. 17-19	S. 20-21	S. 22-57	CODES S. 58-71	77777	POINTS	SCORE	% S. 72-73	SCORE	% S. 74-75		SKILL S. 76-77) Z
1	430	JAW	4/2	etes	2				1		3. 74-75	777	3. /6-//	
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3				9	02	2	a		 		 	25		
4				12		4	6					ms		ļ- -
5	10-2	JAN	2	20		4	4						L	ļ
6	10-1	JAN	2	14	CLT			4/4	100	2/4			2	
7	10-2		3	Lead	Stu	tent	Page	77	100	17	50		2	
8				1		12	1/2					es		
9				3		16	16							
				4		14	14							
11				7		14	20							
12				12		0	10					1		
13				15	CET		10					K 5		
14								 						
15														
16														
17.														
18														
	1			1						ļ	ľ		Ī	

CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
	TUTOR OF OTHERS
2	OTHERS

OVERFLOW
U. & S. 79

ſ	1	[PRE	AND F	OCT TO	ST C	.0056			
Í		ENTER SKILL NUMBER	ENTER POINTS	PRE	%	POST	%	POST	%	7000	%
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•		X	5	4	80					 	<u>-</u>
	80	\tilde{x}	4	3	75						
	6	X	2	0	0						
	.35	× P	4	2	50			<u> </u>			
SAMPLE	POST. U. 34	××	5	5	100				·	 	
₩.	33	×	_3	0	_0						··
T)	32 32	× 7	4	4	100						
EYPUNCH	3. C D	× (S)	3	2_	67						
w	:-::::	^	1		1 1	1				37	,

This is the CET completed and corrected by Ralph.

In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET.

Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on /:

Page Reason

Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 374-375.



CET I

First solve each division problem, then estimate and divide to check your work.

C	TL. P	TS.	
ą (8	100%	
ก-แกวพ	NO. OF PTS	7.	
E	7	88	
c	6	75	
CORREU	5	63	
R	4	50	
R	3	38	
Ē	2	25	
T	1	13	
B			
P O X			

Divide. Write the remainders using an R.

Ì	TS.	ç							
	100%	3	R						
	%	NO. OF PTS.	ローないしゅ						
	67	2	E						
l	33	1	С						
	ļ		COR						
l	-		R						
l	_		E						
			7						
Į			ا ۾						
l	!		ŏ						
ł	-		X						
			RECT BOX						

You prescribed the following on 10/2:

Page

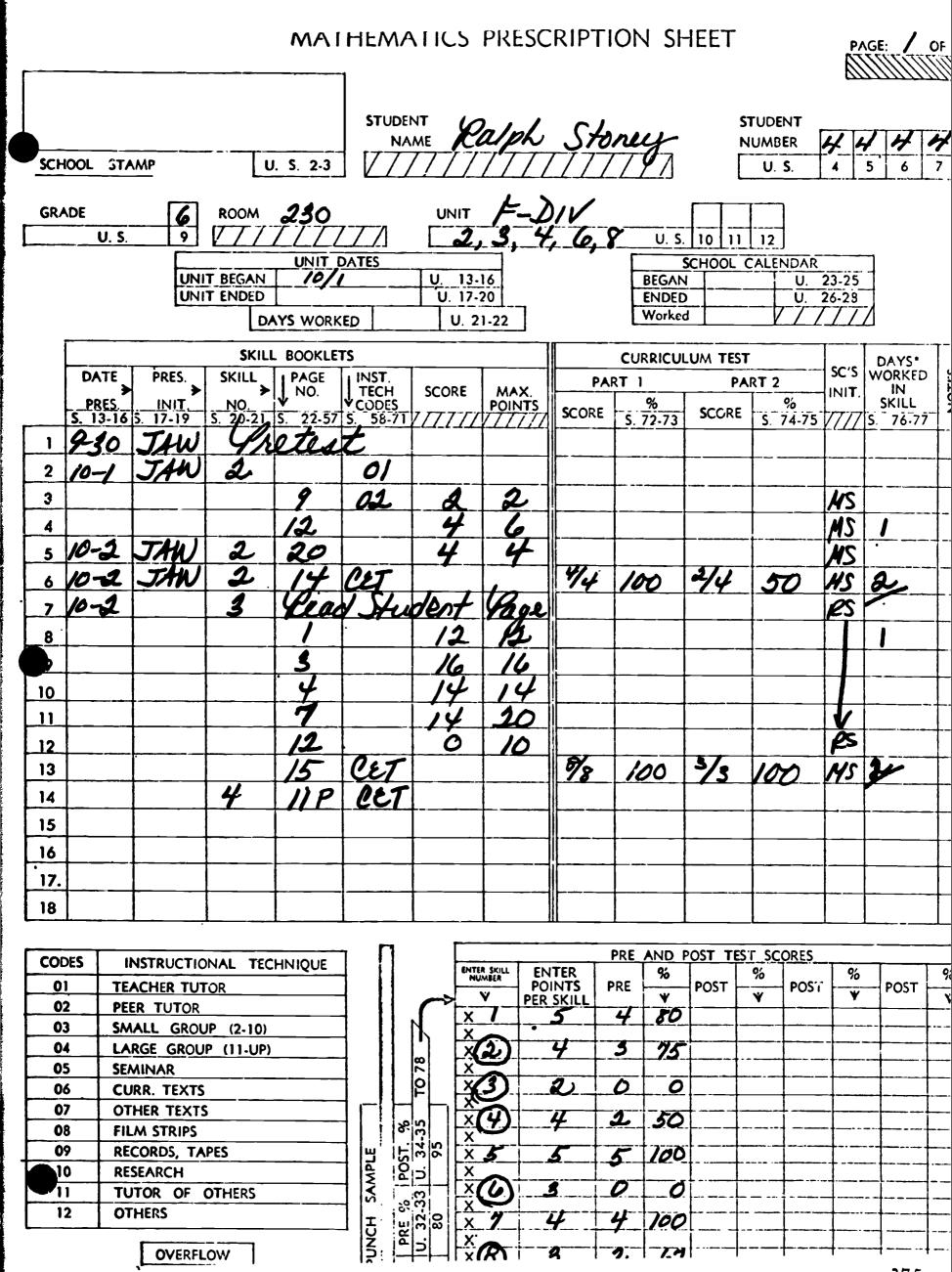
Reason

11 P* CET to determine mastery of Skill 4

*Pad form of CET

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum





F84³⁷⁵

ERIC"

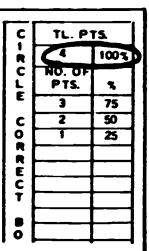
This is the CET completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide. In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet. Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET. Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / : <u>Page</u> Reason Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet. Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 378-379.



CET I

Divide. Write the remainder using an R.



// R 427 621)7258 241 R 22 34) 8216

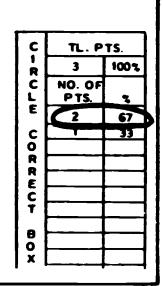
10 R H 478) 4821 146 P2 19 63) 9217

Circle the correct answer.

 $\frac{25}{5}$ is equal to 25 3 $\frac{25}{5}$ 25 \times 5.

 $27 \div 9$ is equal to $\left(\frac{27}{9}\right)$ 27×9 4

 $42 \div 6$ is equal to $8 \left(\frac{6}{42} \right) \frac{42}{6} \times$



You prescribed the following on 10/3:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

11 P CET to determine mastery of Skill 5

Ralph's error on Part II of the CET for Skill 4 may be due to carelessness. The full CET for Skill 5 will provide a better diagnosis of Ralph's mastery of Skill 5.

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: OF

SCHOOL STAMP

U. S. 2-3

STUDENT
NAME RAIPH Storey

GRADE 6 ROOM 230 UNIT F-DIV U.S. 10 11 12

UNIT DATES

UNIT BEGAN | 0 | U. 13-16

UNIT ENDED | U. 17-20

DAYS WORKED* | U. 21-22

SCHOOL CALENDAR

BEGAN U. 23-25
ENDED U. 26-28
Worked /////

			S KILL	BOOKLET	rs			CURRICULUM TEST				sc·s	DAYS*	
	DATE	PRES.	SKIL!.	PAGE NO.	INST.	SCORE	MAX.	PAI	PART 1		PART 2		100000	NOTES
	PRES	INIT.	NO.	4 140.	TECH *CODES	TOTAL TOTAL	POINTS	SCORE	%	SCORE	%	INIT.	SKILL	Q Z
Γ.	S. 13-16		5. 20-21	7:	S. 58-71		/////		S. 72-73	JCORE	S. 74-75	<u> </u>	S. 76-77	
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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
. 04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
. 06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
A 2	RECORDS, TAPES
	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

	7		PRE AND POST TEST SCORES								
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inis is the CET completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 382-334.



TL PTS.

100%

92

77 69

(13

NO. OF PTS. 12

CET I

Circle all of the correct answers in each row.

 $\frac{32}{4}$ is equal to $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{32}{5} \times 4$ $\frac{32}{5} \div 4$

 $\frac{65}{9}$ is equal to $6\frac{3}{9}$

 $\frac{40}{8}$ is equal to 4

 $\frac{16}{3}$ is equal to

 $16^3 3 \div 16 16 \div 3$

 $\frac{6}{7}$ is equal to 6+7 $1\frac{1}{7}$

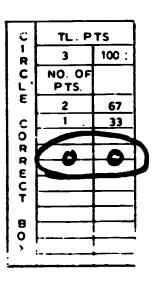
 $\frac{48}{5}$ is equal to

 $8\frac{1}{5} \qquad 5 \times 48$

 $\frac{18}{6}$ is equal to $\boxed{3}$

 $\frac{1}{3} \qquad \qquad 6 \div 18$

Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.



You prescribed the following on 10/3:

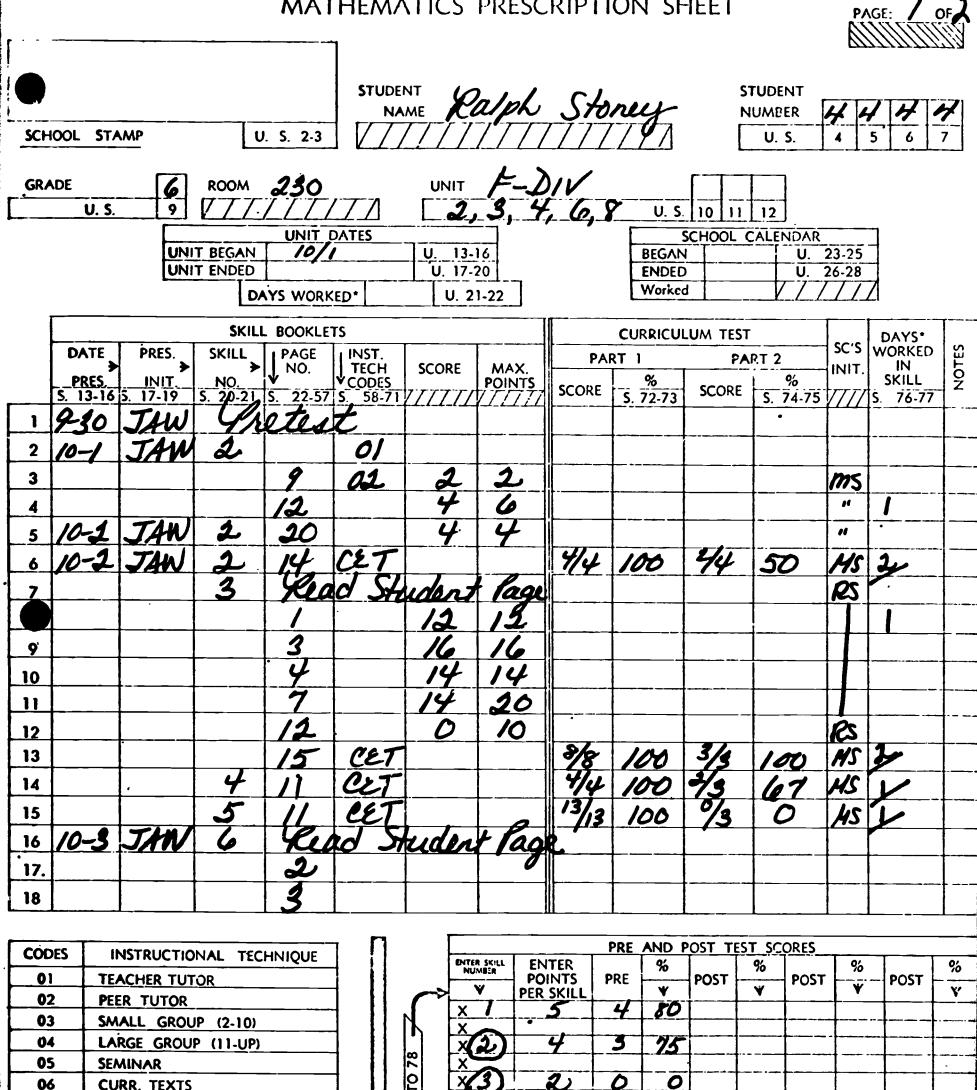
<u>Page</u>	Reason
Student Page	Introduces skill and previews work
2	Completing statements about writing fractional remainders
3	Completing statements about writing fractional remainders
6	Completing division problems with fractional remainders
7	Selecting fractional remainders for given problems

Estimate of time needed: 2 class periods



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET





COL)E2	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
0	1	TEACHER TUTOR
0:	2	PEER TUTOR
0:	3	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
O.	4	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
0:	5	SEMINAR
0	6	CURR. TEXTS
0	7	OTHER TEXTS
	β	FILM STRIPS
		RECORDS, TAPES
1	0	RESEARCH
1	1	TUTOR OF OTHERS
1:	2	OTHERS
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MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: 2 OF 2 Ralph Stoney STUDENT NUMBER 444 U. S. 4 5 6 7 SCHOOL STAMP U S. 2-3 UNIT F-DIV 2,3,4,6,80.5.10 11 12 230 ROOM GRADE U. S. UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR U. 23-25 U. 26-28 UNIT BEGAN BEGAN U. 13-16 U. 17-20 UNIT ENDED **ENDED** Worked U. 21-22 DAYS WORKED* SKILL BOOKLETS CURRICULUM TEST DAYS* SC'S WORKED PART 2 DATE PRES. PART 1 - INIT. IN SKILL NIT... NOT POINTS % PRES. S. 72-73 SCORE S 74-75 //// S. 76-77 S. 13-16 S. 17-19 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 ! 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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mese are the four skill sheets completed and corrected by Ralph.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet
After analyzing Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 310-329.



Use fractions to express remainders.

11 contains 2 sets of 4, with 3 remaining.

The remainding 3 is $\frac{3}{4}$ of a set of 4.

We can write the quotient in 2 forms:

2 R3 is called the remainder form.

$$2\frac{3}{4}$$
 is called the fractional form.

Solve:

First write the quotient in the remainder form.

XX

14 is
$$4$$
 sets of 3 and 3 (what fraction)

of a set of 3.

Write the quotient in the

fractional form: 43

Complete the division problems by filling in the blanks.

2 sets of 3 and $\frac{1}{3}$ of a set left over.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\hline
XXX \\
\hline
XXX
\end{array} = 3 \overline{)7}$$

(2 sets of 3) + $(\frac{1}{3}$ of a set of 3) = $\frac{2 \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{3}$ sets of 3.

2 sets of 4 and $\frac{1}{4}$ of a set left over.

$$\begin{array}{c}
\hline
XXXXX \\
XXXXX
\end{array} = \begin{array}{c}
2 R \\
4 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 9} \\
8 \overline{1}
\end{array}$$

(2 sets of 4) + $(\frac{1}{2}$ of a set of 4) = $\frac{1}{2}$ sets of 4.

3 sets of 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a set left over.

ERIC

$$\begin{array}{c}
XX \\
XX \\
XX
\end{array} = \begin{array}{c}
3 & R \\
2 & 7
\end{array}$$

(sets of 2) + ($\frac{1}{12}$ of a set of 2) = $\frac{1}{12}$ sets of 2

Fill in the missing answers.

$$10) \frac{4 R1}{41} = \frac{4}{7} + \frac{2}{70} = \frac{4^{\frac{2}{10}}}{70}$$

$$11) 15 = 1 + 4 = 14$$

$$\frac{3}{11}, \frac{3}{36} = \frac{3}{11} + \frac{3}{11} = \frac{3}{11}$$

$$10)49$$
 = $4 + \frac{9}{10} = 42$

$$\frac{486}{12)53} = 4 + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{46}{12} = \frac{41}{2}$$

Circle the correct answers. Reduce fractional remainders to lowest terms when possible.

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{1}{16} \qquad \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \quad 5\frac{1}{3}$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline 1 \\ \hline 12 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c|c} \hline 1 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c|c} 2 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{6}{39} \qquad \frac{11}{39} \quad \binom{6}{11}$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for



$$1\frac{1}{4}$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{2}{17}$$
 $\left(\frac{3}{7}\right)$ $\frac{1}{7}$

You prescribed the following on 10/4:

<u>Page</u>	Reason
01	Teacher-prepared page which
	illustrates fractions in
	lowest terms.
12	Fraction Pies (a manipulative
	aid for fractions)

Estimate of time needed: <u>approximately 30 minutes</u>



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: OF

STUDENT NAME Ralph Stoney

SCHOOL STAMP

U. S. 2-3

U. S. 2-3

U. S. 4 5 6 7

6 ROOM 230 UNIT F - DIV.
9 V///// 2,3,4,6,8 U. S 10 11 12

UNIT BEGAN UNIT BE

SCHOOL	CALENDAR
BEGAN	U. 23-25
ENDED	U. 26-28
Worked	777771

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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
80	FILM STRIPS
	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS
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U. S.

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MAIHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: 2 OF 2 STUDENT STUDENT NAME Ralph Stoney **NUMBER**

U. S.

ROOM 230 **GRADE** U. S. SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT DATES BEGAN U. 23-25 U. 13-16 UNIT BEGAN U. 26-28 U. 17-20 **ENDED** UNIT ENDED Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22

U. S. 2-3

SCHOOL STAMP

			SKILI	L BOOKLET	 rs				CURRICUL	UM TEST	. <u>-</u>		DAYS*	
	DATE	PRES.	SKILL	PAGE	INST			PAF	RT 1		RT 2		DAYS* WORKED	NOTES
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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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This is the page completed by Ralp	h in the tutoring session with you.
Record Ralph's score on his Prescr	iption Sheet.
After analyzing Ralph's work, you	prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u>	Reason
Record this on Ralph's Prescriptio	n Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:	
Check samples on pages 395-396.	



name Ralph S.

$$2. \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{2}$$
 $4. \frac{4}{4} = \boxed{1}$

$$4.\frac{2}{6} = \boxed{1}$$

$$\delta. \frac{4}{8} = \boxed{1}$$

$$5. \frac{4}{8} = \boxed{2}$$
 $9. \frac{6}{8} = \boxed{3}$

At this point, the sample prescription shows an instructional technique code of $\underline{05}$. This was based on a decision by the teacher to discuss Ralph's problem in her planning session group. She felt a need to get opinions and suggestions from the other teachers on how to proceed with Ralph's instruction at this point.

From their review of student progress, the teachers identified a group of students who were having problems in this unit. They could not reduce fractional remainders to lowest terms. Ralph joined this group in a seminar setting for one week. The teacher who worked with these students used skill sheets, discussion, board work, film strips and manipulative aids as materials.

At the next planning session, the group's progress was evaluated and the teachers decided that Ralph could return to his regular IPI materials.

Based on Ralph's progress report by the seminar teacher, you prescribe the following on / :

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>·

Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

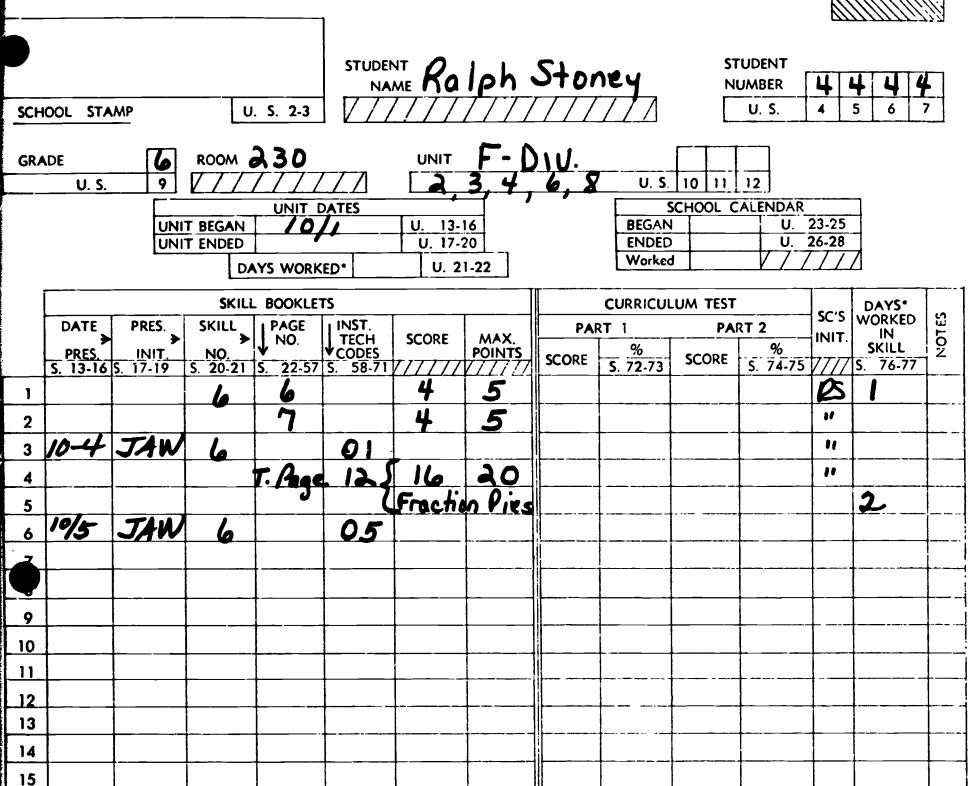
Estimate of time needed: _____

Check samples on pages 397-398



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET





INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
TEACHER TUTOR
PEER TUTOR
SMALL GROUP (2-10)
LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
SEMINAR
CURR. TEXTS
OTHER TEXTS
FILM STRIPS
RECORDS, TAPES
RESEARCH
TUTOR OF OTHERS
OTHERS

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You prescribed the following on 10/10:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

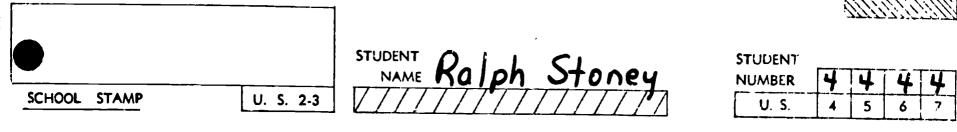
Writing quotient with fractional remainder in lowest terms.

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET





ROOM 230 **GRADE** UNIT U. S. 9 UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN U. 13-16 BEGAN U. 23-25 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED U. 21-22

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		•	SKILI	L BOOKLE					CURRICUI	LUM TEST	•		DAYS	Ţ <u>;</u>
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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
03	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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INCH SAMPLE	RE % 32-33 80	X X X·									



This is the page completed and corrected by Ralph.
In the role of the Aide, record the score on Ralph's Prescription Sheet
After analyzing Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 401-402.



Solve the division problems, write the remainders in fractional form. Reduce

the fraction to lowest terms.

Work space

$$\frac{9R2}{4/38}$$
 $9\frac{2}{4} - 9\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{922}{656}$$

$$\frac{92}{6} = 9\frac{1}{3}$$

Work space

$$8/46 \\ 5\frac{6}{8} = 5\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{7R^{3}}{9/66}$$
 $7\frac{3}{9} = 7\frac{1}{3}$

$$9/39 4\frac{4}{9} = 4\frac{1}{3}$$

$$76 \div 10$$

$$39 \div 12$$

Work space

For extra practice, do Page 16.

400

You prescribed the following on 10/10:

Page

Reason

13

CET to determine mastery of Skill 6.

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: 2 OF 2

NAME Ralph Stoney **STUDENT** NUMBER SCHOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3 U. S. ROOM 230 GRADE Ų. S. U. S. 10 11 UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAIN 13-16 BEGA.N U. 23-25 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22 SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* DATE PRES. SKILL ! PAGE INST. WORKED NO. TECH CODES 22-57 S. 58-71 PART 1 J NO. PART 2 **SCORE** MAX. IN S INIT. INIT **POINTS** SKILL SCORE - S. 74-75 S. 13-16 S. **SCORE** 17-19 S. 20-21 S. S. 72-73 V/// S. 76-77 1 2 " 01 1/ 4 " LET 10 11 13 14 15 16 17. 19 П COOES INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE PRE AND POST TEST SCORES

01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
- 5	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
	FILM STRIPS
	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

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This is the CET completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:
Check samples on pages 405-400.



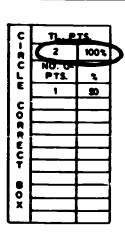
CET I

Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

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12) 145
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	24
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CORRECT			
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X			

Divide.



You prescribed the following on 10/10:

<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>

CET to determine mastery of Skill 7.

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET



STUDENT NAME Ralph Stoney

STUDENT NUMBER 4 4 4 4

U. S. 2-3

U. S. 4 5 6 7

ROOM 230 **SRADE** UNIT Ų. S. 9 U. S. 10 11 12 UNIT DATES SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT BEGAN 10/1 U. 13-16 BEGAN U. 23-25 UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 DAYS WORKED* Worked U. 21-22

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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

ſ	7			PRE	AND I	POST TE	ST SC	ORES			
		ENTER SK_L NUMBER	ENTER POINTS	PRE	%	POST	%	POST	%	DOST	%
		₩	PER SKILL		*	1031	*	1031	*	POST	*
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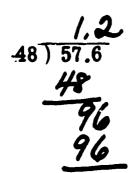
This is the CET completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide.
In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET.
Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / :
<u>Page</u> <u>Reason</u>
Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:

Check samples on pages 409-410.



CET I

Divide.



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Solve the problems. Label your answers.

Kevin wanted to put the same number of toys in each of his 5 boxes. He had 6 tops, 15 blocks, 3 toy cars, and 12 balls. How many toys did he put in each box and how many were left over?

Ċ	TL.P	TS.
R	2	100%
ローなししだ	NO. OF PTS.	-
E	1	50
CORRECT		
R		
E		
C		
BOX		
X		
_ (]

Joe, Lou, and Irwin joined together in a bottle cap club. Joe had 12 bottle caps, Lou had 13 bottle caps, and Irwin had 10 bottle caps. They decided that each member should have the same number of bottle caps. If they divided the number up equally, how many would each have and how many would be left over?



You prescribed the following on 10/11:

<u>Page</u>

Reason

7

CET to determine mastery of Skill 8.

Estimate of time needed: 20 minutes maximum



MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET



STUDENT NAME ROLPH STUDENT NUMBER 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 7

RADE ROOM 230 UNIT F-DIU U. S. 10 11 12

UNIT DATES

UNIT BEGAN / 0 / U. 13-16

UNIT ENDED U. 17-20

DAYS WORKED* U. 21-22

SCHOOL CALENDAR										
BEGAN	U. 23-25									
ENDED	U. 26-28									
Worked	7////									

SKILL BOOKLETS								CURRICU	LUM TEST			DAYS*		
	DATE	PRES.	SKILL	PAGE NO.	INST.	SCORE	MAX.	PAI	RT I	PA	RT 2	SC'S INIT.	WORKED	NOTES
	PRES. S. 13-16	INIT.	1 NO.	¥ 10. S. 22-57	TECH CODES S 58.71	TITI!	POINTS	SCORE	% S. 72-73	SCORE	% · S. 74-75	1	IN SKILL S. 76-77	Ş
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DDES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
<u> </u>	OTHER TEXTS
80	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

OVERFLOW

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This is the CET completed by Ralph and corrected by the Aide. In the role of the Aide, record the scores on Ralph's Prescription Sheet. Analyze Ralph's work on both parts of this CET. Based on your analysis of Ralph's work, you prescribe the following on / : <u>Page</u> Reason Record this on Ralph's Prescription Sheet. Estimate of time needed: Check samples on pages 413-414.



CET I

Solve each word problem. Label your answer.

Larry has a paper route in his neighborhood. One week Larry made \$5.32 selling papers. He made \$4.96 the next week and \$5.47 in the third week. What was Larry's average for each week?

\$5.92

4.96 + 5.4.7 3 15.75 3.91 r 2

Marie made flower baskets for her friends one day in the summer. She picked 18 petunias, 15 roses and 16 daisies. She made baskets for her 5 friends and put the same number of flowers in each basket. How many flowers did she put in each basket, and how many flowers did she have left over?

9 r 4 flowers

You prescribed the following on 10/12;

<u>Page</u>

REVIEW	his unit work; may lessen careless errors on Posttest.
Posttest	To determine mastery of the skills in this unit.
Record this on Ralph's Prescr	iption Sheet.
Estimate of time needed:	

Reason



ATTITUTE OF

HOOL STAMP U. S. 2-3

STUDENT Ralph Stoney

STUDENT NUMBER 4 4 4 4 U. S. 4 5 6 7

GRADE 6 ROOM 230 UNIT F- DIV. U.S. 10 11 12

UNIT DATES

UNIT BEGAN | 10 | U. 13-16

UNIT ENDED | U. 17-20

DAYS WORKED* | U. 21-22

 SCHOOL CALENDAR

 BEGAN
 U. 23-25

 ENDED
 U. 26-28

 Worked
 V / / / / / /

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										LUM TEST			DAYS.	
	DATE	PRES.	SKILL	PAGE	INST.	SCORE	MAY	PA	RT 1	PA	RT 2	\$C'S	WORKED	NOTES
	PRES.	INIT.	NO.	№ NO. 5. 22-57	TECH CODES	JONE	MAX. POINTS	SCORE	C'5	SCORE	%		SKILL	2
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7	10-10	JAW	6			9	9					ži.		
8			6	13	CET			6/6	100	2/2	100	RM	8	
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15	<u> </u>													
- 16														
17.				<u> </u>	<u> </u>									
18														•

CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE				
01	TEACHER TUTOR				
02	PEER TUTOR				
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)				
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)				
05	05 SEMINAR				
06	CURR. TEXTS				
07	OTHER TEXTS				
08	FILM STRIPS				
09	RECORDS, TAPES				
10	RESEARCH				
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS				
	OTHERS				

OVERFLOW
U. & S. 79

r		PRE AND POST TEST SCORES										
			ENTER SKILL NUMBER	ENTER POINTS	PRE	%	POST	%	POST	.%	POST	%
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This is a copy of Ralph's completed Posttest that has been corrected by the Aide.

In the role of the Aide, record the Posttest scores on the first Prescription Sheet and on the Unit Test Record on pages 333-334.

Analyze the entire Posttest and identify the skills in which Ralph does not demonstrate mastery.

Based on your analysis, you decide to:

Record your decision on Ralph's Prescription Sheet.

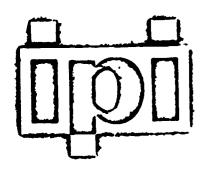
In the role of the Aide, complete the data required for a "mastered" unit on the Prescription Sheet.

Check your completed prescription with the samples beginning on page 423.



SCHOOL	CODE
	_ [

NAME	Ralph Stoney		
NUMBER	4444	CLASS (a	Ym. 230



MATHEMATICE

Post Test

LEVEL F
DIVISION (06)

Develop d by The Testing and Evaluation Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Richard Cox, Ph.D., Birector

Appleton-Contury-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



Directions: Divide by using repeated subtraction.

$$60 \div 15 = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 70 & 35 \\
 -35 & -35 \\
 \hline
 35 & 0
 \end{array}$$

$$70 \div 35 = 2$$

$$68 \div 13 = 5 R3$$

$$\begin{array}{rrr}
 78 & 57 & 36 \\
 -21 & -21 & -21 \\
 \hline
 57 & 36 & -21 \\
 \hline
 57 & 36 & -21 \\
 \hline
 36 & -21 & -3R15
\end{array}$$

DIVISION (06) POST-TEST

SKILL 2

Directions: Divide.

DIVISION

ERIC Full float Provided by ERIC

(06)

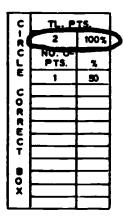
POST-TEST

SKILL 3

Directions: Divide. Round off the numbers and estimate to check your answers.

Check

Check



F DIVISION (06)

POST-TEST

SKILL 4

Directions: Divide. Write the remainder using R.

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DIVISION (06) POST-TEST

SKILL 5

Directions: Circle ali of the expressions in each row which are equal to the boxed fraction at the beginning of the row.

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4)1



1)4

 $\frac{18}{6}$

 $18\overline{)6}$ 18×6

18 - 6

5)5

 $\frac{16}{3}$

42)5

DIVISION (06) POST-TEST

SKILL 6

Directions: Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

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		100%	D
ルドウオー の	NO. OF PTS.	3.5	
E	2	67	
CORRECT		33	
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F DIVISION (06) POST-TEST

SKILL 7

_
5).255

Directions: Divide.

Directions: Solve the word problems. Label each answer.

ç	TL. PTS.		
, i	7	100 ;	b
0-80LE	NO. OF	•	
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Sally and Fred had a lemcade stand. One day they made \$1.25 profit after paying \$.30 for lemonade mix. If they sold 31 glasses of lemonade that day, how much did they charge for each glass?

Bernadine mixed 9 cups of popcorn and one cup of peanuts to make popcorn-peanut balls. She made six balls from the mixture. How much of the mixture did she use for each ball?

Answer 13 cups

The teacher had 25 pieces of lemon candy, 30 pieces of orange candy, and 24 pieces of lime candy. She gave each of the 19 children in her class as many pieces of candy as she could, being careful to give each child the same amount. How many pieces of candy were left over?

Answer 3 pieces of Candy

MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET PAGE: / OF 2 NAME Ralph Stoney STUDENT NUMBER U. S. 2-3 SCHOOL STAMP ROOM 230 **GRADE** U. S. U. S. 10 SCHOOL CALENDAR UNIT DATES U. 23-25 UNIT BEGAN 13-16 BEGAN UNIT ENDED U. 17-20 **ENDED** U. 26-28 Worked U. 21-22 DAYS WORKED* SKILL BOOKLETS **CURRICULUM TEST** DAYS* NOTES WORKED **PAGE** DATE PRES. INST. PART 1 PART 2 IN SKILL TECH **SCORE** MAX. INIT. NO. % **POINTS SCORE** SCORE 76-77 17-19 20-21 S. 22-57 S. **S. 72-73** S. 74-75 **S**. 13-16 S. 2 01 MS 3 4 10-2 JAW 4/4 15 20 -2 JAW 100 9 10 11 12 00 CET 13 14 15 16 17. 18 PRE AND POST TEST SCORES **CODES** INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE BATTER SCILL HAJNESER **ENTER** POINTS PER SKILL PRE **POST POST POST** 01 **TEACHER TUTOR** ¥ PEER TUTOR 02 80 <u> 100</u> 03 SMALL GROUP (2-10) 75 75 04 LARGE GROUP (11-UP) 05 **SEMINAR** 10D 06 **CURR. TEXTS** 0. **OTHER TEXTS** 160 88 08 FILM STRIPS RECORDS, TAPES X RESEARCH 100 0 TUTOR OF OTHERS 11 12 **OTHERS** 423

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MATHEMATICS PRESCRIPTION SHEET

PAGE: 2 OF 2 **STUDENT** STUDENT NAME Ralph Stoney NUMBER U. S. 2-3 SCHOOL STAMP

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CODES	INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUE
01	TEACHER TUTOR
02	PEER TUTOR
03	SMALL GROUP (2-10)
04	LARGE GROUP (11-UP)
05	SEMINAR
06	CURR. TEXTS
07	OTHER TEXTS
08	FILM STRIPS
09	RECORDS, TAPES
10	RESEARCH
11	TUTOR OF OTHERS
12	OTHERS

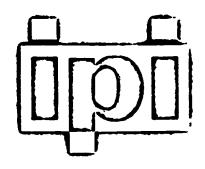
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SCHOOL	CODE

NAME _____

NUMBER _____ CLASS _____



MARTHEWATIGE

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S ELITICA

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 1

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Solve this problem, using repeated suptraction.

In this booklet you will be doing problems like this.

Answer



Think of division as repeated subtraction.

You can subtract 6 from 18 three times. Therefore, in the problem $18 \div 6$, the quotient is 3.

Do these division problems, using repeated subtractions. Write the quotient in the blank.

$$28 \div 7 = \frac{7}{2}$$
 $39 \div 13 = \frac{7}{2}$

Write your answers in the blanks.

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}$$

How many times is 2 subtracted? /

Use repeated subtraction to find the missing quotients.

$$10 \div 2 = \frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{8}{6} \quad \frac{6}{4} \quad \frac{4}{7} \quad \frac{2}{2} \quad \frac{2}{$$

$$25 \div 5 = \frac{5}{20} \quad \frac{25}{15} \quad \frac{20}{10} \quad \frac{15}{5} \quad \frac{10}{5} \quad \frac{5}{0}$$

$$15 \div 3 = \frac{5}{12} \quad \frac{15}{12} \quad \frac{12}{9} \quad \frac{9}{6} \quad \frac{6}{3} \quad \frac{3}{3}$$

$$28 \div 7 = \frac{4}{7} \qquad \frac{28}{-7} \frac{27}{14} \frac{-7}{7} \frac{-7}{0}$$

Use repeated subtraction to find the missing quotients.

$$24 \div 6 = 4 \qquad 24 \qquad 13 \qquad 12 \qquad 6 \\ = 2 \qquad -2 \qquad -6 \qquad -6 \\ 12 \qquad 12 \qquad 2 \qquad 0$$

$$21 \div 7 = 3 \qquad 21 \quad 14 \quad 7 \\ -\frac{7}{14} \quad -\frac{7}{7} \quad 0$$

$$25 \div 5 = \frac{-}{-5} \frac{25}{-5} \frac{20}{-5} \frac{15}{-5} \frac{10}{-5} \frac{5}{-5} \frac{-5}{-$$

$$30 \div 6 = \frac{20}{-1} \frac{24}{-6} \frac{18 \cdot 12}{-6} \frac{1}{-6} \frac{1}{-6}$$

For extra practice, do Page 7.

To solve division problems, use repeated subtraction until the last result is zero, or a number less than the divisor.

- Suppose 14 is divided by 4.

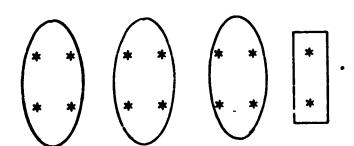
$$14 \div 4 = ? \qquad 14 \qquad 10 \qquad 6$$

$$\frac{-4}{10} \sqrt{\frac{-4}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{-4}{2}}$$

4 has been subtracted from 14 three times with _____ left over. The number that is left over is called the <u>remainder</u>.

Using a capital \underline{R} for the word "remainder," the problem can be written $14 \div 4 = 3 R 2$.

This means that in a set of 14, there are 3 subsets of 4 each and 2 left over.



Solve these problems with remainders, using repeated subtraction.

$$25 \div 6 = \frac{2l}{l} R^{l}$$

17 ÷ 3 =
$$\frac{3RZ}{8RZ}$$
 25 ÷ 6 = $\frac{12R}{12}$ 31 ÷ 8 = $\frac{3R7}{12}$

$$12 \div 7 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{12}{5}$$

$$12 \div 7 = 1/R.5$$
 $23 \div 5 = 4/R.3$ $47 \div 9 = R.$

For extra practice, do Page 8.

CET I

Use repeated subtraction to find each quotient.

Ç	TL. P	TS.
R	3	100%
ホ	NO. OF PTS.	
E	2	67
С	1	33
0		
R		
E		
•		
8		
8 0 8		

Divide each set a different way to show 10 ÷ 5

X X

X

X

 \mathbf{x}

X X X

X

X X

X X

X X

c	TL. P	TS.
R	2	100%
ローなし」	NO. OF PTS.	3,0
E	1	50
С		
0		
R		
E		
CORRECT		
۱_		
8 0 X		
X		
<u></u>	<u> </u>	L



28 ÷ 7 is one way to ask, "How many times can 7 be subtracted from 28?"

Use repeated subtraction to find the missing quotients.

$$35 \div 7 = \frac{5}{25}$$

$$\frac{35}{-7}$$

$$\frac{-7}{27}$$

$$\frac{-7}{7}$$

$$\frac{-7}{7}$$

$$45 \div 9 = \frac{5}{45}$$

$$\frac{45}{369}$$

$$\frac{79}{369}$$

$$\frac{79}{189}$$

$$\frac{79}{99}$$

$$\frac{79}{99}$$

$$20 \div 5 = \frac{4}{20}$$

$$\frac{20}{25}$$

$$\frac{25}{15}$$

$$\frac{15}{15}$$

$$\frac{15}{25}$$

$$\frac{15}{25}$$

Solve these problems with remainders, using repeated subtraction.

29 ÷ 5 =
$$5R4$$

$$48 \div 9 = 5 \times 3$$

$$37 \div 7 = \underline{5 R 2}$$

CET II

Use repeated subtraction to find each quotient.

48

С	TL. P	TS.
H	3	100%
C-RCLE	NO. OF PTS.	••
E	2	67
c	1	33
CORRECT		
R		
ÊΙ		
C		
T		
8		
8 0 X		
×		
i	لـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	

57

- 13

68

- 18

Divide each set a different way to show $8 \div 4$.

- 0 0
- 0 0
- 0 0 0 0
- 0 0
- 0 0
- 0 0
- 0 0

С	rs.	
k	2	100%
0-R01E	NO. OF PTS.	7
Ε	1	50
С		
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K		
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OBJECTIVE: Uses repeated subtraction to solve division problems. Quotients to 5.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Supplementary Material Page Uses repeated subtraction to solve division problems. 1. Quotients to 5, no remainder. Example given. Uses repeated subtraction to find the missing quotients 2. (to 5, no remainders). Example given. Uses repeated subtraction to find the missing quotients. No 3. 7 examples. Tells the number that is left over and learns it is called 4. a "remainder." Uses repeated subtraction to find the quotients and remainders. 8 **5.** CET I. 6. 9 CET II.

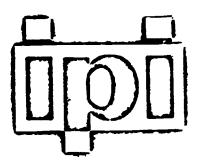
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SCHOOL	CODE

NAME

NUMBER_ CLASS



MATCHEMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 2

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jeroma B. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Use the <u>ladder method</u> to find the quotient. (Answers to division problems are called quotients.)

625) 53750

Use the division algorithm to find the quotient.

484) 44528

Answers

86	
625) 53750	
50000	80
3750	
3750	6
0	86
92 484) 44528 4356 968 968 0	

Check yourself. None of the quotients in this booklet should have a remainder.



Review the ladder method.

How many totals of 20 in 720?

Ask yourself, $20 \times ? = 720$. Estimate 30 (Start with a multiple of 10.) $30 \times 20 = 600$.

Subtract 600 from 720 to see if there are any more totals of 20 left. You will find there are 6 totals of 20 left ($6 \times 20 = 120$).

Add the factors (30 + 6 on right side of ladder).

From the division above, we see that there are exactly _____ totals of 20 in 720.

Find the quotients.

Use the ladder method to find the quotients.

Here is another form of division. It is called the division algorithm.

Look at the dividend 345.

Ask yourself: "Does 23 divide into the first digit, 3?" No.

"Does 23 divide into 34?" Yes. How many times? Once.

Write the 1 above the 4 of the dividend.

Multiply 1×23 and subtract the product (23) from

Bring down the next digit, 5. Divide 23 into 115.

$$23\times 5=115$$

Your correct answer is therefore 15, and it is your quotient.

Use the division algorithm.

ERIC

Use the division algorithm to find the quotient. Fill in the blanks.

23) 621 Look at the dividend which is 21.

46

Ask yourself: "Door or "

Ask yourself: "Does 23 divide into the first digit 6? NO

Does 23 divide into 62?" YES

How many times? 2.TIMES (OR TWICE)

Write the 2 above the 2 of 62 in the dividend.

Multiply 2×23 and subtract this product from 62.

$$\frac{62}{-46}$$

Bring the next digit of the dividend down (it is 1)

Divide 23 into 161. 23 × 7 = 161

Use the division algorithm to find the quotient.

Use the ladder method to find the quotient.

For extra practice, do Page 15.

Use the division algorithm to find the quotients.

For extra practice, do Page 16.

Use the ladder method to find the quotients.

71) 48493	;
42600	600
5893	
5680	30
213	3
213	
()	634

Scozing of factors which all up to the quotient is acceptable.

For extra practice do Page 17.

Use the division algorithm to find the quotients.

For extra prac. e, do Page 18.

Use the ladder method to find the quotients.

When you divide with a 3-digit divisor, you follow the same procedure as with a 2-digit divisor. Get your first estimate by finding how many times the divisor divides into the first 3 or 4 digits. Then continue to divide, multiply, and subtract as usual.

256		
179) 45824		
35800	200	
2024 2050	50	
1074		
1074	6	
0	256	

<u> </u>	1
32800	50
1968	3
0	53

Scoring.

Any combination of factors which add up to the quotient is acceptable.

For extra practice do Page 19.

Use the <u>ladder</u> method to find the quotients.

101	
496)50096 がいり0	100
496	1
0	10
	}

64_	
835) 53440 50100	6c.
3340 3340	4
0	64

	234	
602) 140868 120400	200
	20468	<i>3</i> 0
	18060	
	2408	
	2408	~ / -
•••	0	1. 1.1.
	'	

51.3	
476) 244188 238000	500
6138	<i>[</i> 0
1429	i i
	- X

Secretarial administration of factors of the

For extra practice, do Page 20.

Use the <u>ladder method</u> to find the quotients.

Remember that when you divide with a 3-digit divisor, you follow the same procedure as with a 2-digit divisor. Get your first estimate by finding how many times the divisor divides into the first 3 or 4 digits, as the case may be. Then continue to divide, multiply, and subtract as usual.

452	58 26216 27600	50
-	3616 3616	
		58
	,	

183	
789) 144387 18900	100
65487 63120	80
2367 2367	3
. —————————————————————————————————————	183

502111

Any combination of factors which add up to the quotient is acceptable

Use the division algorithm to find the quotients.

300 divides into 1400 about ____ times.

300 divides into 900 about 3 times.

Use either the division algorithm or the ladder method to find the quotients.

CET I

Divide, using either the ladder method or the division algorithm.

16) 768

17) 1479

372) 15,996

67) 2278

С	TL. PTS.	
R	4	100℃
ローない」 回	NO. OF PTS.	•
٦	3	75
0	2	50
0	1	25
R		
RECT		
C		
T		
8		
8		
X		

Solve each division problem. Then round each divisor to the nearest ten, round each dividend to the nearest hundred, and divide to check your answer by estimating.

42) 588

22) 1606

С	TL. PTS.	
R	4	100%
-מיטש	NO. OF PTS.	-,
E	3	75
С	2	50•
COR	1	25
R		
E		
T		_
В		
B O X		
X		



Use the ladder method to find the quotient.

Study this example.

Check yourself. None of the quotients should have a remainder.

Study the problems you have solved above.

When you divide the same dividend by larger and larger divisors, what happens to the quotient? $\underline{\mathcal{IT}}$ GETS SMALLER

When you divide the same dividend by smaller and smaller divisors, what happens to the quotient? CETS LARGER.

Use the division algorithm to find the quotients.

Study this example.

50 divided into 350

50 divided into 100

is about
$$2$$

Check yourself. None of the quotients should have a remainder.

Use the ladder method to find the quotient.

Study this example.

370	
66) 24420	
19800	500
4620	-7.0
4620	
	370
	ļ

Scoring . Any combination of factors which add up to the quetient.



Use the division algorithm to find the quotients.

Study this example.

Use the ladder method to find the quotient.

Estimate whether first figure will be 100's or 1000's.

Is
$$155,828 > (478 \times 100)$$
?

Is
$$155,828 > (478 \times 1000)$$
?

Estimate how many sets of 478 in 1558.

Continue to divide, multiply and subtract.

Do the division above.

Use the <u>ladder</u> method to find the quotients.

51.9		
821) 466328		
410500	500	
55828		
49260	60	
6568		
6568	8	
0	568.	

SCOPING.

ANY COMBINATION OF FACTURES WHICH ADDUPTOTHE QUOTIENT IS ACCEPTABLE

CET II

Divide, usinger the ladder method or the division algorithm.

19) 988

28) 2100

283) 10188

34) 1394

C	TL. PTS.	
R	4	100%
ローないしゅ	NO. OF PTS.	۳
-	3	75
С	2	50
COR	1	25
R		
E		
E C T		
T		
8		
B O X		
X		
'	<u></u>	

Solve each division problem. Then round each divisor to the nearest ten, round each dividend to the nearest hundred, and divide to check your answer by estimating.

Estimate

Estimate

28) 924

41) 1762

С	TL. PTS.	
R	. 4	100%
ローないしゅ	NO. OF PTS.	۲.
-	3	75
С	2	50
CORRECT	1	25
R		•
E		
C		
T		
9		
9 0 x		
×		

OBJECTIVE: Divides a two-or-more digit dividend by a two-or three-digit divisor. No remainder.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page		Supplementary Material
1.	Uses ladder method to find quotients for 2-digit divisor and 3-digit dividend. Explanation given.	
2.	Uses ladder method to find quotients for 2-digit divisor and 3-digit dividend.	
3.	Uses division algorithm to find quotients for 2-digit divisor and 3-digit dividend. Explanation given.	
4.	Uses division algorithm to find quotients for 2-digit divisor and 3-digit dividend.	
	Uses ladder method to find quotient for 2-digit divisor and 4-digit dividend.	15
	Uses division algorithm to find 2-digit quotients for 2-digit division and 4-digit dividends.	16
	Uses ladder method to find 3 and 4-digit quotients for 2-digit divisors and 5-digit dividends.	17
	Uses division algorithm to find 3-digit quotients for 2-digit divisors and 5-digit dividends.	18
	Uses ladder method to find 3-digit quotients for 3-digit divisor and 5-digit dividends. Explanation given.	19
10.	Uses 1der method to find 3-digit quotients for 3-digit divisors and 5 or 6-digit dividends.	20
11.	Uses ladder method to divide by three digit divisor.	
12.	Uses division algorithm to find 2-digit quotients for 3-divisors and 5-digit dividends.	
.3.	Uses either method for various size problems.	
14.	CET I.	
	CET II.	21

Circle pages that to be done.

SCHOOL	CODE
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NAME	

NUMBER _____CLASS _____



MATHEMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 3

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph 1. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION

TO THE STUDENT

Round off the divisor and dividend, and estimate the quotient.

In this booklet you will learn how to solve this type of problem.

Answer

400 40) 1600



Study the page and supply the correct numerals.

In order to estimate quotients, you must round off divisors and dividends.

You round the divisor upward. If the divisor is less than 100, round to the next 10.

21 rounds off to 30

Round off the numbers upward to the next 10.

$$46 - 50$$
 $53 - 60$ $9 - 10$

81
$$-90$$
 35 -40 12 -20

When rounding off divisors between 100 and 1,000, round upward to the next 100.

235 rounds off to 300

Round these numbers upward to the next 100.

In 461) 1,243 you round off the divisor upward because if 500 will divide into 1,243, then certainly 461 will.

Practice rounding off these numbers upward.

46
$$-50$$
556 -500 243 -300 385 -400 72 -80 52 -40 464 -500 860 -900 93 -100 350 -400 276 -300 28 -300 31 -40 423 -500 706 -900 902 $-1,000$

For extra practice, - 20 Page 16.

Study the page and supply the correct numerals. You have learned that in order to estimate quotients you round off the divisor upward. The next thing to do is to round off the dividend downward.

> dividend divisor downward upward

If the dividend is less than 100, round off downward to the next 10.

43 rounds off to 40

Round off downward to the next 10.

81
$$-80$$
 76 -70 25 -20

When rounding off dividends between 100 and 1,000, round downward to the next 100.

Round off downward to the next 100.

When rounding off dividends between 1000 and 2000, round downward to next 100.

1,906 → 1,900

Round off downward to the next 100.

1,243
$$-1/200$$
 1,537 $-1/500$

In 461) 1,246 you round off the dividend downward because if 461 will divide into 1,246, it will certainly divide into 1,200.

Practice rounding off <u>downward</u> these numbers which could be used as dividends.

89

$$+ 80$$
 1,540
 $+ 700$

 317
 $+ 300$
 53
 $+ 50$

 1,263
 $+ 1200$
 744
 $+ 700$

 465
 $+ 400$
 1,926
 $+ 1,900$

 1,382
 $+ 1,300$
 14
 $+ 10$

 15
 $+ 10$
 131
 $+ 100$

 833
 $+ 800$
 1,887
 $+ 1,8$

 1,460
 $+ 1,400$
 64
 $+ 60$

 77
 $+ 70$
 921
 $+ 900$

 309
 $+ 300$
 1,738
 $+ 1,700$

For extra pract? ^, do Page 17.

Circle the correct rounded off divisors or dividends snown.

76) n

n) 407

75

n) 861

n) 1,246

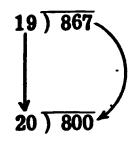
n) 656

292) n

15

Look at this division problem.

It is fairly long and tedious. Sometimes we want only an approximate answer and we need it quickly. In such a case we estimate.



The divisor rounds off $\frac{u}{l}$.

The dividend rounds off $\frac{d}{l}$.

The estimated quotient is $\frac{40}{l}$.

Round off the divisors and dividends and estimate the quotients.

17) 65

27) 67

18) 81

25 7 93

rounds to

Round off divisors and dividends and estimate quotients.

Here are two examples.

$$37)893 - 40)800$$

$$19\overline{)731} \rightarrow 20\overline{)700}$$

$$51) 648 \rightarrow 00) 600$$

$$21) 275 \rightarrow 30) 200$$

Round off divisors and dividends and estimate quotients.

$$121 \overline{)435} - 200 \overline{)400} \qquad 225 \overline{)950} - 300 \overline{)900}$$

$$361)828 \rightarrow 700)800 \qquad 136)429 \rightarrow 2007733$$

$$136) 429 \rightarrow 200 \sqrt{20}$$

$$175)631 - 200)600$$

$$\frac{4}{105)823} - 200)800$$

For extra practice, !n Page 18.

Round off divisors and dividends and estimate quotients.

$$36)1,265 \rightarrow 40),200$$

36) 1,265
$$\rightarrow 40)/200$$
 139) 1,264 $\rightarrow 200)/200$

$$76)1,649 \rightarrow 30/1,600$$

$$76)1,649 - 30/1,600 143)1,485 - 200)1,400$$

$$19)1,020 - 20)1,000$$

$$323)1,606 - 400)1,600$$

$$29) 1,573 \rightarrow 30) /,500$$

$$29) 1,573 \rightarrow 30)/,500 \qquad 271) 1,545 \rightarrow 300)/,500$$

$$42)1,523 \rightarrow 50)1,500$$

Look at this problem.

There is a remainder of 20. One way to handle it is to put the remainder over the divisor $(\frac{20}{40})$ and reduce it $(\frac{1}{2})$. This is the <u>fractional</u> form of the remainder.

Estimate the quotients and write the remainders in fractional form.

For extra practice, . . Page 19.

ERIC

Round off the divisors and dividends and estimate quotients. Where there are remainders, write them in fractional form.

CET I

First solve each division problem, then estimate and divide to check your work.

estimate

estimate

58) 1,508

22) 1,672

С	TL. PTS.	
Ř	8	100%
MI OB.	NO. OF PTS.	%
E	7	88
С	6	75
COR	5	63
R	4	50
REC	3 2	38
č	_ 2	25
T	1	13
ı		
B		
B O X		
	i	j

estimate

estimate

47) 1,175

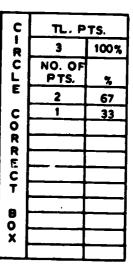
54) 1,782

Divide. Write the remainders using an R.

61 7,284

326) 8,493

38) 5,176



You round off divisors upward.

Divisors less than 100 round up the next 10.

34 → **40**

Divisors between 100 and 1,000 round up the next 100.

325 → 400

Round off upward.

You round off dividends downward.

Dividends less than 100 round down to the next 10.

87 → **80**

Dividends between 100 and 2000 round down to the next 100. 467 - 400

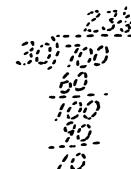
1467 → **1400**.

Round off downward.

1,392
$$-/300$$

Round off and estimate.

Estimate quotients and write remainders in fractional form.



$$\frac{10}{30}=\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4^{\frac{2}{7}} \\
 70/300 \\
 \hline
 280 \\
 \hline
 20
 \end{array}$$

CET II

First solve each division problem, then estimate and divide to check your work.

estimate

estimate

16) 864

51) 1,887

Ĵ	TL. P	TS.
U_EU		100%
G LE	NO. OF PTS.	%
E	7	88
c	6	75
COR	5	63
R	4	50
	3	36
REC	2	25
T	1	13
Ŏ X		

estimate

estimate

305) 1,830

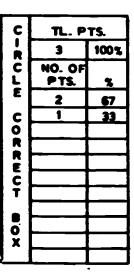
62) 1,488

Divide. Write the remainder using an R.

62)7,381

432) 6,832

25) 4,723



OBJECTIVE: Rounds numbers in order to estimate quotients. Dividends to 2,000.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

D		Supplementary Material
Page		
1.	Rounds off upward divisors less than 100.	
2.	Rounds off upward divisors between 100 and 1,000.	
3.	Rounds off upward divisors to 1,000.	16
4.	Rounds off downward dividends less than 100.	
5.	Rounds off downward dividends between 100 and 1,000.	
6.	Rounds off downward dividends between 1,000 and 2,000.	
7.	Rounds off downward dividends to 2,900.	17
8.	Choses correct rounded off numerals for divisors and dividends.	
9.	Rounds off 2-digit divisors and 2-digit dividends and estimates quotients; no remainders.	
10.	Estimates quotients for 2-digit divisors and 3-digit dividends; no remainders.	
11.	Estimates quotients for 3-digit divisors and 3-digit dividends; no remainders.	18
12.	Estimates quotients for 3-digit divisors and 4-digit dividends; no remainders.	
13.	Estimates quotients for 2-digit divisors and 3-digit dividends with remainders.	19
14.	Estimates quotients with remainders and without remainders.	
15.	CET I.	
	CET II.	20

Circle pages that ar 'be done.



Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

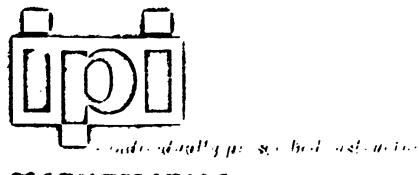
1967 - 68

Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace & World, 1966 Elementary Mathematics - 6		120



SCHOOL CODE	NAME	
	NUMBER	CLASS



MATHEMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 4

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

You know the <u>ladder method</u> of division.

In this booklet, you will learn the division and num.

Complete using <u>ladder method</u>.

45) 2790

Complete using division algorithm.

45) 2790

Answers



Study and answer the questions.

Do this problem by the <u>ladder method</u>.

Now do the same problem another way. Put the quotient above the dividend.

3 <u>3</u> 3 42) 1554

You next estimate that there are 3 tens (or 30 ones) in 1554. So, put the 3 tens above the digit of the dividend. You haven't estimated the ones yet, so imagine a zero in the ones column.

Now multiply 30 by 42 to get 126 Subtract as you would in the ladder method.

32 42) 1554 126⁹ 294 37 42)1554 126⁹ 294

294

How many totals of 42 are there in 294? Over which column of the dividend goes the 7? ones.

Now 7 × 42 equals 294 and since there is no remainder, the problem is complete. the 37 is your quotient and answer.

Bear in mind that you used the \Im only until you found out how many ones there were.

Solve these problems putting the quotient above the dividend.

This is an example. $13)\overline{299}$

Use a dotted zero to remind you when there is an imagined zero in the ones column.

Solve these problems. Erase the dotted zero when you are ready to complete the quotient.

Read and answer the questions. Fill in the blanks.

art by putting the quotient above the dividend.

9 18) 1656

What is your first estimated quotient? _____. Place the tens digit of 90 over the tens digit of the dividend. Imagine a zero in the ones column but do not write it.

9 18) 1<u>65</u>6

9 tens × 18 ones = 162 tens under the dividend.

Leave the ones column blank — you are imagining a zero there.

18) 1656 162 36

Subtract 162 tens from the dividend. Subtract the imaginary zero from 6 ones in the dividend. This is called "bringing down" the 6 ones.

9²
18) 1656
162
36

 $36 \div 18 = \frac{2}{}$ ones. Complete the quotient by putting $\frac{2}{}$ in the ones column.

You have solved this problem using the division algorithm.

For extra practice, to Page 12.

Divide using the division algorithm. Fill in the blanks.

Estimate how many totals of 81 are in 564 hundreds. Over which column will you put this quotient?

Multiply the 6 hundreds by the divisor and subtract from 564.

Bring down the _____ tens and divide. In which column will you put this quotient? ____ Subtract from 787.

Bring down the ____ ones and divide placing the answer above the ones digit of the dividend. Subtract from 583.

Place your remainder on the same line as the quotient, putting an "R" in front of it to indicate that it is a remainder.

For extra pract: ^, do Page 13 and 14.

Read the explanation and answer the questions.

There are five essential steps in the <u>division</u> <u>algorithm</u> taken in this sequence.

The five steps are repeated as often as necessary.

Estimate digit by digit.

Divide if you can.

Multiply digit by digit.

Subtract each partial product.

Bring down what's left.

Example A

Example B

Fill in the blanks.

How many times do vou estimate and divide in A? $\frac{2}{}$. In B? $\frac{3}{}$. How many times do you bring down in A? $\frac{1}{}$. In B? $\frac{2}{}$. How many times do you multiply in B? $\frac{3}{}$.

Answer the questions. 58 R 65 80) 4705 400 705 640 Can you divide 80 into 47? ____. Can you divide 80 into 470? ____. How many times? What is the place value of the 4 in the 400 in the second line? What do you do after you subtract 400 from 470? bring duen the 5 What do you do with the remainder? as part of the quatient



Divide using the division algorithm. 15 24) 384 -2 + 1 1 + 1 2 + 1 2 + 1 3 1 6 22 40)586 73) 6497 54) 1263 38) 4619



Find the quotients using the division algorithm.

96	R 22
62) 5974	
394	•
371	<u>-</u>
22	2

With three-digit divisors, use the same method as with two-digit divisors, namely, estimate, divide, multiply, subtract, bring down.

Find the quotients.



Solve these problems.

CET I

Divide. Write the remainder using an R.

C	TL. PTS	
R	4	100%
ルーない」 m	NO. OF PTS.	%
E	3	75
С	2	50
COR	1.	25
R		
REC		
C		
•		
8		
0		

621)7258

34) 8216

478) 4821

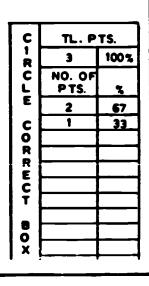
63) 9217

Circle the correct answer.

$$\frac{25}{5}$$
 is equal to 25 3 5 25 \times 5.

$$27 \div 9$$
 is equal to $\frac{27}{9}$ 27×9 4

$$42 \div 6$$
 is equal to $8 \quad \frac{6}{42} \quad \frac{42}{6}$



Read the text and compare the two methods.

Ladder method

Step 1

Step 1

Division algorithm

Put the tens digit (3) of quotient above the tens digit of the dividend. Do not write zero to leave space for units digit. Subtract the thousands product from the thousands in the dividend.

Step 2

37	
42) 1554	
1260	30
294	
294	7
0	37

Step 2

	37
42)	1554
_	126
	294
	294
	0

After you subtract 126 from 155, bring down the 4 ones and divide 42 into 294. Place the ones digit of the quotient above the ones digit of the dividend. Subtract 294 from 294. You have completed the division algorithm.



Read the text and solve the problem.

2+558642



- Divide 24 int: 58. Place your answer above the 8. Multiply and subtract.
- Bring down the 6. Divide by 24. Multiply and subtract.
- Bring down the 4. Divide by 24. Multiply and subtract.
- Bring down the 2. Divide by 24. Multiply and subtract.
- Place the remainder next to the quotient.

Study this division problem, done by three methods.

Ladder method		Int	ermediate s	<u>step</u>	Complete algorithm
662			63 3		662 R 14
22) 14578		2	2) 14578		22) 14578
13200	600		13200		132
1378			1378		137
1320	6 0		1323		132
58			58		
44	2		44		44
14	662		14		14

Notice that the intermediate step is simpler than the <u>ladder method</u>, but not as simple as algorithm division.



Review these examples to help you.

<u>Ladder method</u> <u>Intermediate step</u>

Complete algorithm

Solve these problems using the complete algorithm.



CET II

ivide. The attraction of using an R.

3/2/1119

28)7937

С	TL. P1	rs.
R	4	100 7
ローない」	NO. OF PTS.	
	3	75
CO	2	50
O R	1	25
R		
E		
RECT		
T		
8		
0		_
X		

521) 9024

89) 6137

Circle the correct answer.

$$\frac{35}{3}$$
 is equal to 35×3 $35 \div 5$ $11\frac{2}{3}$

45 ÷ 9 is equal to 4
$$\frac{45}{9}$$
 45 × 9

$$24 \div 4 \text{ is equal to } \frac{4}{24} \qquad 8 \qquad \frac{24}{4}$$

C	TL. P	TS.
k	3	100%
O-ROLE	NO. OF PTS.	7,
E	2	67
С	1	33
COR		
R		
RECT		
Ĉ		
' }		
В		
B O X		_

Fige 16

P-D1v-4

Standard Teachdage Sequence, Sonte.

1967 - 68

Textbook is sourcest

Ber.	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harno t, Prace & World, 1966 Ele try Mathematics - 5	137, 218, 219	144, 149, 71°. 216, 221
Harren, Erace & World, 1966 Elin Z Mathematics - 6	126, 127	54, 123, 134 (5115) 26 & 28) 33 (51) 29)

ivision alterithm with two-or three-place divisors, version in the swith firm notation. Dividends to 10,000.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

: *, `		Supplementor, Material
1.	Explanation in g to the complete division algorithm.	
2.	Tample of the ention and solves problems.	
3.	step by step use of algorithm.	12
4.	Studies example of algorithm.	13, 14
5.	Answers questions about algorithm.	
6.	Answers more questions.	
7.	Divides with two-digit divisor.	
3.	Divides with two-digit divisor.	•
9.	Divides with three-digit divisor.	
10.	Divides with three-digit divisor.	
11.	CETI.	
	CET II.	15

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	NUMBER	CLASS

				
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iandard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 5

ed upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, roing Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph Jpeen, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kehut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jorome B. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

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EVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Divide this.

5) 25

Can you do this?

Circle all correct answers.

$$\frac{25}{5}$$
 is equal to:

$$25 \times 5$$
, $25 \div 5$, 3 , 5

In this booklet you will learn another way of writing a division problem.

You will be solving division problems written as fractions.

Answers



Read the explanation and fill in the blanks.

 $\frac{12}{3}$ is a fractional number. It means the same thing as $12 \div 3$.

 $\frac{12}{3}$ means 12 thirds. Here are 12 thirds.

$$\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{1}\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\,\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{$$

How many wholes are there?

 $\frac{12}{3}$ looks like this:



There are 12 units which are separated into groups of 3 units each.

Each unit is one-third or $\frac{1}{3}$ of a whole. How many wholes are there?

 $\frac{12}{3}$ means that 12 is divided by 3.

Divide the 12 eggs by 3 by drawing a ring around each group of 3.

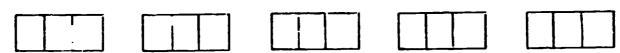
How many groups of 3 are there? 4

$$12 \div 3 = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

So you see that $12 \div 3$ is another name for $\frac{12}{3}$.

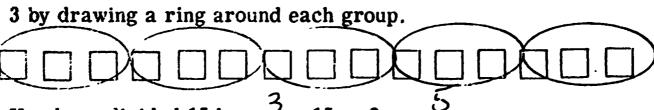
Fill in the blanks and answer the questions.

 $\frac{15}{3}$ is a fractional number. It means the same as $15 \div \frac{3}{3}$. Both $\frac{15}{3}$ and $15 \div 3$ mean $\frac{5}{3}$. Here is a picture of $\frac{15}{3}$



How many thirds are there? $\frac{i5}{5}$ How many wholes are there? $\frac{5}{5}$

Here is a picture of 15 units. Separate them into groups of



You have divided 15 by $\frac{3}{15}$. 15 ÷ 3 = $\frac{5}{15}$

Now solve the following.

Example.
$$\frac{15}{3} = 15 \div 3 = 5$$

$$\frac{12}{4} = 12 \div \frac{4}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{48}{12} = 48 \div 12 = 4$$

$$\frac{24}{3} = \frac{24}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$

$$\frac{24}{2} = \frac{24}{2} \div \frac{2}{2} = \frac{12}{2}$$

$$\frac{24}{6} = 24 \div 6 = 4$$

$$\frac{24}{4} = \frac{24}{4} \div \frac{4}{4} = \frac{6}{4}$$

Fill in the blanks and boxes.

$$8 \div 4 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$6 \div 5 = \frac{\boxed{5}}{5}$$

$$11 \div 3 = \frac{11}{\boxed{}}$$

$$\frac{12}{3} = \underline{\qquad} \div \underline{\qquad}$$

$$\frac{15}{5} = \underline{\qquad} \div \underline{\qquad}$$

For extra practice, do Page 12.

Circle the correct answers There may be two correct answers for some problems

$$\frac{25}{3}$$
 is equal to

$$\frac{27}{9}$$
 is equal to

$$\frac{8}{4}$$
 is equal to

$$\frac{15}{3}$$
 is equal to

$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \\
3 \div 15 \\
16 \div 3
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{20}{5}$$
 is equal to

$$\frac{18}{6}$$
 is equal to

$$\frac{25}{4}$$
 is equal to

Fill in the blanks.

 $\frac{8}{3}$ is a $\frac{f_{aa}f_{aa}f_{aa}}{f_{aa}f_{aa}}$ number.

$$6 \div 2 = 3 = \frac{6}{2}$$

$$\frac{8}{2} = \frac{\$}{\$} \div \frac{\$}{\$} = \frac{4}{\$}$$

$$3 \div 4 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\underline{4} = \underline{3\lambda} \div \underline{3} = \frac{32}{8}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = 7 \div 9$$

$$13 \div 17 = \frac{.3}{.17}$$

$$\frac{4}{2} \div \frac{5}{2} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$327 \div 2 = 327$$

$$24 \div 6 = \frac{24}{6} = \frac{24}{12}$$

$$32 \div 8 = \frac{32}{8} = \frac{1}{12}$$

For extra practice, see Page 13.

Draw a circle around all the answers which complete each statement.

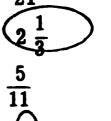
$\frac{12}{3}$ is	the	same	as:
-------------------	-----	------	-----

$$\begin{array}{c}
4 \\
12 \div 4 \\
3 \\
2 \div 3
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{15}{3}$$
 is the same as:

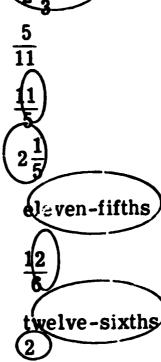
$$\frac{24}{12}$$
 is the same as:

$$\frac{7}{3}$$
 is the same as:



 $12 \div 6$ is the same as:

ERIC FRUIT ERIC



Read the explanation and fill in the circles.

One whole number can be represented by several fractional numbers.

$$4 = \frac{8}{2} = 8 \div 2$$

Since
$$\frac{8}{2} = 4$$
 and $\frac{24}{6} = 4$,

$$4 = \frac{24}{6} = 24 \div 6$$

then
$$\frac{8}{2} = \frac{24}{6}$$

Complete each sentence by writing >, <, or = in each circle.

$$\tilde{4} = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$\frac{6}{3}$$
 $\left(<\right)$ $\frac{6}{2}$

$$\frac{24}{8} \bigcirc \frac{24}{3}$$

$$\frac{12}{3} \bigcirc \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\frac{56}{8}$$
 $>$ $\frac{54}{9}$

$$\frac{63}{7} \left(= \right) \frac{27}{3}$$

$$\frac{36}{6} \left(- \right) \frac{6}{1}$$

$$\frac{72}{9} \left<\right) \frac{81}{9}$$

Complete each sentence by writing >, <, or = in each circle.



$$\frac{12}{6} \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right) \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\frac{32}{8} \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right) \frac{32}{4}$$

$$\frac{24}{6} \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right) \frac{24}{8}$$

$$\frac{64}{8}$$
 $\frac{63}{9}$

$$\frac{63}{9} \qquad \frac{21}{3}$$

$$\frac{36}{12}$$
 $\frac{3}{1}$

$$\frac{72}{9} \qquad \frac{90}{9}$$

$$\frac{12}{3} \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right) \frac{12}{6}$$

$$\frac{100}{10} \qquad \frac{50}{10}$$

Fill in the blanks.

$$6 \div 2 = \frac{?}{?}$$
 Therefore $\frac{6}{2} = \frac{?}{}$

$$16 \div 8 = \frac{?}{?}$$
 Therefore $\frac{16}{8} = \frac{?}{?}$

$$21 \div 3 = \frac{7}{3}$$
 Therefore $\frac{21}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$

Find each quotient and fill in the blanks.

$$\frac{10}{1} = 10$$

$$\frac{72}{8} = \frac{?}{?}$$

$$\frac{402}{1} = \frac{100}{100}$$

$$\frac{203}{1} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\frac{36}{12} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{21}{7} = \frac{6}{2}$$

$$\frac{28}{1} = \frac{28}{2}$$

$$\frac{48}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{63}{9} = \frac{7}{}$$

$$\frac{36}{4} = \overline{?}$$

Fill in the blanks.

$$10 \div 2 = 5 \quad \text{Therefore } \frac{10}{2} = 5$$

$$34 \div 17 = \bigcirc \qquad \text{Therefore } \frac{34}{17} = \bigcirc$$

$$14 \div 7 = 2 \quad \text{Therefore } \frac{14}{7} = 2$$

Find each quotient and fill in the blanks.

$$\frac{19}{1} = 1$$

$$\frac{72}{9} = 2$$

$$\frac{327}{1} = 327$$

$$\frac{209}{1} = 207$$

$$\frac{24}{12} = 2$$

$$\frac{21}{3} = 7$$

$$\frac{27}{1} = 27$$

$$\frac{48}{6} = 2$$

$$\frac{81}{9} = 9$$

$$\frac{36}{9} = \underline{\checkmark}$$

CET I

Circle all of the correct answers in each row.

$$\frac{32}{4}$$
 is equal to 8 $2\frac{1}{5}$ 32 × 4 32 ÷ 4

$$2\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{65}{2}$$
 is

 $\frac{65}{9}$ is equal to $6\frac{3}{9}$ $7\frac{2}{9}$ $65 \div 9$ 65×9

$$6\frac{3}{9}$$

C	TL. PTS.		
 	13	100%	
M-60-M	NO. OF PTS.	9,	
E	12	92	
С	11	85 77	
CORRECT	10	77	
	9	69	
F		62	
٦Ē	7	54	
T	6	46	
_	5	36	
0 X	4	31	
×	3	30 31 23 15	
	2	15	

$$\frac{-40}{8}$$
 is equal to 4 5 40 ÷ 8 84

 $\frac{16}{3}$ is equal to 16^3 $3 \div 16$ $16 \div 3$ $5\frac{1}{3}$

$$5\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 is equal to $6 \div 7$ $1\frac{1}{7}$ $6 \div 7$ 6^7

$$1\frac{1}{7}$$

$$\frac{48}{5}$$
 is equal to $9\frac{3}{5}$ $8\frac{1}{5}$ 5×49 $48 \div 5$

$$8\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{18}{6}$$
 is equal to 3 $\frac{1}{3}$ 6 ÷ 18 18 ÷ 6

Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

11) 48

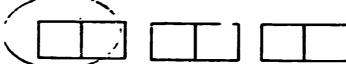
9) 52

ç	TL. PTS.	
À	3	100 :
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С	1	33
00 RR E OT		
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Read the explanation and fill in the blanks.

 $\frac{6}{2}$ is a fractional number. The fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ is called one-half.

 $\frac{6}{2}$ is called six-halves and looks like this.



Another way of writing $\frac{6}{2}$ is $6 \div 2$. Six units have been divided into 3 groups of 2.

Fill in the blanks or boxes.

$$\frac{7}{3} = \frac{7}{3} + \frac{3}{3}$$

$$\frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \div \frac{2}{2}$$

$$\frac{24}{3} = 24 \div 3$$

$$12 \div 6 = \boxed{ }$$

Read the explanation and fill in the boxes or blanks.

Another way of writing $6 \div 3$ is $\frac{6}{3}$.

 $\frac{6}{3}$ is a fractional number. $\frac{6}{3}$ means that $\frac{6}{3}$ is divided by $\frac{2}{3}$. $\frac{6}{3} = 6 \div 3 = 2$.

Another way to write $5 \div 3$ is $\frac{5}{3}$ means that $\frac{5}{3}$ is divided by $\frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{5}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$.

Fill in the blanks or boxes.

$$8 \div 4 = \boxed{2}$$

$$\frac{15}{3} = \frac{15}{3} \div \frac{3}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{12}{3} = \frac{12}{3} \div \frac{3}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$8 \div 3 = \frac{3}{3} = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3}$$

$$\frac{9}{3} = \frac{9}{4} \div \frac{3}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$

CET II

Circle all of the correct answers in each row.

 $\frac{25}{3}$ is equal to $8\frac{1}{3}$, $3\frac{1}{8}$, $25 \div 3$, 25×3

 $\frac{73}{9}$ is equal to $9\frac{1}{8}$, $8\frac{1}{9}$, 73×9 , $73 \div 9$

 $\frac{21}{7}$ is equal to

721, 2,

 $3, \qquad 21 \div 7$

23 15

NO. OF

92 85

 $\frac{13}{4}$ is equal to

13⁴, $4 \div 13$, $13 \div 4$ $3\frac{1}{4}$

 $\frac{8}{9}$ is equal to $8 \div 9$, $1\frac{1}{9}$, 8^9 , 8 + 9

 $\frac{27}{3}$ is equal to

9, $7\frac{1}{3}$, $27 \div 3$, 27×3

 $\frac{18}{9}$ is equal to $\frac{1}{2}$,

2, 9 ÷ 18, 18 ÷ 9

Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

6) 25

7)55

8) 45

TL. PTS. 100 : NO. OF PTS.

OBJECTIVE: Uses fractional notation as another way of writing a division problem and solves division problems written as fractions, e.g. $\frac{35}{5}$ = n.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Supplementary Page Material Explanation of what fractional number is. 1. Sees that $\frac{x}{y} = x + y$. 2. Fills in blanks to complete fractional sentences. 3. 6 + 4 = ___. 12 Circles answers in multiple-choice questions. 4. Fills in blanks to complete fractional sentences. **5.** 13 Circles answers in multiple-choice questions including the 6. quotient of y. Completes sentences by writing >, <, or = in the circle. 7. Completes sentences by writing >, <, or = in the circle. 8. Fills in blanks: 10 + 2 =__ therefore $\frac{10}{2} =$ __. 9. Fills in blanks: 10 + 2 =__ therefore $\frac{10}{2} =$ __. 10. 11. CET I.

Circle pages that a.. to be done.

CET II.

14

F-D1v-5

Standard Terming Sequence, Con t.

1967 - 68

Taxtbook Resources:

isook	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace & World, 1966 Elementary Mathematics - 5	130	
Harcourt, Brace & World, 1966 Elementary Mathematics - 6	159	



SCHOOL CODE	NAME	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	NUMBER	_ CLASS



MATCHEMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 6

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph I. Lipsen, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Do this problem.

What is your remainder?

How can you make the remainder part of the quotient, in fractional form?

In this booklet you will learn to express remainders in fractional form for division problems with remainders.

Can you do this?

Answers

10 R3	
3	
<u>3</u>	
2 9	$6\frac{2}{9}$



Complete these division problems.

2 sets of 3 and a remainder of 1.

$$\begin{array}{c}
\hline
XXX \\
\hline
XXXX \\
\hline
X
\end{array} = 3)7$$

4 sets of 3 and a remainder of 1.

2 sets of 5 and a remainder of 4

$$\begin{array}{c}
\hline
XXXXXX \\
XXXXXX
\end{array} = 5) 14 \\
\hline
XXXXX$$

Use fractions to express remainders.

11 contains 2 sets of 4, with 3 remaining.

The remainding 3 is $\frac{3}{4}$ of a set of 4.

We can write the quotient in 2 forms:

$$2 \% 3 \text{ or } 2 \%$$

2 R3 is called the remainder form.

$$2\frac{3}{4}$$
 is called the fractional form.

Solve:

First write the quotient in the remainder form.









14 is _____ sets of 3

and ______ (what fraction)

of a set of 3.

Write the quotient in the

fractional form:

Complete the division problems by filling in the blanks.

2 sets of 3 and $\frac{1}{3}$ of a set left over.

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{XXX} \\
\overline{XXX} \\
\overline{X}
\end{array} = 3 \overline{)7}$$

(2 sets of 3) + $(\frac{1}{3}$ of a set of 3) = $\frac{23}{3}$ sets of 3.

2 sets of 4 and $\frac{1}{4}$ of a set left over.

(2 sets of 4) + (____ of a set of 4) = ___ sets of 4.

3 sets of 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a set left over.

(sets of 2) + ($\frac{1}{2}$ of a set of 2) = $\frac{1}{2}$ sets of 2

Complete the division problems by filling in the blanks. Express remainders in fractional form.

Complete the division problems by filling in the blanks.

$$\frac{5 \, \text{R}}{5 \, \text{37}} = \frac{5}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = 6 \frac{1}{5}$$

$$5 \frac{5 \text{ R3}}{128} = 5 + \frac{3}{5} = 5\frac{3}{5}$$

$$7)36 = 5 + \frac{1}{7} = 5\frac{1}{7}$$

$$8 \frac{4 R3}{35} = \frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = 4\frac{3}{5}$$

$$9)40 = 4 + 4 = 44$$

(1 pt. each)

For extra practi.-, de Page 14.

Fill in the missing answers.

$$\frac{4 \text{ R1}}{10)41} = \frac{4}{7} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{4^{\frac{1}{10}}}{10}$$

$$11)15 = \frac{1}{11} + \frac{4}{11} = \frac{1}{11}$$

$$11) \frac{3}{36} = 2 + \frac{3}{1!} = 2\frac{3}{1!}$$

10) 49 =
$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{9}{10} = \frac{11\frac{9}{10}}{100}$$

$$12)53 = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{5}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

(1 pt. each)

Circle the correct answers. Reduce fractional remainders to lowest terms when possible.

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{1}{16}$$
 $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ $5\frac{1}{3}$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 12 \end{array}\right) \qquad \frac{1}{25} \qquad \frac{2}{25}$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{6}{39} \qquad \frac{11}{39} \quad \left(\frac{6}{11}\right)$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{3}{12}$$
 $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$ $1\frac{1}{4}$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for

$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 $\left(\frac{3}{7}\right)$ $\frac{1}{7}$

Solve these problems. Write the remainders in fractional form. Reduce to lowest terms.

$$\frac{33}{5} = 6\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{65}{9} = \frac{72}{7}$$

$$\frac{37}{12} = 3\frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{56}{10} = 5\frac{5}{10} \text{ or } 5\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{79}{12} = \cancel{6\frac{7}{12}}$$

$$\frac{45}{6} = 7\frac{3}{6}$$
 or $7\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{103}{9} = / \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{83}{8} = \frac{3}{10^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

For extra practice, do Page 15.

Solve the division problems. Write the remainders in fractional form. Reduce the fraction to lowest terms.

Example:

Work space

$$4\frac{3}{6} = 4\frac{1}{2}$$



$$79 \div 8$$

Work space

Work space

Do the division problems. Write the remainders in fractional form. Reduce the fractional form to lowest terms.

Example:

34 ÷ 4

Work space

$$6)\frac{4 R3}{27} = 4\frac{3}{6} = 4\frac{1}{2}$$

Work space

Work space

$$9\frac{2}{3}$$

Work space

Work space

Work space

Work space

Solve the division problems, write the remainders in fractional form. Reduce the fraction to lowest terms.

$$38 \div 4$$

Work space

$$\frac{9R2}{4/38}$$
 $\frac{9^{2}+9^{2}}{4}$

$$66 \div 9$$

Work space

$$\frac{7R3}{9/66}$$

$$7\frac{3}{9} = 7\frac{7}{3}$$

$$\frac{4R3}{9/39} + \frac{4}{9} = 4\frac{1}{3}$$

Work space '

$$10/76$$
 $7\frac{6}{10} - 7\frac{3}{5}$

$$\frac{6RZ}{8/50}$$
 $6\frac{2}{8}:6\frac{1}{4}$

For extra practice, do Page 16.

ERIC

Solve the division problems; write the remainders in fractional form. Reduce the fractional remainders to lowest terms.

38 ÷ 4

$$\frac{922}{4/38}$$
 $9^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $9^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$56 \div 6$$

$$6/56$$

$$9\frac{2}{6}$$

$$9\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 66 \div 9 \\
 723 \\
 766 \\
 7\frac{3}{9} \\
 7\frac{1}{3}
 \end{array}$$

50 ÷ 8
$$8/50$$

$$6\frac{2}{8}$$

$$6\frac{2}{8}$$

$$6\frac{4}{4}$$
39 ÷ 12
$$3R3$$

$$12/39$$

$$39 \div 9$$
 423
 9139
 $4\frac{3}{9}$
 $4\frac{3}{3}$

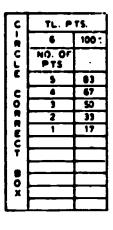
For extra practice, do Page 17, 18.

	7	T	7
L	r,	ı	

Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

12) 145

3) 38



9) 29

4) 53

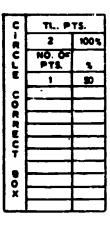
8) 475

6)737

Divide.

6).036

12) 144.24



Fill in the blanks.

$$7) \overline{45} = \underline{\cancel{5}} + \underline{\cancel{5}} = \underline{\cancel{5}}$$

$$7 \text{ can divide into 45 6 times}$$

$$\frac{\times 6}{42}$$
with 3 left over. (R3)
$$\frac{+3}{45}$$

To form a fraction remainder, place the remainder, 3, over the divisor, 7, and that is your fraction remainder $(\frac{3}{7})$.

Therefore your answer is $(\frac{3}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}$.

$$8\overline{\smash)57} = 7 + \frac{1}{8} = 7\frac{1}{5}$$

$$9)74 = 8 + \frac{2}{9} = 8^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

(1 pt. euch)

Complete the division problems. Express the remainders in fractional form.

$$5)25$$

$$4\frac{10}{140} = 10$$

$$\frac{5 \, \Re!}{5 \,) \, 26} = 5 \, \%$$

$$\frac{1021}{4)41} = 10\frac{7}{4}$$

$$\frac{5.22}{5)27} = 5\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{1022}{4)42} = 10\frac{2}{7} = 10\frac{2}{2}$$

$$\frac{5R3}{5)28} = 5\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{10 R^3}{4)43} = 10 \frac{3}{7}$$

$$5\overline{)29}^{4} = 5\frac{4}{5}$$

$$4\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{44} = 1$$

$$\frac{6}{5 \cdot 30} = 1$$

$$4\frac{1/R!}{45} = 1/\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{311R1}{3)934} = 311\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{311R2}{3)935} = 311\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{317}{936}$

$$\frac{311R2}{3)935} = 311\frac{2}{3}$$

$$3\frac{3/2}{936}$$

Study the three sets of problems above.

Write the remainders in the order that they appear for the set where the divisor is 4: $0, 1, 2, \frac{2}{2}, 0, 1$

What do you notice about this series of remainders? (or It goes from O to 3 and back to zero none) for since our mg)

What do you suppose the next remainder would be, that is the remainder for 4) 46? 2, and the remainder for 4) 47? 2, and for 4) 48? 2.

When a series of numbers repeats itself like remainders, we call them a cycle.

When you divide a sequence of dividends by the same divisor you obtain a c of remainders.

Circle the correct answers. Reduce fractional remainders to lowest terms when possible.

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for 20 ÷ 6?

$$\frac{2}{20}$$
 $\frac{2}{6}$ $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$

The correct answer is $\frac{1}{3}$ because 20 divided by 6 is 3 $\frac{6}{\times 3}$ + 2 left over.

The 2 is placed over the 6 (the divisor) to form the fractional remainder $\frac{2}{6}$. But $\frac{2}{6}$ can be reduced to lowest terms. $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$. Therefore, our whole answer is $3\frac{1}{3}$ and our fractional remainder is $\frac{1}{3}$.

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for $38 \div 12$?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{2}{38} & \overbrace{6} & \frac{2}{12} \end{array}$$

Which of the following is a correct fractional remainder for 90 ÷ 11?

$$\frac{2}{90} \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \hline 2 \\ \hline 11 \end{array}\right) \quad \frac{11}{90}$$



Solve these division problems. Write the remainders in fractional form.

$$\frac{34}{6} = \frac{5\%}{5\%} = \frac{5\%}{5\%}$$

 $\frac{34}{6}$ is the same as $6\overline{\smash)34}$. 6 divides into 34 5 times $\frac{6}{30}$ with a remainder of 4. 4 over the divisor gives you a fractional remainder of $\frac{4}{6}$. But $\frac{4}{6}$ can be reduced to lowest terms. $\frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$. Therefore, our answer is $5\frac{2}{3}$.

$$\frac{38}{12} = \frac{3\frac{2}{2} - 3\frac{1}{2}}{3\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{40}{9} = \frac{4}{7}$$

$$\frac{56}{11} = \underline{5}$$

$$\frac{78}{12} = \frac{6}{12} : 6\frac{1}{2}$$

Solve these problems. Write the remainder in fractional form, and reduce it to lowest terms where necessary.

$$\frac{19}{3}$$

$$3/\overline{19}$$

$$6\frac{4}{3}$$

CET	11
CLI	

Divide. Write the remainder as a fraction.

6 7 389

4)71

Ç	TL. PTS.	
k	•	100%
Mr.03-0	NO. OF	%
•	\$	
C	4	67
-	3	8
-	2	33
Ē	1	17
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0		
×		

12) 131

9)47

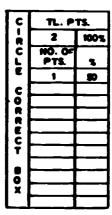
7) 538

8) 923

Divide.

7).042

24) 313.44



OBJECTIVE: Expresses remainder in fractional form for divisors to 12, and reduces fraction to lowest terms.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Supplementary Page Material 1. Reviews division with remainders. Complete statements about writing fractional remainders. 2. Completes division problems, writing fractional remainders. 3. Completes division problems, writing fractional remainders. 4. Completes division problems, writing fractional remainders. **5.** 14 Completes division problems, writing fractional remainders. 6. Chooses correct fractional remainder for problems given. 7. Divides given fraction and writes remainders as fractions. 8. 15 Divides. Writes answers as fractions, reduces. 9. Divides. Writes answers as fractions, reduces. 10. Divides. Writes answers as fractions, reduces. 11. 16 Divides. Writes answers as fractions, reduces. 12. 17, 18 13. CET L CET IL.

Circle pages that ϵ ^ to be done.



SCHOOL CODE	NAME		····
	NUMBER	CLASS	



MATTIEMATICE

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 7

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph 1. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas.

Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome D. Kaplan, Ed.D., Teachers College, Columbia University

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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Can you divide 21.637 by 7?

7) 21.637

You will learn how in this booklet.

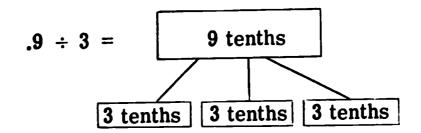
Answer

3.091

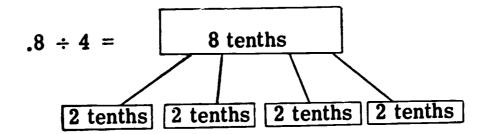


It is sometimes necessary to divide a decimal number by a whole number.

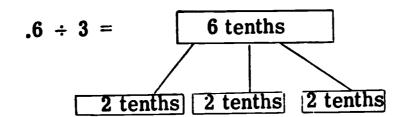
Observe how it is done.



.9 ÷ 3 means how many tenths in each group? 3 + extra s



.8 ÷ 4 means how many tenths in each group?



.6 ÷ 3 means how many tenths in each group?



Fill in the blanks below and write the correct quotient in the division algorithm.

Problem

Algorithm

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 can be divided into 3 groups of $\frac{3}{10}$ each.

$$\frac{12}{10}$$
 can be dived into 3 groups of $\frac{\cancel{4}}{\cancel{0}}$ each.

$$\frac{24}{100}$$
 can be divided into 3 groups of $\frac{8}{100}$ each.

.30 can be divided into 5 groups of
$$\frac{6}{100}$$
 each.

Study these examples.

$$\frac{.3}{9.9}$$

$$\frac{.4}{2).8}$$

Circle the correct answer.

The decimal point in the quotient is placed directly



below

next to

the decimal point in the dividend.

In the quotient place the decimal point directly above the decimal point in the dividend.

Insert the decimal point in the proper place.

$$\frac{2}{4).8}$$
 $5)2.5$ $1).7$ $2).8$

$$\frac{.7}{1).7}$$

$$\frac{.4}{2).8}$$

Divide in the thousandths' place.

5).635 Bring up the decimal point to the quotient's place.

Divide as you would with whole numbers.

There are 5 groups of _____in .635.

To check your answer multiply the quotient by the divisor. Check the answers of the three problems you have just done.

Problem 1	Problem 2	Problem 3
.6	.16	.127
× 4	×3 . √8	<u>×5</u>

In the quotient place the <u>decimal</u> point directly <u>above</u> the decimal point in the dividend. Then divide as you would with whole numbers.

Dividing in the tenth's place.

Bring up the decimal point to the quotient's place.

Divide as you would with whole numbers.

There are 4 groups of <u>.6</u> each in 2.4.

Dividing in the hundredth's place.

Bring up the decimal point to the quotient's place.

Divide as you would with whole numbers.

There are 3 groups of $\frac{16}{16}$ each in .48.

Circle the correct answer for each example below.

7) 18.27

.261

2.61

26.1

3).09

3

0.3

.03

8)6.4

.08

8.

8

9) 42.84

476

47.6

4.76

5) 32.5

6.5

.65

65

4).712

(178)

17.8

1.78

6) 3.246

5.41

.541

54.1

Find the quotients and check your answers.

Dividing with a two-digit divisor is done in the same manner as those with one-digit divisors.

Place the decimal point in the quotient directly above the decimal point in the dividend. Then divide as you would with whole numbers.

Solve these problems and check your answers.

24).48 Check
.02
.02
.03
.03
.03
.03
.03

Check
14).448

42).378 Check

23) .966

In dividing with a mixed decimal, you again put the decimal point directly above the one in the dividend and then divide as you would with whole numbers.

Place the decimal point in the correct place.

8) 34.4

28) 9.52

6) 2.622

After the decimal point is placed correctly in the quotient, you can then proceed to divide.

8) 34.4

28) 9.52

6) 2.622

--- -- --

For extra practice do Pages 14 and 15.

Circle the correct answer for each example below.

28) 68.32

2.44

24.4

244

11) 273.9

.249

24.9

2.49

8) 2.888

3.61

36.1

.361

46) 37.72

82

8.2

.82

4) 3.168

.792

7.92

79.2

33) 871.2

264

26.4

2.64

5) 1.980

39.6

3 96

.396

Divide and check each problem.

Divide and check each problem.

For extra practice, do Page 16.

CET I

Divide.

48) 57.6

58) 116.58

ç	TL P	rs
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O - R O L E	NO OF PTS	
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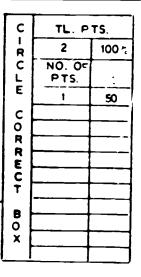
29) 82.07

9) 43.425

Solve the problems. Label your answers.

Kevin wanted to put the same number of toys in each of his 5 boxes. He had 6 tops, 15 blocks, 3 toy cars, and 12 balls. How many toys did he put in each box and how many were left over?

Joe, Lou, and Irwin joined together in a bottle cap club. Joe had 12 bottle caps, Lou had 13 bott's caps, and Irwin had 10 bottle caps. They decided that each member should have the same number of bottle caps. If they divided the number up equally, how many would each have and how many would be left over?





The decimal point from the dividend is placed in the quotient <u>directly</u> <u>above</u> its original position.

In each quotient below place the decimal point correctly.

$$7\overline{)6.3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ \hline 3 \overline{) 1.26} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ 2 \overline{).234} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{341}{42)143.22}$$

$$\frac{72}{26)187.2}$$

$$\frac{3\ 18}{35\)\ 111.30}$$

Dividing decimal numbers by whole numbers is similar to dividing whole numbers. Study the examples.

Dividing ones

Dividing tenths

Dividing hundredths

8) 58.48

7<u>③</u> 8) 58.48

8) 58.48

Find the quotients.

Divide and check each problem. 7) 8.785 9) 67.959 8) 268.24 16) 102.56 25) 235.75 43) 2696.1 62) 5111.28 59) 729.83 71) 385.53



CET II

Divide.

8) 39.544

7) 129.64

c.	TL. PTS.	
q	4	100-
ローないしゅ	NO OF PTS	
_ [3	75
_c [2	50 25
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Ä		
CORRECT		
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8		
S.		
^ }		

36) 147.60

65) 248.95

Solve the problems. Label your answers.

Betty Jane wanted to put the same number of dolls on each of six shelves. She had 10 French dolls, 13 English dolls, 1 Eskimo doll, and 13 Dutch dolls. How many dolls would be on each shelf and how many would be left over?

С	TL. PTS.	
R	2	100~
ローRしし田	NO. OF	•
E	1	50
С		
CORRECT		
R		
E		
c		
7		
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X	-	
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Mary gave a party. She invited 7 friends. There were 8 chocolate cupcakes and 4 vanilla cupcakes. How many cupcakes did each person get? How many were left over?



OBJECTIVE: Divides a decimal number to thousandths by a single digit number. Divides a decimal number to hundredths by a one- or two-digit whole number.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page		Supplementary Material
1.	Finds quotient for schematized division.	
2.	Divides fraction into number of groups of a certain number.	
3.	Inserts decimal point in proper place.	
4.	Dividing in tenths' and hundredths' place.	
5.	Divides in thousandths' place and checks answers.	
6.	Circles correct multiple choice answer.	
7.	Finds quotients and checks answers.	
8.	Divides with two-digit divisor.	
9.	Divides mixed decimal dividend.	14, 15
10.	Circles correct multiple-choice answer.	
11.	Divides and checks answers.	
12.	Divides and checks answers.	16
13.	CET I.	
	CET II.	17

Circle pages that a ? to be done.



F-Div-7

Standard Teaching Sequence, Con't.

1967 - 68

Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace & World, 1966 Elementary Mathematics - 6	246, 247	336 (set 33)



SCHOOL CODE	NAME	<u> </u>
	NUMBER	CLASS



MATHEMATICS

Standard Teaching Sequence Booklet

TEACHER'S EDITION

LEVEL F

DIVISION (06)

SKILL 8

Based upon materials developed by The Mathematics Curriculum Staff, Learning Research and Development Center, University of Pittsburgh; Joseph L. Lipson, Ph.D., Director; Edith Kohut; Barbara Thomas. Written by the staff of Appleton-Century-Crofts under the direction of Jerome B. Kaplan, Ed.B., Teachers College, Columbia University

Appleton-Century-Crofts



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DEVELOPMENTAL EDITION



TO THE STUDENT

Solve this problem.

Mike has 36 baseball cards and 42 football cards. He decides to give them all to his 3 friends. If Mike divides them evenly among his 3 friends, how many will each friend get?

78

Answer

26



Fill in the missing numerals.

Farmer Brown's chickens laid 156 eggs.

How many dozens of eggs did the chickens produce?

How many eggs are in a dozen? /2

What mathematical process do we use to find how many dozens there are? division

If you answered "division" you are correct. What is the divisor?

What is the dividend? 156

Do the division.

Read carefully and answer the questions. Put your answers in the blanks.

Work space

Mr. Clark drove 1080 miles to Chicago at an average speed of 60 m.p.h. How many hours did it take him to get there.

18 hours

13 hours

Olivia's rich uncle died and left his fortune to be divided

evenly among Olivia and her two brothers. The fortune $\frac{70,389}{20,778}$ was \$20,678, but $\frac{1}{2}$ of it was spent on taxes, lawyer's

feet, and other estate debts. How much did Olivia finally get?

Solve these two-step problems. Put your answers in the blanks.

In his marble collection, Alex had 71 marbles. When his brother went to college he left Alex a collection of 35 marbles. Alex wants to divide his total marble collection evenly into 2 boxes. How many will be in each box?

Work space

7/
35
106

2/106

In Moro Lake there are 233 happy worms and 127 sad ones.

The 72 fish who live in the lake have made a bargain that each fish will eat the same number of worms. How many should each fish eat?

$$233$$
 127
 360
 5
 $72\sqrt{360}$

Mrs. Duke bought 12 antique dinner plates. The next week she bought 14 more. Her total bill for dinner plates was \$130.00. If each plate cost the same amount, how much did each one cost?

12

Some problems cannot be divided evenly. One way to write a remainder is as a whole number

Work space

There are 32 boys who want to be on baseball teams. If there are 9 boys on each team, how many teams will be $\frac{3 \text{ R. } 5}{9 \text{ })32}$ formed? How many boys will be left? $\frac{27}{5}$

5 boys left

Another way to write a remainder is in the fractional form.

If Paul divides 32 feet of wood into 9 equal pieces, how $\frac{3}{9}$ long will each piece be? $\frac{27}{5}$

Each piece will be $3\frac{5}{9}$ feet long. The remainder is part of the quotient.

Solve these two-step problems.

The Acme Rent-A-Car Company has just bought 347
Fords and 285 Ramblers. If the company owns 30
local renting garages, and wishes to have an equal
number of cars in each garage, how many cars will
there be for each garage? How many cars will be
left over for an emergency?

$$\frac{347}{285}$$
 632
 $\frac{21}{50}$
 $\frac{82}{60}$

Work space

21 cars in each garage.

2 left over for emergencies.

The Petrillo Construction Company has 253 pounds of Grade A sand and 391 pounds of Grade B sand which they are going to mix and divide evenly among their 5 trucks. How many pounds of sand will be on each truck?

128 1/2 pounds on each truck

For extra practice, do Page 8.

Solve these two-step problems.

Work space

Mr. Hermann buys 949.9 pounds of ostrich food each week. Each day he feeds $\frac{1}{7}$ of this food to each of his 59 ostriches. How many pounds of food does each ostrich eat per day? Express the remainder in decimal form.

23 pounds

A scientist bought 27 8-oz. packages of a certain chemical and fed an equal amount of it to his 9 rats. How many pounds did each rat get? Express the remainder in decimal form.

(Remember that 1 lb. = 16 oz.)

For extra practice, do Page 9.



CET I

Solve each word problem. Label your answer.

С	TL. PTS.								
R	2	100%							
ホドゥルー の	NO. OF PTS.	%							
E	1	50							
С									
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Larry has a paper route in his neighborhood. One week Larry made \$5.32 selling papers. He made \$4.96 the next week and \$5.47 in the third week. What was Larry's average for each week?

Marie made flower baskets for her friends one day in the summer. She picked 18 petunias, 15 roses and 16 daisies. She made baskets for her 5 friends and put the same number of flowers in each basket. How many flowers did she put in each basket, and how many flowers did she have left over?

Solve these two-step problems

Work space

At the baseball game, the cheering section was composed of 23 sixth graders, 21 fifth graders, and 22 fourth graders.

They wanted to have the same number of cheerers on each of the 7 benches. How many sat on each bench? Were there any left over?

$$3$$
 left over

Paula buys 3 licorice whips which are each 18 inches long. If she divides them evenly among 4 friends and herself, how many inches of licorice will each of them get. Express the remainder in fractional form.

$$\frac{18}{3}$$
 $\frac{3}{54}$
 $5 = \frac{10}{5} \frac{4}{5}$

10 1/5 inches each

Solve these two-step problems.

Work space

Helen won \$122,431.68 in the Irish Sweepstakes. She promised to divide $\frac{1}{4}$ of the money evenly among her 24 class
mates. How much will each lucky classmate get?

\$\frac{1}{30.607.92}\$

122,431.68

\$ 1, 2.75 33 per classmate

Batman uncovered a group of 11 smugglers who had smuggled $\frac{12,500}{29}$ 29 diamonds into the country. They intended to sell the diamonds for \$12,500 apiece and divide the money equally $\frac{25000}{362,500}$ 30,2500 among themselves. How much would each smuggler have made if Batman had not caught them? (Carry the decimal 2) 22 places.) $\frac{33}{32}$ 2 places.) $\frac{33}{32}$ $\frac{33}{60}$ $\frac{33}{32}$ $\frac{33}{60}$ $\frac{33}{32}$ $\frac{33}{60}$ $\frac{$

50

CET II

Solve each word problem. Label your answer.

TL. PTS.								
2	100%							
NO. OF PTS.	8							
1_	90							
	NO. OF							

When the big circus came to town, they painted eight of their elephants blue, six of them red and seven of them yellow.

There were 4 doors from the circus ring. If the same number of elephants left from each door, how many elephants left from each door and how many were left in the ring?

Terry and her mother traveled 55 miles by car the first hour of their trip. They traveled 62 miles the second hour and 47 miles the third hour. How many miles per hour did they average in the three hours?

OBJECTIVE: Solves two-step word problems with division skills to this point.

Chooses manner of writing remainder according to the nature of the problem.

STANDARD TEACHING SEQUENCE

Page

1. Answers questions about a division problem; solves problem.

2. Solves one and two-step division problems; no remainders.

3. Solves two-step division problems; no remainders.

4. Completes examples of two-step division problems with whole number and fractional remainders.

5. Solves two-step division problems with whole number and fractional remainders.

8

6. Solves two-step division problems with decimal remainders.

9

7. CET I.

10

Circle pages that are to be done.

CET II.



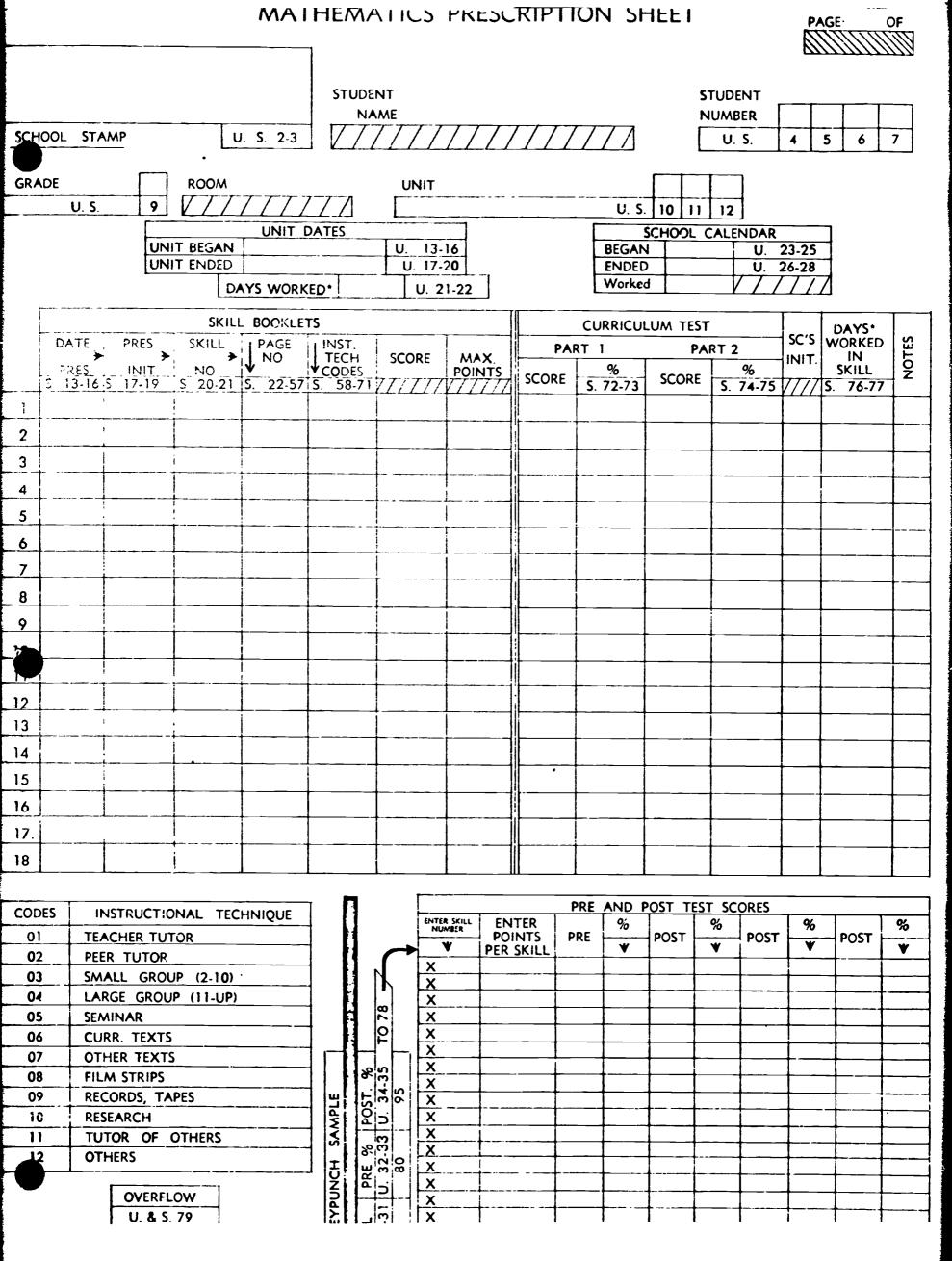
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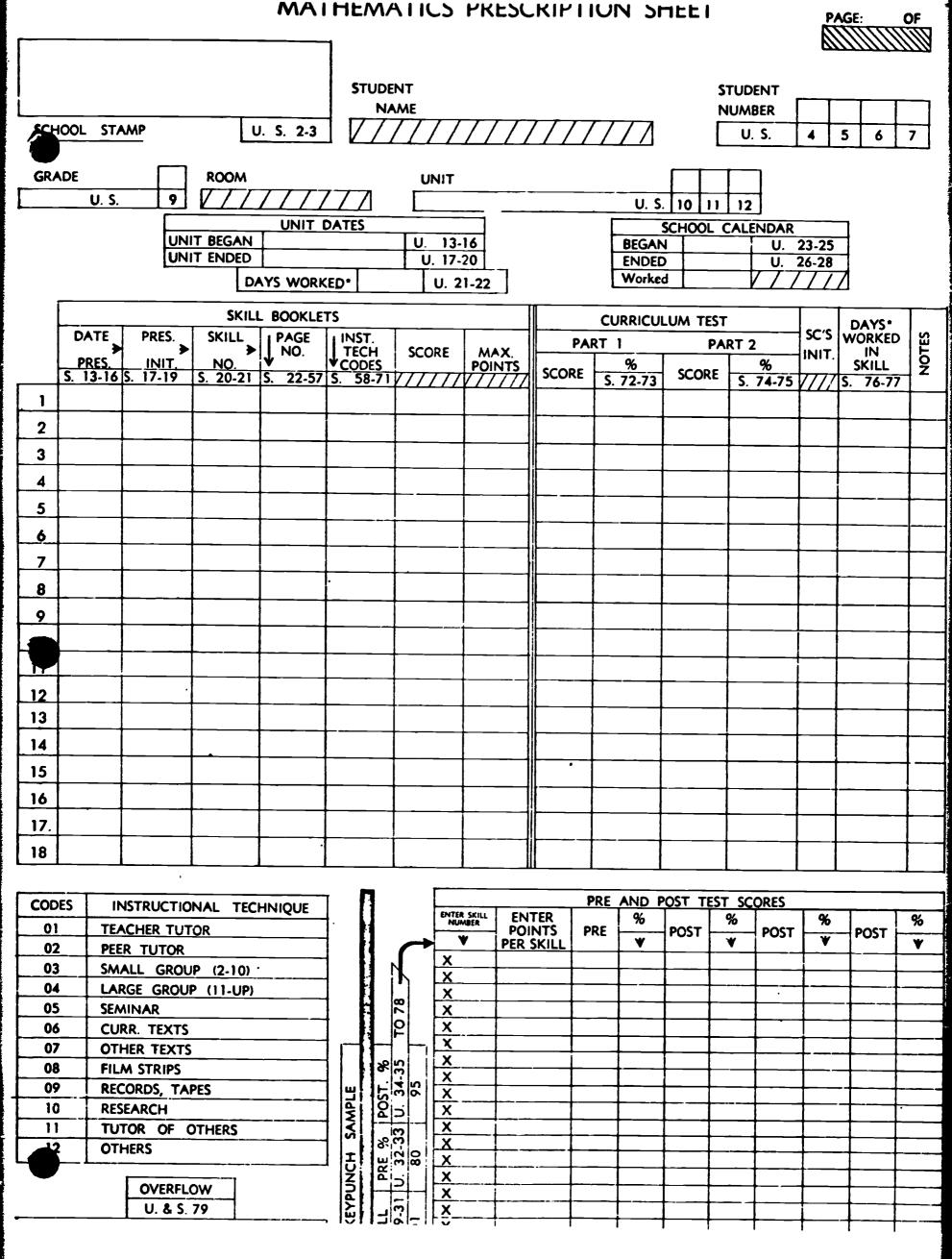
Textbook Resources:

Book	Teaching Pages	Practice Pages
Harcourt, Brace & World, 1966 Elementary Mathematics - 5	213	145











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